THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION — BOSTON, MASS., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1912—VOL. V., NO. 13 — PRICE TWO CENTS

NATIONAL STRIKE IN ENGLAND IN BALANCE; 10,000 MEN NOW OUT

Promised Action by Northeastern Railway Company Against Employees Said to Have Serious Import

SYSTEMS INVOLVED

Syndicalism and Trade Unionism Again Face to Face and Question of Public Sympathy Is Important

[Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau]

LONDON—At the present moment the question whether the strike on the Northeastern railway will develop into a national strike or not is in the balance. The men who have come out have broken all their agreements as to notice, and the company is about to proceed against them by summonses for this. As it is calculated that there are 10,000 men now on strike, this, if carried out literally, would be a serious undertaking. The railways claim, however, that it is useless to make agreements if men are to break them whenever it suits them, but are to object to the companies for breaking them in any way.

The fact is that what is operating is syndicalism as opposed to trade unionism.

The syndicalist plan is to strike when possible, regardless of victory, for the sake of developing in the workers a feeling of confidence and, as it is termed, backbone. The present conditions of labor are regarded as so bad that it is the duty of the workers to take every opportunity to break down the present organization, regardless of anything but the exigencies of the moment. The war the syndicalist wages is rather a guerrilla war undertaken without reference to rules.

The trades union principle is to adhere to agreements and to proceed by the allied action of the parliamentary party and of the trades unions.

There is considerable disagreement as to whether the nominal reason for the present strike is justifiable or not. On one hand the justice of the conviction of the driver who was reduced is repudiated. On the other hand it is maintained that the company had no option but to accept the finding of the justices. In any case it was only the proverbial match thrown into gunpowder. There has been so much unrest on this particular system for months past that the explosion was inevitable sooner or later, unless better feeling could be arrived at.

A much more serious aspect is the question as to whether the breaking of agreements will estrange public sympathy from the men. The trade unionist believes that public sympathy is necessary to a successful strike. The syndicalist maintains that the only way to create an impression on the public is by inconveniencing the public and that public sympathy always evaporates in words and never gets to the length of any substantial support of men. There the question rests at the moment and as to whether counsels of the one or the other will prevail remains to be seen.

If one side points to the failure of the last railway strike as proof of the suffering entailed for no adequate compensation, the other side declares that this suffering is part of the generating force by which alone men can be driven to exert their power.

FOUR WARSHIPS COMING TO PORT

In order that officers and men may have leave ashore during the holidays, four United States battleships will arrive at the Charlestown navy yard this week. The ships are the Rhode Island, Georgia, Virginia and Illinois. They are now engaged in fleet evolutions. They will arrive in Boston Saturday or Sunday and remain until Jan. 5 at least, and probably longer.

HOOF-HOLD SECURED BY NEW GROOVED PAVING



New stringers being laid to increase strength of bridge because of heavy traffic



Crew of men who lay blocks on asphalt and sand between tracks to overcome vibration

Sectional wood pavement is being laid on an up-grade as an experimental part of the general improvement and strengthening of the Harvard bridge over the Charles river on Massachusetts avenue. The work will cost about $80,000. Boston and Cambridge will contribute about $34,000 each and the Boston Elevated about $12,000.

Repair work has been going on for three months and may not be finished until next spring because of the delay of the Cambridge city council in appropriating its share in the expense. Traffic is now closed on alternate sides of each half of the bridge.

The new paving, which is known as a slip-knot pavement, is constructed so that horses get a much better foothold because of the grooves set when the wood is put together. The wood paving is of rock elm and maple, coated with sarco, a form of asphalt, and bolted together in sections 6 feet long and 2 feet wide.

Alternate rows of elm strips and maple blocks are used, the elm strips being narrower and lower than the maple blocks, thus forming the grooves. These sections are nailed to the bridge.

About 1000 yards in all is being laid. This is the first time such a pavement has been used on a bridge in this section of the country, although there are a few in Chicago.

Where the new system of paving is not being used, the usual wood blocks are being laid on a hot mastic of asphalt and sand, which gives elasticity enough to overcome the vibration caused by the constant stream of traffic.

In the general repair work on the bridge, because of the increase in traffic, the carrying power had to be strengthened by the addition of two extra lines of stringers throughout. Replanking is also being done over these stringers.

The Boston and Cambridge bridge commissions have charge of the work. The contractors are the F. S. & A. D. Gore Corporation.

GRAND JURY TAKES UP BOOK FRAUD

Investigation of the de luxe book fraud will be taken up Wednesday by the grand jury. United States Postoffice Inspectors Swain and Barber will return from New York today to put what evidence they have gathered in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Daniel D. McIsaac, with whom they have been collaborating.

GOVERNOR CONFERS ON MESSAGE FACTS

Governor Foss conferred today with the members of the industrial accident board and J. Lewis Ellsworth, secretary of the state board of agriculture, to receive recommendations to be embodied in his inaugural or in special messages.

The Governor will hold similar conferences from time to time and will receive in writing recommendations and proposals from other boards. Already a considerable mass of material has been submitted to him and an extra clerk is filing this work.

SPEAKER TO DISCUSS NEW COPLEY AVENUE

The Boston Real Estate Exchange and auction board, through their general committee, have sent out notices of a special meeting to hear an address by Laurence Minot on the new Copley avenue, as planned to extend from Franklin street to Copley square, in relief of traffic. This address will be preceded by a luncheon at 1 o'clock in the exchange club rooms on Wednesday, Dec. 11.

NO SECRET ACCOUNTS SAYS MONEY WITNESS

WASHINGTON—Walter E. Frew, secretary of the Corn Exchange Bank of New York and chairman of the clearing house committee of New York Clearing House Association, was the first witness called today in the hearing of the Pujo money trust committee.

Mr. Frew testified the capital of the Corn Exchange Bank was $3,000,000 and its undivided profits were $8,600,000. He answered in the negative when asked if private secret accounts were kept in his bank.

The Corn Exchange Bank, a state institution, was enlarged in 1899 by merging of the Hudson River Bank and Astor Place Bank, he said, adding that in 1904, the bank's capital was increased from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000. Mr. Frew said the bank's shares then brought $35.

"All the money realized was credited to the surplus, wasn't it?" asked Attorney Untermyer.

"Certainly," Mr. Frew answered.

"The clearing house in considering eligibility for membership does not consider the surplus a bank may have, only its capital," the witness said later, under repeated questioning, saying that both the surplus and the capital should be considered.

"Is a bank allowed to go in business if its capital is impaired?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"I suppose not."

"You know it's not," said Mr. Untermyer.

The attorney and Mr. Frew parried and argued over the question for a long time. Finally, Mr. Frew declared: "I think a bank with a surplus and capital both would make a better member for a clearing house."

PROGRESSIVE LEADERSHIP MR. ROOSEVELT EXPECTS TO DEVELOP IN TIME

CHICAGO—In his closing words today, Colonel Roosevelt combined prediction and warning in these words: "In the matter of leadership, both local and national, we may trust the events of the next year or two to develop our ablest and most resourceful man; and for every position the leader must be chosen, not in the least with reference to his own desires, but solely with regard to the needs of the people, for the Progressive party is the servant of the people. No man should come into this party with the idea that he can establish a claim on it; he must be content with the opportunity it offers for service and for sacrifice."

ALL PROGRESSIVES SHOULD BE IN PARTY SAYS MR. ROOSEVELT

Hope of Country Lies in New Organization He Tells Enthusiastic Gathering at the Conference

SEN. DIXON SPEAKS

Legislators Advised They Should Proceed to Carry Out Progressive Promises Without Yielding a Point

CHICAGO — Col. Theodore Roosevelt received another demonstration today of the warmth of his support in the Progressive party when the hundreds of delegates gathered from all parts of the country for a conference welcomed him in a manner almost duplicating the showing of support of a candidate in a national party convention.

His speech, the notable event of the convention, was a reassertion of the permanency of the Progressive party and a declaration even more positive than any he has before made of the uncompromising independence that should guide its members.

When the doors of the hall on the nineteenth floor of the La Salle hotel were opened this morning the delegates quickly took their seats and the hall was filled with the exception of a few seats reserved for the state chairman and the national committeemen. Demonstrations were given all the prominent men as they entered the hall.

When Miss Jane Addams entered there was a burst of applause. All of the delegates stood. Oscar Straus had reached the center of the hall before he was discovered. James R. Garfield received a demonstration. Senator Dixon entered only a few steps before Colonel Roosevelt, and cheers for the national chairman were quickly drowned by "Moo" calls and cheers for Colonel Roosevelt.

When Miss Jane Addams was escorted

(Continued on page five, column two)

HOUSE COMMITTEE HEARS PROTEST FROM NEW ENGLAND ON ROAD DEAL

WASHINGTON — Congressional inquiry into the Grand Trunk-New Haven traffic agreement now being investigated by a New York grand jury, was demanded of the House committee on rules today by witnesses from all the New England states.

In support of Representative O'Shaunessy's resolution to have appointed a committee of seven to investigate for Congress, witnesses told of the alleged agreement between President Mellen of the New Haven and President Chamberlin of the Grand Trunk through which they charged work on the Grand Trunk's New England branch was stopped overnight, irreparable damage done and freight rates left in control of the New Haven road.

Among today's witnesses were the mayors of Providence, Woonsocket and Pawtucket, R. I.; Lynn H. Bliss, representing Governor Baldwin of Connecticut, and Vice-President Buckland of the New Haven road. The latter appeared in the interests of his corporation. Others were Frederick J. Macleod, chairman of the Massachusetts railroad commission; George Flynn of Boston city law department; Robert Davidson and Attorney Haggerty of Worcester; G. H. Holes, Providence Board of Trade; Nathan Briggs of the Rhode Island Business Men's Association; F. H. Wilson of the Bridgewater Board of Trade; City Solicitor Baker of Providence; City Solicitor Blodgett of Pawtucket; William C. Bliss, chairman of public utilities commission of Rhode Island; Col. Robert Rodman of the public utilities commission of Rhode Island; Norman H. White, chairman of the economy and efficiency commission of Massachusetts; City Attorney Carpenter of Providence; Judge F. E. Fitzsimmons of Lincoln, R. I.; Chairman Boyer of the board of selectmen of Southbridge, Mass.; Congressmen Murray, Curley, Green, Roberts, Wilder and Gillett of Massachusetts; Gould and McGillicudy of Maine, Riley and O'Shaunnessy of Rhode Island, and Hill of Connecticut. Representative O'Shaunnessy first gave the reasons which prompted the presentation of his resolution calling for an investigation of the New Haven. He then read a large number of telegrams received from New England.

Commending his resolution, he also read an affidavit from the Lonsdale Cotton Company of Providence protesting against the present rates and operation of the New Haven freight service. William C. Bliss, chairman of the public utilities commission of Rhode Island, described the Southern New England Railroad Company, the construction work started by the road and the subsequent abandonment of the project. He said reasons given for this by the officials of the New Haven and the Grand Trunk were unsatisfactory and told of the admissions made by them later which indicated the existence of a traffic agreement between the two roads because the Southern New England construction was the only work abandoned by the Grand Trunk. He declared that the reason for

(Continued on page five, column two)

CITY COUNCIL TO BE ASKED FOR MONEY FOR RECREATION PLANT

Boston is to have the first schoolboy stadium in America. Plans for such a structure have just been announced by Mayor Fitzgerald and the city council will be asked for an immediate appropriation of $40,000 that the work may begin. It is planned that the proposed stadium shall be ready next fall.

The stadium will be used by the schoolboys of Greater Boston for their contests, and it is believed that many other amateur meets will be conducted there.

The plans have been prepared by Architect Hubert G. Ripley, and meet with the approval of the park commission, as well as the mayor. The stadium is to be erected on the site of the old nursery on Franklin field, and the estimated cost is between $30,000 and $40,000.

The present plans do not provide for baseball, but according to the architect, this will be remedied. The seating capacity of the structure will be 15,000. It can also be easily extended so as to seat 30,000 people, the capacity of the Harvard stadium.

PLAN OF SCHOOLBOYS' STADIUM

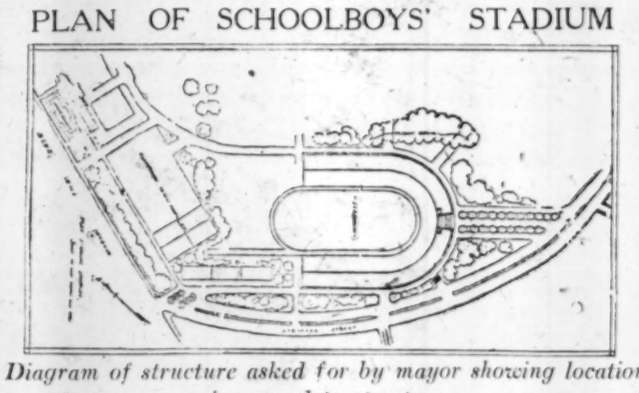


Diagram of structure asked for by mayor showing location in regard to streets

MASONIC BODIES ARE IN ANNUAL SESSIONS

Exemplification of the work under the direction of the grand lecturers opened the one hundred and fourteenth convocation today of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter at Masonic temple. The business meeting for the election of officers and consideration of reports begins this evening at 7 o'clock with Grand High Priest Charles Dana Burrage presiding.

The annual communication of the grand lodge of Massachusetts will take place tomorrow, Grand Master Everett C. Benton presiding.

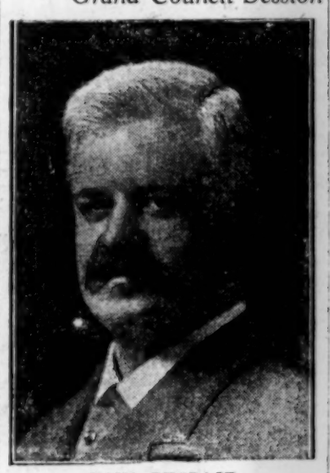
A reception to Most Puissant J. Albert Blake, general grand master of the general grand council of the United States, at which all the grand masters of the grand councils of New England were present, preceded the business of the Grand Council last night.

When the grand council opened its deliberations there was a season of receptions and presentation of the following dignitaries: Most Worshipful Everett C. Benton, grand master of grand lodge; most excellent Charles D. Burrage grand high priest of grand Royal Arch; Most Illustrious Philip N. Sunderland, grand master of grand council of Connecticut. Most Illustrious Olin W. Daley, grand master of grand council of Vermont; Most Illustrious Henry P. Stone, grand master of grand council of Rhode Island; Most Illustrious Albert R. Jenkins, grand master of New Hampshire; Most Puissant J. Albert Blake, general grand master of general grand council.

It was stated in the report of the grand recorder that the additions to the enrolment in the state the past year were 469 and the total membership is 8678, in 29 councils.

These officers were chosen: G. M., Egar W. Evans, West Somerville; D. G. M., Fred L. Moses, Chelsea; Y. P. C. of W., Charles W. Delano, Worcester; G. T., William B. Lawrence, Medford; G. R., J. Gilman Waite, Medford; G. S., the Rev. R. Perry Bush, Chelsea; G. L., Edward J. Ellis, Hyde Park; G. M. of C., Alfreda R. Hersam, Somerville; G. C. of G., Frederick E. Pierce, Greenfield; G. C., Elmer P. Sargent, Jr., Cambridge; G. S., William M. Speer, Attleboro; G. Sentinel, John T. Kimball, Roxbury; assistant G. sentinel, Thomas P. Bond, Melrose.

One of the Officers at Reception of the Grand Council Session



DANA BURRAGE

COLLIER IS FLOATED

SALEM, Mass.—After remaining on the bar in Salem harbor for nearly a day, the steam collier Coastwise of the Coastwise Transportation Company was floated this noon on the high tide, apparently sustaining no damage. The vessel, loaded with 6000 tons of soft coal for the Sprague, Breed and Brown Coal Company of Beverly, while proceeding to Beverly yesterday was blown out of the channel towards Salem, and stranded.

COL. ROOSEVELT WILL OPEN INSTITUTE OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who is president of the American Historical Association, which is one of the group that constitutes the political science organization, is to open the five days' convention of the American Institute of Political Science in Symphony hall, Dec. 27. Other branches are the American Economic Association, the American Political Science Association, the American Sociological Association, the American Statistical Association and the American Association for Labor Legislation. About 800 delegates are expected to attend.

Prominent educators and men employed in various kinds of research work from every part of the country will be welcomed by Mr. Roosevelt. A. Lawrence Lowell, president of Harvard University, is to preside. The Boston City Club will be hosts to the delegates on Dec. 28 at a reception which will be exclusively for members of the association and newspaper men.

BUILDINGS BEGUN MAY BE FINISHED; OTHER PERMITS NULL

WATERTOWN, Mass. — Watertown's town council decided at a meeting last night that all permits issued for the construction of three-story tenement houses before the adoption of the three-story flat fire proofing law, by a referendum vote on Nov. 29, were revoked in cases where the construction had not begun and that where the builders were already at work they might continue.

There are 16 buildings in the town that were in the process of construction and 20 for which permits had been granted but work not begun.

DREADNOUGHT SINKS STEAMER

(By the United Press)

PLYMOUTH, Eng.—The new dreadnought Centurian, on a cruise off Devonport this afternoon, collided with and sunk an unidentified steamer. Nothing was learned regarding the sunken vessel's crew.

COAL FIRM IS BUILDING TOWN

JOHNSTOWN, Pa. — The Loyalhanna Coal Company has begun operations at the site of its new coal mining town about a mile south of Reitz, Shade township. The construction of a number of dwellings has begun in the center of the plot where the town will grow.

BOSTON MAN DENIES ALLEGED DYNAMITING

INDIANAPOLIS—Michael J. Young, business agent of the Boston (Mass.) Iron Workers local, a defendant, was the first witness called today in the dynamite conspiracy trial. The Boston agent denied the accusations of Ortie E. McManigal that the witness planned to have blown up the new opera house in Boston, which McManigal confessed to having blown up March 27, 1909. McManigal's testimony that Young took him to Springfield, Mass., and pointed out the group of municipal buildings which McManigal blew up April 4, 1911, was also declared false by the witness.

The Boston defendant was asked to explain unusual phraseology in letters written by him to J. J. McNamara.

SUPREME COURT CASE IS ARGUED BY WOMAN

Mrs. Christina D. Page, 410 Marlborough street, said to be the first woman not a practising member of the bar to argue before the state supreme court, pleaded before the full bench of the supreme court today in behalf of her friend, Mrs. Sarah C. Shapley, on an appeal by the latter from a decree appointing Frank Stevens the administrator of the estate of her husband.

Mrs. Page outlined the proceedings and said that Mrs. Shapley's lawyer had not carried on the case as he should. Mrs. Page said all she wanted was justice. "We shall not recognize a man in whom we have no trust," she declared.

The estate is valued at $250,000 and has been in litigation four yea

CITY HALL ANNEX MODELS TO BE SHOWN IN JANUARY

ROGER NOBLE BURNHAM, the sculptor, appointed by Mayor Fitzgerald, with the approval of the Boston art commission, to make the four large figures which will be placed in front of the new city hall annex, said today that the models would not be ready for public inspection until January.

Early next month Mr. Burnham will exhibit some of his other work at the Copley galleries on Newbury street. He hopes to have the models completed by that time.

The subjects under consideration, he said, are two male figures representing law and order, and two female figures representing charity and industry. The figures are to be about 14 feet high.

Mr. Burnham is having a model of the building made on a scale of one inch to a foot. When he gets this he will make sketch models in order to determine the proper size for the statues in relation to the architecture of the building. Then he will make scale models and place them on the model of the building. It is these models that he hopes to have ready in January.

The appropriation proposed by the art commission was cut by the city; while Mr. Burnham refused to state the size of the contract financially, it is understood that it will be well under $10,000.

Clean journalism means a wholesome, interesting, helpful, complete newspaper. There is a widespread call for a newspaper of this kind. You can do your friends who are looking for this sort of a daily journal good service by showing them how closely the Monitor measures up to the universal demand.

POSTAGE REQUIRED FOR MAILING TODAY'S PAPER
In United States.....2c — To Foreign Countries.....3c

Send your "Want" ad to

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee, the Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

CUT ON THIS LINE

THE MONITOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF ADVERTISER MUST BE FURNISHED FOR PUBLICATION OR ADVERTISEMENT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED

Name.....

Street.....

City..... State.....

CUT ON THIS LINE

¶ State your "want" in 20 words and attach the above coupon, properly filled out.

¶ The above coupon *must* be attached to *insure insertion.*

CUT ON THIS LINE

It will be run FREE

ONE WEEK ON THE CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

Write your advertisement, *attach blank* and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Monitor is read in every city in America.

THIS OFFER DOES NOT APPLY TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE.

War Party Reported Again in Control in Austrian Councils

BULGARIA IS STRONG MAN IN NEW FIRM OF BALKAN ALLIES

Whether Servia Will Hold Firmly to Its Demand for Little Window on Sea Is Partly Dependent on Sofia

EUROPE LOOKS ON

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A great authority on the Balkan peoples has laid it down that the one desire of the Balkan man is that he should be understood by Europe. Needless to say he never reckons himself as a European, any more than does the Turk.

He has learned, however, as the outcome of much experience, as has also the Turk, that Europe has much to say to him, and inasmuch as what Europe says is with such unfailing regularity quite unacceptable to him, he puts it all down to the ignorance of the great powers as to the true state of things, and he longs to make them understand. "If only Europe understood!" is a lament heard everywhere throughout the Balkans.

Of course it is almost a platitude to say that Europe does not and never has understood. On the basis of human interest the dictum is true enough that "it is doubtful whether one race ever will understand another." But there can be no question of the fact that the first requisite to any appreciation of one nation of another nation's problems is to understand the people who compose that nation, their character, their national hopes, fears and failings.

"Fate," runs the Balkan saying, "gave to the Turk to govern, to the Bulgar to work, and to the Greek to intrigue." The old adage says nothing of the Serb, but his place is not difficult to find. He must be classed with the Greek, for the modern history of Servia is one long story of intrigue on intrigue and plot on counterplot.

Bulgar, Not Slav

Whatever the Bulgar is, and it is hard to know what he is, he is certainly not a Slav. The Slav has absorbed him, he has adopted the Slav language, customs, and religion. He has married and intermarried with his Slav neighbors, and yet all the distinctiveness of the Bulgarian people today they owe to that large admixture of non-Slavonic blood, which marks them out so certaintainly as an Asiatic people.

The Serb, on the other hand, is a Slav of Slavs. He has at once all the qualities and faults of that race. The vanity, the fickleness, and the subtilty; all the love of the beautiful, the personal bravery, and the devotion to hospitality, which are characteristic of the Slav everywhere. He does not like his Bulgar brother, no matter how much he may be allied to him for the moment; neither does he like his other ally, the Greek, and although at present all three are united in a manner quite characteristic of the Balkans for the attainment of a common purpose, yet it would indeed be a cry of "Peace, peace, where there is no peace," to say that century-old feuds were at an end.

Like Bulgaria, Servia looks back on a long history. A thousand years ago she too was, if not a great empire like Bulgaria, at any rate an independent kingdom, which successfully maintained its integrity against many foes. In the early days of the fourteenth century she reached the summit of her power under the national hero, Stephen Dushan, whose name was so vividly recalled to Europe a few weeks ago when the present Servian ruler, King Peter, entered Uskub, Dushan's ancient capital, and Servia came into her own again after an exile of 500 years. Like her more powerful neighbor, Servia was overwhelmed by the Ottoman flood toward the close of the fourteenth century, and Kossovo brought her history to a standstill, just as it did also that of Bulgaria. Then came the same sleep of five centuries, followed by the same awakening.

Servians Revolted

Here, however, as in so much else, the two nations were strangely contrasted. Bulgaria rubbed her eyes a great deal, looked round her a great deal, and thought a great deal before she roused herself to action. Servia, on the other hand, was no sooner awake than she was up and doing, following a swineherd, Kara George, the founder of the present dynasty, against her oppressor the Turk. Then, within a few years, when Kara George had been murdered by Miljosh Obrenovitch, the founder of the great rival dynasty, just as cheerfully following him.

From that day until the outrage of June 10, 1903, the history of Servia is the history of the rivalries of these two houses. Belgrade was ever a hotbed of intrigue, and a veritable camera obscura for the diplomatic subterfuge alike of Vienna and St. Petersburg. Yet in spite of it all Servia prospered from day to day and from year to year. By the treaty of Berlin she received an accession of territory which, though large was not large enough, and which had had apparently for its determination no more reliable principle than a pen and ruler. Her independence, however, was finally secured, and since her crushing defeat by the Bulgarians at Slivnitza she has devoted herself to the steady development of her resources.

Bulgarians Are First

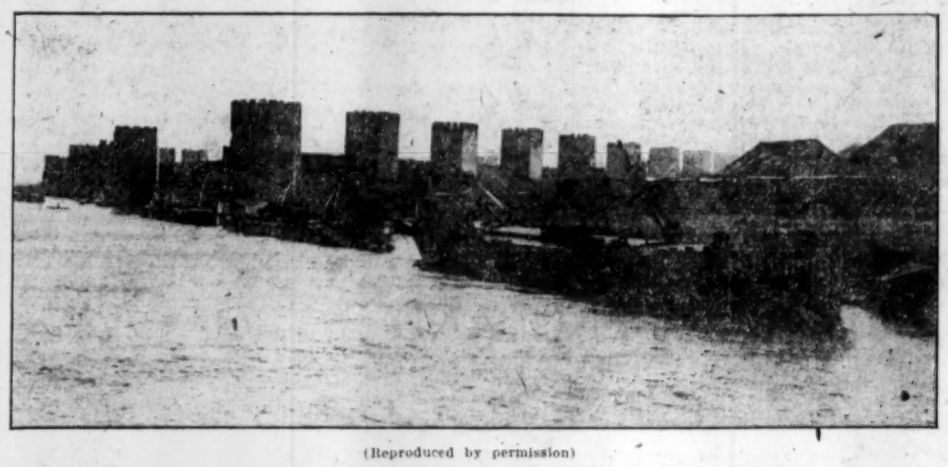
As for the Servia of the day, her position in the Balkan League is not easy to gauge. That she ranks next to Bulgaria there can be no doubt. That the surrender of Uskub and the fall, after a brave resistance, of Monastir, proclaim her soldiers men of trained endurance and her officers brave and resourceful, is equally certain. Yet first and last Bulgaria is the enemy and the Turks know it. King Peter's entry into Uskub and King George's entry into Salonika may be very effective, but it was the stern fight in Thrace which really mattered, and the Turk has known it all the time.

As to the present difference, still unsolved, between Servia and Austro-Hungary, over Servia's claim to a port on the Adriatic, it would be idle to attempt to forecast the denouement. As a well-known politician put it recently, when your opponent is free to do his own will, if you know him well enough you may be able to forecast his actions; but when he is dependent for his every move on the will of another there is little use even guessing what he will do. The impetuous, excitable Servian, with the shame of 1885 and the humiliation of 1908 wiped out in the triumph of 1912, and with the glories of Uskub and Monastir still fresh in memory, if free to do his will would not be hard to read, but then he is not free.

Out of the great mist which hangs over the near east, one fact stands out with sufficient clearness, and that is that in the new Balkan firm Bulgaria is the strong man and the predominant partner, and that whether or not Servia persists in her demand to have a window little or large looking out over the old "Servian sea" depends somewhat upon Bulgaria. It is idle to attempt to penetrate further than this.

Behind Servia today there is Bulgaria and Russia. Behind Austro-Hungary there is official Italy and official Germany. So the chief of the Austro-Hungarian staff and the Archduke Francis Ferdinand by "a mere coincidence" arrive in Berlin together, and the Reichspost learns from St. Petersburg that the military conference at Tsarskoe Selo will probably result in the Tsar signing an order for "the mobilization of 24 army corps." The status quo in the near east is no doubt, as a wag described it, the "status quo vadis," but Russia and Austro-Hungary are today, there can be no doubt of it, in their relation to one another just where they have always been for the last 200 years. This relationship must be the chief deciding factor in the Balkan situation.

MANY EYES ARE INTENT ON THE BORDER LINE



(Reproduced by permission)

Ancient Turkish fort of Semendria, on the Danube, lies picturesquely between frontiers of Servia and Austria



NEW FRONTIER PROPOSED BY SERVIA TO GIVE HER PORTS ON THE ADRIATIC

TEN DAYS SPEECH IN LAW CASE BY SIR JOHN SIMON IS BRITISH RECORD

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Sir John Simon, the solicitor-general, has just made the longest speech on record in a court of law. He addressed the railway commissioners on the telephone arbitration proceedings for ten days. Sir Rufus Isaacs thus loses his record gained for a nine days' speech in the Wyler case. Other lengthy discourses on record are Sir Edward Carson eight days, also in the Wyler case, and Lord Russell, before the Parnell commission. During the period of the speech Sir John Simon addressed political meetings and spoke on several occasions in the House of Commons.

WELSH CHURCH BILL IS OPPOSED

(Special to the Monitor)

COLWYN BAY, Wales—The Church Defense Association held a meeting recently in Colwyn Bay with the Duke of Devonshire in the chair. The gathering was a large one and consisted chiefly of church people from the dioceses of St. Asaph and Bangor.

The archbishop of York said that it was becoming more and more evident that the Welsh church bill had no driving force behind it. The opponents of the bill had never believed that it was the result of any very strong Welsh feeling, in fact, they considered that it owed its existence to political expediency.

In the light of recent events in the House of Commons he considered that the government should be willing, at any rate for the present, to lay aside a measure which produced no enthusiasm. It had been reported to him that one of the government whips had recently said that he wished the bill could be dropped.

FUND INQUIRY TO BE RESUMED

WASHINGTON—The campaign fund investigating committee of the Senate will hold a meeting today to determine when hearings shall be resumed.

William R. Hearst, who is to be the first witness, probably will be asked to appear before the end of the week, the date depending upon the return of Senator Jones of Washington, a member of the subcommittee.

RESTRAINT OF TRADE CHARGED

CINCINNATI, O.—Three witnesses were on the stand Monday in the trial of President John H. Patterson and the 29 other officials or former officials of the National Cash Register Company of Dayton, O. J. R. Waller testified that he had pictures of windows in which Hallwood machines were exhibited with signs advertising them as "junk." These, he said, were National Cash Register windows.

CHANGE DECLARED TO HAVE NO DIRECT EFFECT ON BALKANS

(Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau)

LONDON—The struggle between the war party and the peace party in Austria, which became so pronounced at the outbreak of the war in Tripoli, has been suddenly renewed. On the previous occasion the pacific policy of Count Berchtold was victorious, with the result that Baron Konrad von Hotzendorf, chief of general staff and personal friend of Archduke Franz Joseph, resigned.

It is reported in Vienna, and the report is accepted as accurate, that present war minister General Von Auffenberg and chief of staff General Schemua have resigned and that their places will be taken by General Krobatkin as war minister and by Baron Von Hortzendorf as chief of staff. This would amount to a reversal of previous conditions and would mean that the war party had obtained the mastery. It would not, however, necessarily have any direct effect upon the situation in the near east.

HIGHER WAGES RECOMMENDED AT NAVY YARD

In the report of recommendation of the board of wages for 1913 at the Charlestown navy yard it is proposed that four large trades at the yard be advanced in pay.

Ordnance men, electricians, wire men, some of the ropemakers and the blacksmiths' helpers are the only classes in which any considerable number of men are employed who secured a wage increase. The other increases given are in lines in which a small number of men are employed.

The following trades are increased, the figures being for the men of the first class, those of the second, third and fourth classes being raised pro rata in each case:

Electricians from $4.40 to $4.80 a day, wiremen $4 to $4.40, galvanizers from $3.04 to $3.28, brick and stonemasons from $4.80 to $5.20, millmen from $3.04 to $3.20, ordnancemen from $3.36 to $3.52, plasterers from $4.80 to $5.20, pressmen from $3.12 to $4, wharf builders from $3.12 to $3.20 and blacksmith's helpers from $2.24 to $2.40.

For the new ratings: Concrete makers $2.56 a day, engine tender in charge $4 a day, locomotive crane tenders $3.84 and roofers $3.12 a day.

WOMAN TELLS WHY SHE RUNS FOR SCHOOL BOARD

Speaking before the Ward Ten Good Government Association in Greely hall Monday evening Miss Frances G. Curtis, candidate for the Boston school committee, told of her work as a member of the state board of charity and gave reasons why she believed she was qualified to serve on the school board. Though not a school teacher Miss Curtis said that she believed her work among hundreds of children under the state's care has been valuable experience.

A. J. Davis, superintendent of the Massachusetts Anti-Saloon League, spoke on the "bar-and-bottle" act, giving illustrations including figures, in an endeavor to show how the measure had been a remedial factor.

Officers were elected as follows: President, William E. McKee; vice-president, Avery Brown; secretary, C. Lewis Laurence; treasurer, Franklin Blake.

GERMANIC ELECTS OFFICERS

Officers elected by members of the Germanic Museum Association at Harvard are: Adolphus Busch of St. Louis, president; Frederick P. Fish of Boston and Hugo Reisinger of New York, vice-presidents; C. S. Houghton of Boston, secretary; Judge J. M. Olmstead head director, succeeding the late H. W. Putnam.

NEW HAVEN TRIAL SET

HARTFORD, Conn.—Prosecution of New Haven road officials in connection with the Westport wreck of Oct. 3 will be begun this week, and the prisoners will probably face judge and jury not later than next February.

FOREIGNERS RESIDENT IN GERMANY OPPOSE NEW INSURANCE ACT

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—The new German insurance act that comes into force on Jan. 1 will not be favorably received by many.

Not only have the premiums already been raised for employees, but they will be still higher in future. For every domestic servant the employer must take out a state insurance card, upon which a stamp costing 32 pfennigs must be affixed weekly. Foreigners who are earning their living in Germany will feel the new measure acutely. All those whose income does not exceed 5000 marks yearly are now compelled to take out an insurance card, the amount payable being according to salary. On a salary of 500 marks the employee must pay 9½ marks, the other half of the premium being paid by the employer.

It is computed that an employee earning 40 marks a week will have to pay to the state, in addition to the income tax, the sum of 79 marks. No foreigner, either male or female, is exempt from this law.

According to the German law, when the employee has reached the age of 55 he receives a pension, in the case of invalidity earlier, and in case of his demise two fifths thereof revert to the widow or children. This, however, only becomes effective after the premium has been paid for 10 years. Thus the law is more advantageous for natives than for foreigners, who merely come to the country for a few years, as a rule, to learn the language.

A foreigner who earns an income of 4000 marks a year will, therefore, be compelled to pay to the state 150 marks annually, in addition to the customary income tax, and should he leave the country before 10 years are expired he receives no benefit. In these circumstances it is not surprising that a general protest is to be made to the foreign office and the embassies by the foreign residents in Germany.

COLLECTIONS OF JOHN ORTH SOLD

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—The sale of the property of Archduke John Salvator, or John Orth, the name by which he was best known, has taken place in Berlin. The collections have proved to be not so valuable as was expected by many, and no really very high prices have been fetched. It will be remembered that John Orth elected to command a small merchant vessel upon which he started from Buenos Aires in 1890, since when nothing has been heard of him.

WARSHIP TO VISIT PITCAIRN ISLAND

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Pitcairn island, one of the lonely islands of the Pacific, is to be visited shortly by H. M. S. Algerine. The ship will proceed from Valparaiso and the announcement of her sailing is accompanied by a rate of postage to be prepaid on letters and newspapers. Pitcairn island was discovered in 1767 by Carteret and in 1790 was taken possession of by nine of the mutineers of H. M. S. Bounty. Fanning island will also be visited by the Algerine.

PICTURESQUE ENTRY INTO DELHI WILL BE ON ELEPHANT BACK

(Special to the Monitor)

SIMLA, India—The government of India have now issued a detailed program of the state entry into Delhi, on Dec. 23, of their excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge.

On arrival at the Delhi main station their excellencies will be met by the commander-in-chief, the members of the Governor-General's executive council, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, the Punjab chiefs, and others. After the presentation of an address by the Delhi municipal committee they will proceed in elephant procession to the Delhi fort, where a durbar will be held in the Dewan-i-Am. An address by the elected non-official members of the Governor-General's legislative council will be presented on the way.

At the durbar the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab will deliver an address to his excellency, formally handing over Delhi to the government of India. No presentations will be made. A procession will then be formed and proceed to the Mori gate, where their excellencies' elephants will be halted, in order that they may take farewell of the Punjab chiefs and have an opportunity of viewing the procession, which will pass before them. After the procession has passed they will proceed to their new quarters at the Circuit house.

The festivities will conclude with a fireworks display in the evening in front of the Juma Masjid. The day will be set apart as a public holiday.

Quite a number of regiments, as well as the Imperial Cadet corps and the Viceroy's body guard, will take part in the procession, to view which stands will be erected by the Delhi municipality.

NEW WILSON BOOK READY

NEW YORK—William Bayard Hale, Woodrow Wilson's biographer returned from Bermuda Monday with the manuscript for Mr. Wilson's new book. Mr. Hale was the only guest that Mr. Wilson received and together they went over the manuscript, which is now complete. The book, which is called "The New Freedom," will be published in March.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

CASTLE SQUARE—"Damon and Pythias."
COLLIS—"Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm."
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—"Julius Caesar."
PARK—"Maggie Pepper."
PLYMOUTH—George Arliss in "Disraeli."
ST. JAMES—"The Hypocrites."
TREMONT—"The Rainbow."

CHICAGO

BLACKSTONE—David Warfield.
COLONIAL—"Ben-Hur."
CORT—"Fine Feathers."
OLYMPIC—"The Million."
OPERA HOUSE—William Hodge.
McVICKERS—"Little Women."
MAJESTIC—Sarah Bernhardt.
POWERS—"Years of Discretion."
PRINCESS—"Bought and Paid For."

NEW YORK

ASTOR—Douglas Fairbanks.
BELASCO—Frances Starr.
CENTURY—"The Daughter of Heaven."
COHAN—"Broadway Jones."
COMEDY—"Fanny's First Play."
ELTINGE—"Within the Law."
EMPIRE—Mme. Nazimova.
FORTY-EIGHTH STREET—Wm. Collier.
FULTON—"The Yellow Jacket."
GLOBE—"Lady of the Slipper."
HIPPODROME—"Under Many Flags."
HUDSON—Mrs. Fiske.
LIBERTY—"Milestones."
LYCEUM—Billie Burke.
LYRIC—Mlle. Trentini.
MANHATTAN—"The Whip."
PLAYHOUSE—"Little Women."
REPUBLIC—"The Governor's Lady."
WALLACK'S—Mme. Simone.

BOSTON CONCERTS

Tuesday, Jacob Sleeper hall, 8:15 p. m., Hoffmann string quartet; Miss Alice Eldridge, pianist, assisting. Steinert hall, 8:15 p. m., chamber music concert, Alwin Schroeder 'cellist and Miss Hedwig Schroeder, pianist. Jordan hall, 8:15 p. m., piano recital, Georgia Copeland.

Wednesday, Steinert hall, 3 p. m., piano recital, Mme. Cornelia Rider-Possart; Jordan hall, 8:15 p. m., chamber music concert, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Witek and Heinrich Warnke.

Thursday, Jordan hall, 8:15 p. m., Flonzaley quartet.

Friday, Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., eighth concert, Boston Symphony orchestra, Leopold Godowsky, soloist.

Saturday, Steinert hall, 3 p. m., lesson recital, Mme. Antoinette Szumowska; Symphony hall, 8 p. m., eighth Symphony concert, Leopold Godowsky, soloist.

Sunday, Symphony hall, 3:30 p. m., concert by Mischa Elman, violinist.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

Monday, 8 p. m., "Boheme."
Wednesday, 8 p. m., "Tosca."
Friday, 8 p. m., "Thais."
Saturday, 2 p. m., "Madam Butterfly"; 8 p. m., "Lucia."
Sunday, 3:15 p. m., orchestral concert of French music, Eugene Ysaye, soloist.

Christmas Gifts at Stowell's



Umbrellas at $5

All Silk Umbrellas for Men and Women. We display many new effects in handles, a few of which we illustrate: Sterling Silver, Briar, Pimento Wood, Buck Horn, Natural Wood and Mission, mounted and inlaid with Sterling Silver. Make your selection now, so that we can have them nicely engraved before Christmas. No charge for engraving.

Folding Umbrellas, $3.50 to $5.

Canes, $2 to $20.

Umbrella and Cane Sets with leather straps and handles that match, $10 to $35.

A. Stowell Co. Inc.
24 Winter St., Boston
Jewellers for 90 Years

Use BURRILL'S Tooth Powder

THE VELVET POWDER

Buy BURRILL'S for its fine texture, its wonderful cleansing properties and its really delightful taste. The regular 25 cent size contains more and better powder than most other brands at the same price.

Sells everywhere for 25c

NEW ENGLAND LAB. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Initial Stationery

Fine Quality Paper and Env. 50c per Box and Upwards.

57-63 Franklin St. WARD'S

More Fun Than a Barrel of Monkeys

The best game for boys and girls from six to sixty. Make the long winter evenings one long joy ride by playing

TAXI IN THE PARLOR

Price 75 cents

TAXI PARLOR GAME CO.

Room 30, 143 North Dearborn St., CHICAGO

Ask your toy man or stationer to get it for you or we will mail it on receipt of price.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Books and Stationery

W. B. Clarke Co

26 & 28 Tremont St

Leading Events in Athletic World — National League Meets

NATIONAL LEAGUE OWNERS MEET IN NEW YORK TODAY

Several Matters of Importance Including Shortstop Tinker's Case Are to Be Considered by Baseball Magnates Before Electing Officers for the Coming Year

NEW YORK—Owners and representatives of the baseball clubs in the National league met in this city this morning for their annual meeting of 1912. Considerable business of importance was on the calendar and it was expected that the sessions might be carried along well toward the last of the week. All of the clubs were represented when the meeting was called.

While no official announcement was made, it was confidently expected that one of the first matters that would be considered today would be the settlement of the claim of President Herrmann of the Cincinnati club to the services of J. F. Tinker of the Chicago team. It is said that a verbal agreement was made between Mr. Herrmann and President Murphy of the Chicago team whereby Tinker should go to Cincinnati in exchange for a number of players, and that Mr. Murphy has since refused to carry the trade out.

Other matters that are sure to be discussed are the Bresnahan case, the disposal of ex-Manager F. L. Chance of Chicago, the paying of Umpire Rigler $2200 by the Philadelphia club, the future division of world's series receipts and the election of officers for 1912. While at one time it looked as if President Lynch would be opposed for another term, it now appears as if he would easily win a reelection.

The board of directors held their meeting Monday and considered several questions of importance, the most important one being the case of R. P. Bresnahan and the St. Louis club.

Mr. Bresnahan signed a contract with the St. Louis club as manager for five years at $10,000 a year, plus 10 per cent of the net profits of the club. After he had served one administration under this contract Mrs. Britton, owner of the club, released him. Now he is looking to collect on his contract for the next four years.

President J. C. Jones and his attorneys represented the St. Louis club, and Mr. Bresnahan and two lawyers, George Priest and A. N. Sager, looked after the manager's interests. Mrs. Britton was at the Waldorf, but did not go to the meeting. 'Everybody who was permitted to have a voice in the proceedings argued pro and con, but could come to no conclusion. Then it was stated that no matter what the decision of the board of directors might be on the case, it would not be binding, so it was decided advisable not to have a trial here, but to leave the case to a board of arbitration chosen mutually by both sides.

The directors, the St. Louis club and Mr. Bresnahan's attorneys, held a long conference about the arbitration idea and adopted it. The board of directors will meet this afternoon and name a board of arbitration, which will be satisfactory to both sides. The board will probably be made up of St. Louis lawyers. Mr. Bresnahan's claim will be heard by this board, which will report its finding to the National league, and if Bresnahan isn't satisfied by the ruling will probably take the case to the courts.

The board of directors who sat at the hearing were Atty. C. S. Sullivan, representing the New York club; Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh, A. G. Herrmann of Cincinnati, C. H. Ebbets of Brooklyn and C. W. Murphy of Chicago.

The board next took up the matter of awarding the pennant for the season of 1912 and it was formally presented to Attorney Sullivan, who represented the New York club.

The Rigler case was then considered. Umpire Rigler has a claim of $2200 against the Philadelphia club for securing Pitcher Rixey for the team. The board heard Umpire Rigler's side of the question and then censured him for acting as scout for any team. His case was laid on the table.

Manager G. Stallings and Secretary Nickerson of the Boston club were the first officials to come forward with their spring plans. Stallings announced that he had signed Arthur Devlin for next season, and also Kirk and Gonzales, the Cuban catcher. The club will train at Athens, Ga., reporting there March 3. They will train on the University of Georgia grounds and will have use of the college gymnasium. During the first two weeks they will practise with the college players. Stallings has arranged a game with a team in Augusta on which Cobb and Rucker will play.

The exhibition games scheduled include Atlanta at Atlanta, March 21 and 22; Atlanta at Athens, March 24 and 25; Toronto at Macon, March 26-29; Charlotte, N. C., March 31, April 1; Richmond, April 2 and 3; Washington, April 4 and 5; Baltimore, April 7 and 8, and will open the league season in New York.

BASEBALL PICKUPS

Manager Stahl of the Boston Americans is expecting great things of Pitcher Leonard next year.

—ooo—

It is generally expected that Crawford, the hard-hitting outfielder of the Detroit Americans, will be found on first base next year.

—ooo—

Outfielder Moran has been sold by Manager Griffith of the Washington Americans to the Sacramento club of the Pacific Coast League.

—ooo—

Manager O'Day of Cincinnati certainly tried hard to get some pitchers for that team last year. He tried out no less than 17 candidates for the place.

—ooo—

Charles Ferguson, the umpire obtained by President Johnson of the American league for next year, comes from the American Association, where he made a name for himself.

—ooo—

John Ganzel is another man named as a possible manager for the New York Americans in 1913. F. H. Jones, the former Chicago manager, looks best if he will accept the place.

—ooo—

William Morley, obtained by Manager Griffiths of the Washington Americans from the Knoxville club of the Appalachian league, is expected to push Laporte hard for second base next year.

—ooo—

Manager Stallings of the Boston National Baseball Club expects to have his pitching staff at work in the South two weeks before the rest of the squad go into training, the first week in March.

—ooo—

Brooklyn has signed Daubert to a three-year contract. He was certainly the best first baseman in the National league last year and there are some who liked his work better than Chase's in the American.

—ooo—

It will be interesting to see what Fowler McCormick does when he gets into Princeton. If he can emulate his famous tutor, Harvard and Yale might as well let their games with the Orange and Black go by default.

CAMBRIDGE DEFEATS OXFORD AT FOOTBALL

(By the United Press)

LONDON—The Cambridge team today won the annual Cambridge-Oxford rugby football game. The final score was Cambridge 10; Oxford 3.

SIDELINE NOTES

Clem Fenker, '14, has been elected captain of the University of Cincinnati football eleven for next year.

—ooo—

Iowa University has reengaged Coach J. B. Hawley, the former Chicago University star, for another year.

—ooo—

Fred Kelly of Lawrenceville, Ga., has been elected captain of the Mercer University football eleven for next year. His position is left tackle.

—ooo—

Leonard Purdy, '14, has been elected captain of the University of Nebraska football team for 1913. He plays halfback.

—ooo—

The University of South Carolina has elected J. D. Mills, '14, captain of the varsity football team for next fall. He has played tackle on the team for three years.

—ooo—

Washington & Jefferson had one of the best scoring football elevens this fall that has ever represented that university. In 12 games the team piled up 295 points to 60 for its opponents.

NEW ENGLAND TO HAVE NEW LEAGUE

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—The Northeastern Baseball League was formed at a meeting held in this city Monday night. It will be a class C league with a $1400 salary limit. The league will cover territory not now occupied by any league in organized baseball. The league will cover six cities in New England. The following officers were elected: M. S. Roach, Binghamton, temporary president and secretary; A. J. Goodwin, Scranton, vice-president; J. T. Manning, Binghamton, treasurer; Jacob C. Morse of Boston will probably be elected permanent president at a meeting to be held soon in Boston.

The following cities have applied for protection: Bangor and Portland, Me.; Manchester and Nashua, N. H.; Pawtucket, R. I., and Taunton, Mass. The other two cities will be picked from Augusta or Lewiston, Me., or Salem or Gloucester, Mass.

ATHLETIC FIELD FOR MARBLEHEAD

MARBLEHEAD, Mass.—It is anticipated that considerable impetus will be given track and field athletics in Marblehead by the projected acquisition of a large athletic field, a movement that has the united backing of the high school and Y. M. C. A. The town will be asked to purchase the big Wyman field adjoining Seaside park and an article for the warrant to that effect is now being drawn.

INTERNATIONAL MAY CHANGE ITS CIRCUIT FOR SEASON OF 1913

Syracuse Parties Trying to Purchase the Jersey City Baseball Franchise — Act on Salary Question

OPENING APRIL 16

NEW YORK—Despite the fact that the season of 1912 proved to be the banner year for the International league, followers of that baseball circuit are looking forward to the season of 1913 with the greatest amount of confidence that it will be the best ever, following the annual meeting in this city Monday.

The owners met at the Hotel Victoria and practically decided to recommend to the national commission that a salary limit of $6000 be placed on class A A league clubs which includes the International, the American Association and Pacific Coast league. This is exclusive of the salary of the manager, and under this arrangement it is planned to limit individual salaries of the players to $400 a month.

There is a persistent rumor afloat that there is likely to be a change in the circuit next season, inasmuch as two promoters from Syracuse are in the city trying to get an option on the Jersey City club. This club did not have a very successful season this year, and it is stated that the owners are willing to sell out. The Syracuse men, it is understood, are willing to pay a good price to get the franchise for that city.

Those at the meeting were President Barrow, J. J. McCaffrey and Joseph Kelley of Toronto; S. Lichenstein and T. S. Cushing of Montreal, J. J. Stein of Buffalo, John J. Dunn and E. W. Wicks of Baltimore, G. L. Solomon and H. W. Modicus of Newark, J. J. Lillis and Hugh McBreen of Jersey City, F. R. Van Deusen of Providence and Charles T. Chapin and John Ganzel of Rochester.

A new board of directors was appointed, consisting of J. J. Stein, C. T. Chapin, J. J. McCaffrey, John Dunn and Hugh McBreen.

It was announced by Mr. McCaffrey that Kelley had signed his contract to manage the pennant winning Toronto club again next season. Roach, the former New York American shortstop, was sold by Baltimore to Buffalo and outfielder McCrone of Baltimore was sold to Memphis.

The International league season will begin on April 16 and the schedule meeting will be held in this city early in February.

HARVARD-YALE HOCKEY DATES

Despite rumors that Yale would not play Harvard at hockey in Boston this year two games have been practically arranged to take place between the two rival college sevens at the Boston arena. The two teams will play a series of three games this season, two in Boston and one at the St. Nicholas rink in New York city. The Boston dates are Feb. 1 and Feb. 22. The New York game will be played on some date between the two Boston games.

It had been prematurely published that the two big college rivals would not meet this year because of the unwillingness of Yale to meet Harvard at the arena, it being stated that the New Haven team considered the Boston rink Harvard territory. The managers of the two teams have come together, however, and the above arrangement has been agreed to. Last season Harvard won the series from the Blue, scoring two victories against one for Yale. Harvard easily won the first game at the Boston arena, but much to the surprise of all hockey followers, lost the second game at New Haven. The deciding game was won by the Crimson at the Boston arena by the score of 4 to 2.

WILLIAMS HOCKEY SCHEDULE FILED

WILLIAMSTOWN—The schedule for the Williams College hockey season, opening next Saturday with Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute here, includes the regular number of 10 games. Of these five are to be played at Williamstown and five on out-of-town rinks.

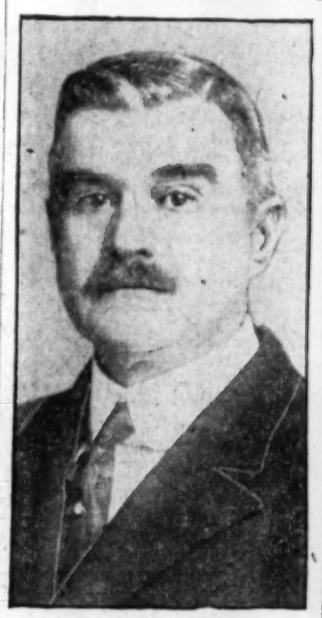
With the exception of the Syracuse University team, which has been substituted for the London Field Club seven, the opposing teams are the same as those played in previous years. The other out-of-town games besides Syracuse include the usual holiday game with Princeton in New York and those with M. I. T., West Point and Amherst. A return game with Amherst will be played here in February. The schedule, which needs only the ratification of the athletic council, follows:

Dec. 14, R. P. I. at Williamstown; 20, Princeton at New York.
Jan. 4, M. A. C. at Williamstown; 11, S. T. A. at Williamstown; 18, Trinity at Williamstown; 25, Amherst at Amherst.
Feb. 11, M. I. T. at Boston; 15, Amherst at Williamstown; 20, Syracuse at Syracuse; 21, West Point at West Point.

MARQUARD WANTS $10,000

NEW YORK—Pitcher Marquard of the New York Nationals announced Monday that he would not sign a contract for next year unless his salary was made $10,000 for the season.

Man Who Will Preside at Annual Meeting of Big Baseball League Today



PRESIDENT T. J. LYNCH
National baseball league

SOUTH AFRICAN RUGBY FOOTBALL TEAM DOING WELL

Easily Defeats Scotland Giving the Visitors Fourteen Victories and Two Defeats to Date

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The first international match of the Springboks, viz. that against Scotland, gave the tourists the first opportunity of testing Scottish Rugby football. The Scotsmen were decidedly favorites, until it became known that several leading Scottish players were unable to take the field. Nevertheless, however much the home side was weakened there can be no doubt that the Colonials were a good deal superior to their opponents on the day of the match as the score of 16 points to love plainly indicates.

It was generally supposed that the Scottish forwards would make up for the possible weakness of their backs and thus turn the scale in their side's favor, but as it happened the South African pack completely outplayed the opposing pack, and the Colonial three-quarters showed far superior form to that of the Scotsmen. Although, however, the home team were so outclassed they held out splendidly for half an hour, the half time being called with the score three points to nil in favor of the South Africans, and during the last 12 minutes or so they again gave a dashing display, but it is probable that the apparent superiority of the visitors was brought about by their large balance of extra weight and pace, which enabled them to press home their attacks in fine form. Dickson of Scotland and Gerald Morkel of South Africa, each played magnificently at fullback. Scotland were badly in need of their absentees, Messrs. Will, Burnett, McCallum and Usher. Their substitutes were Messrs. Gunn, Pearson, Blair and Purves. The final score was: South Africa 2 tries 16 points, Scotland nil.

The South Africans have now won 14 matches and lost two, scoring 249 points against 70. The two defeats have been at the hands of Newport and London, and the more recent victories include Scotland, Oxford and Cambridge universities, North of England and officers of the army and navy.

NEW GATEWAY IS BEING BUILT AT OSBORN FIELD

PRINCETON, N. J.—Work has been started on a new gateway at the entrance to Osborne field, the battleground of Princeton's major athletic teams that is being erected from the fund of $25,000 presented last spring by H. McCormick '79 on behalf of the 1911 championship football team. Mr. McCormick's unique gift was given to the members of the eleven as an organization and they were to use it for the best interests of Princeton. It was at the time proposed that a gateway be erected to supplant the old Thompson gateway, which has been the portal of Osborne field for more than 20 years.

The entrance and accompanying wall is to be similar to the design of the Thompson gateway and wall on Prospect avenue. Harvard brick and Indiana limestone trimming will be used. There will be a handsome wrought-iron double gate in the arch, which is to be in the form of a rectangular tower 32 feet wide and 24 feet high. A ticket office will be built into the tower on each side of the arch, and beyond the ticket offices, to the left, there will be a wall 32 feet long and 10 feet high. To the right there will be 10 wicket entrances, extending 40 feet to the west stand.

In accordance with Mr. McCormick's deed of gift, the work is being done under the supervision of the grounds and buildings committee of the board of trustees. The gateway will be finished by Feb. 1.

COMMITTEES NAMED AT MEETING OF THE N. E. A. A. U.

Plan Offered for the Organization of an Officials' Club — Appropriations Sought by Swimmers

JOHNSON WANTS $150

The adjourned meeting of the New England A. A. A. U. held Monday night at the Revere house proceeded in good order. The principal business was the announcement of committee appointments by President T. F. Riley.

H. C. McGrath, representing the Municipal A. A., introduced an order that may be of advantage to amateur athletes as conducted in New England. Representative McGrath recommended that an officials' club be appointed, the list of members of which would be submitted to various clubs applying for sanctions for their acceptance.

It was voted that a committee of three be appointed to seek information from other bodies in this country which have officials' clubs. The committee appointed by Chairman Riley was composed of Maj. F. H. Briggs, H. C. McGrath and R. M. Walsh. This committee will report at the next meeting of the association, which will be held the first Monday in March.

When it was moved and seconded that the association appropriate $400 to defray the expenses of New England's best to the national indoor championships, the swimming advocates were present seeking an appropriation for their own game. The board of managers decided on the appropriation for the track and field men for the present and to take up matters concerning other sports later. Leo Johnson of Brookline asked for an appropriation of $150 to defray the expenses of local swimmers to the national championships.

The roster of committees follows:

Track and field committees: Edward E. Babb, B. A. A.; Hugh C. McGrath, Municipal A. A.; Edmund F. Walsh, Armory A. A.; Maj. F. H. Briggs, H. A. Keith, Brockton Ag. Assn.; R. J. Mahady, Norwood Press; Joseph F. Conway, Cambridgeport G. A.; Michael F. Winston, St. Joseph's C. T. A. S., Lynn; W. G. Woodworth, North Dorchester A. A.

Swimming committee—Leo Johnson, Brookline S. C.; Hugh C. McGrath, Municipal A. A.; Matthew M. Leary, East Boston S. C.; Charles B. Floyd, Brookline G. A. A.; Lawrence Johnson, Barre S. C.; Joseph Smith, Boston Y. M. C. U.; Herbert Holm, Ocean Pier, S. C.

Cross-country committee—Michael F. Winston, St. Joseph's C. T. A. S., Lynn; Frank J. Jordan, St. Charles A. A., Waltham; Richard M. Walsh, Dorchester Club; Thomas J. Murphy, Cleveland A. A.; William F. Morse, Morse A. A.; P. J. H. Mullen, Pawtucket A. C.

Wrestling committee—Joseph Smith, Boston Y. M. C. U.; B. B. Osthes, Pilgrim A. A.; Dr. Thomas H. O'Connor, delegate-at-large; John J. Magee, Cathedral A. A.; Robert J. Mahady, Norwood Press; William F. Morse, Morse A. A.; T. J. Murphy, Cleveland A. A.

Boxing committee—A. J. Lill, Jr., St. Joseph's A. A.; John J. Norton, Forest Hills A. A.; George V. Brown, B. A. A.; Michael F. Winston, Lynn; Dennis Driscoll, Brockton; E. F. Walsh, Armory A. A.; B. B. Osthues, Pilgrim A. A.

Basketball committee—W. H. Cuddy, St. Josephs C. T. A. S.; T. J. McMackin, St. Mary's A. A.; H. J. Brawley, St. Alphousus A. A.; W. C. Prout, South Boston A. C.; W. H. Flynn, Quincy A. A.; W. H. McVickar, Oldtown A. A.; Captain Gray, Lawrence Light Guards; Fred Jordan, St. Charles A. A.

Legislative committee—J. B. Maccabe, East Boston A. A.; R. M. Walsh, Dorchester Club; H. C. McGrath, M. A. A.; E. E. Babb, B. A. A.; W. C. Prout, South Boston A. C.; J. F. Facey, Riverside B. C.

Records committee—G. V. Brown, B. A. A.; W. G. Woodward, North Dorchester A. A.; A. H. Haddleton, Moose; W. H. McVicker, Oldtown; Capt. Gray, Lawrence L. G.

Playgrounds committee—J. B. Maccabe, East Boston A. A.; Hon. John F. Fitzgerald, H. J. Brawley, St. Alphonsus A. A.; W. C. Prout, South Boston A. A.; H. A. Keith, Brockton; C. B. Floyd, Brookline G. A. A.; M. H. Leary, East Boston S. C.

Finance committee—E. E. Walsh, Armory A. A.; E. E. Babb, B. A. A.; Leo Johnson, B. S. C.; A. J. Lill Jr.; J. F. Conway, John J. Norton, Forest Hills A. A.; W. H. Wall, Springfield Diocesan Union; William Ryan, Granite Court, Manchester, N. H.; P. J. H. Mullen, Pawtucket A. C.

Delegates-at-large—Hon. John F. Fitzgerald, Maj. Frank H. Briggs, Dr. Thomas H. O'Connor.

TRUST FUND FOR NEW YORK CLUB

INDIANAPOLIS—The will of John T. Brush, late owner of the New York National league baseball club, disposing of an estate estimated to be worth $1,500,000, was filed for probate today. Aside from a number of pieces of personal property bequeathed to members of the family, the greater part of the Brush holdings, including the ball club, in made a trust estate and given into the care of Harry N. Hempstead of Indianapolis, a son-in-law, and N. Ashley Lloyd of Cincinnati. The will provides that these two as trustees of the estate, may retain the holdings as long as profitable or they may dispose of them at any time.

W. W. LOUGEE TO GIVE TROPHIES

Manager Walter W. Lougee of the Boston Arena announced Monday night that he will present to the champion team of the Interscholastic Hockey League for the season of 1913 a large cup and seven medals. The Interscholastic League is made up of Arlington high, Melrose high, Somerville high and Rindge technical schools. Last winter Melrose won the championship.

POLO CHALLENGE ARRIVES

NEW YORK—By the receipt of a formal challenge for the Westchester cup now in possession of the Polo Association of North America, an international polo match between England and this country was practically assured for next year. The Burlingham club which will dominate the field in England proposes that the matches be held early in June.

RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

Here is Golf Illustrated's review of the caddie problem from "The Rough and the Fair Way," the publication of the Agenda Club, referred to last week. It speaks for itself.

"The importance of the caddie question, and the interest taken by many of the leading clubs in the supervision of caddies during their term of employment on the links and the provision of a suitable career in after life, renders the little book now before us worthy of the careful perusal of all who are interested in the welfare of these deserving servants of golf. A special committee of the Agenda Club has collected statistics from 29 of the leading metropolitan clubs which have more or less organized systems of caddie employment, and these figures, with additional information from some provincial clubs—notably Birkdale (one of the pioneers of the betterment of the caddie), Eastbourne, Sheringham, West Cornwall, Mullion, Royal St. George's—have enabled the committee to draw up a report which throws much light on the question, and a set of recommendations which should be of great value to golf club committees in dealing with their caddies.

"To get the right sort of boy or man (though, as the reader of the book will find, the adult caddie is recommended only with much reservation); to look after his welfare during his term of caddying; and to provide him with the training necessary for his future career—these are the main points to be borne in mind by the committee of a club. The club which neglects all or any of these essentials is neglecting its duty, and the individual golfer who wilfully or carelessly neglects to do what he can to further such essentials is helping to encourage an evil which has long been a reproach to golf, and which will eventually react grievously upon the game.

"In the vast majority of clubs today the caddie works for 2½ hours a day, and is idle for the remainder of a day, which averages nine hours all the year round: and this is a regular caddie, whose services are in constant demand. The idle hours of a casual caddie largely exceed this. How best to fill up the caddie's spare time is one of the problems tackled by the Agenda Club.

"In the vast majority of clubs today no provision whatever is made for feeding the caddie; nor are any facilities whatever given in sanitary matters. And the shelter provided for the caddie is usually a shed with an earth floor, generally without a window in it.

"The earnings of the caddie are comparatively high—for boys, at any rate; and when regarded in relation to the hours of work they are princely. A boy who can earn 9s. 9d. in 22½ hours is comparatively well paid; and with extras he can add another 3s. for the same number of hours. But the average caddie's earnings are intermittent, and always dependent on conditions of weather. A system of regular weekly wages, based on the average of the caddie's weekly earnings, has been adopted by a few clubs, and it is well worth consideration by others.

"That the system, or want of system, in vogue at most clubs breeds idleness and develops "wasters" cannot be denied. The recommendations of the Agenda Club aim at producing some self-reliant boys, well fed and cared for, and trained in their leisure hours to fit them for more serious and permanent occupations."

AMERICAN LEAGUE OWNERS ASSEMBLE

CHICAGO—Almost every American league magnate was expected to arrive in this city today for the league meeting which begins tomorrow. Fielder H. Jones, former manager of the Chicago Americans, and Robert B. McRoy, formerly secretary of the league, and now treasurer of the world's champion Boston Americans, were here early doing liberal handshaking among the local baseball men.

McRoy said that the attempt made by Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston to have him separated from the Boston club was "only another of the mayor's schemes for getting publicity for himself. I do not intend to resign from the Boston club, and I do not expect to be asked to quit," he said.

President B. B. Johnson of the league said that he knew nothing of the report that Fielder H. Jones was likely to become manager of the New York Americans. If any such negotiations are opened, he said, former President Comiskey's consent would have to be obtained by President Farrell of New York.

TO CAPTAIN GEORGETOWN ELEVEN

WASHINGTON—Harry Costello of Meriden, Conn., quarterback and halfback on this year's football team of Georgetown University, has been elected captain for 1913.

GIFTS FOR MEN

Evening Dress clothes to order. Dinner Sacks; House Jackets; Dress Waistcoats of white silk, black satin and white pique; also a line of Knitted Ties and Walking Sticks from the best London firms, in exclusive designs not found elsewhere.

F. D. SOMERS & CO., Tailors
30 YEARS AT NO. 5 PARK STREET

Photo Books
For Christmas Gifts. Hundreds of styles for Kodak Pictures, etc.
57-63 Franklin St.
WARD'S

HARVARD TO SEND A STRONG CHESS TEAM TO NEW YORK MEET

Confident of Winning the Annual Tournament of the Intercollegiate Chess Association Dec. 22, 23 and 24

FIRST LISTS FILED

The members of the Harvard Chess Club feel confident that the men who will play on the team that will represent the college at the annual intercollegiate tournament to be held in New York Dec. 22, 23 and 24 will be able to defeat all comers. The list that the club has filed with Edward A. Caswell, chairman of the intercollegiate committee includes: J. R. Morton '13, president of the club W. B. Harris, G. S., who will captain the team; S. Seiniger '13, B. Winkelman '15, C. Fabens '13, F. M. Currier '16, F. R. Hurley '13, E. F. Lenge '13, D. M. Beers '15, H. C. Place '14 and R. Goggeshall '16.

It is probable that J. R. Morton, W. B. Harris, S. Seiniger and B. Winkelman will be selected to represent the college at the meet. The competition will be between Harvard, Yale, Columbia and Princeton, Yale and Princeton having already submitted the list of players they will send to the tournament.

Besides the players included in the list submitted to the secretary of the meet, Harvard has four other first-class players that she could call on if necessary, H. L. Perrin, E. R. Hawley, L. R. Ford and F. B. Beal.

With the opening of the college baseball season next spring the activity of the club will increase. It is the custom of visiting baseball teams from the colleges to bring a chess team with them, to play the team representing the Harvard Chess Club, and the Harvard club sends with the Harvard nine a team to play the chess team of the college which is to meet the Harvard baseball players.

Although the college as a body has not shown much interest in chess, the group of students that belong to the club and who put in their spare time at the club rooms playing the game are very much interested. With the exception of class games and games with teams formed of members of the club, few matches will be played during the winter following the New York tournament.

MAY HAVE BOARD TO CONTROL GAME

Initial action toward the formation of a hockey league in this city was taken at the Boston Athletic Association Monday, when representatives of the club and college teams gathered to discuss the proposition. Although nothing definite was done, it appears as if the next meeting would find all parties ready for the formal organization.

This organization means also a board to control hockey in this city. The B. A. A. was represented by George V. Brown, manager, and Alfred Winsor, coach of the B. A. A. and Harvard teams; Walter Lougee appeared for the Boston Arena; John Norfolk for the Pilgrim A. A., and Fred Hurlburt for the Technology team. Another meeting will be held later in the week.

ELECTRIC MEN TO MEET

PORTLAND, Ore.—Electrical contractors from various parts of the state will gather in Portland Dec. 17 and 18, to attend the annual convention of the Oregon Electrical Contractors Association in Moose hall, Seventh and Morrison streets.

A. Shuman & Co.



CANES FOR CHRISTMAS

Excellent selection of Walking Sticks of the best woods. $2.00 to $10.00. See our Malacca Sticks at $3.00.

Gillette Safety Razors $5 to $7.50

Shuman Corner
Boston

WORK ON PLANS FOR DORCHESTER SUBWAY IS BEGUN BY BOARD

Preliminary work on plans for the proposed new subway that is to give Dorchester rapid transit was begun today by the transit commission following the passage, yesterday, of an order providing $3000 for drawing up these plans. The money was transferred from the reserve fund on the recommendation of Mayor Fitzgerald and the transit commission.

The new subway will extend from Andrew square into Dorchester to a point not further out than Codman square.

This was but one of the many actions taken yesterday by council along lines of public improvements and as a result members of committees are today considering projects involving considerable money.

Among these is an order introduced by Councilor Coulthurst that the council provide $500,000 for new streets. Another is a loan order put in by Mr. Coulthurst for $100,000 with which to erect a municipal building in Roslindale.

Mayor Fitzgerald recommended that the $8400 left of the Parkman fund income be turned over to the park commission for the extension of the zoo.

Louis K. Rourke, commissioner of public works, answered questions previously put to him by Councilor Smith relative to street lighting. He said it was the intention of the mayor to install 1500 substitute electric lamps for gas light and that no more substitutions are planned at this time.

From street lighting the council turned to the high price of coal, passing resolutions presented by the mayor favoring an immediate investigation of the coal situation by Congress.

The council voted to provide $5000 for engineering plans in connection with the City Hall annex as recommended by Ralph Comfort, the New York space expert.

The mayor urged that the council appropriate $60,000 more for the new high pressure water system. Already $150,000 has been appropriated for this work.

The council voted to change the name of Lewis Park, Roxbury, which was named after former Mayor Lewis, to Alva Kittredge Park, in honor of the man who gave this land to the city. It voted to name the square at Eustis and Mall streets, Roxbury, Governor Eustis square, and the square at Cabot and Hampshire streets, Seaver square.

Councilor Smith resumed his criticism of the assessing system which was defended by Councilor Kenny.

ELECTION EFFECTS ON THREE PARTIES TOLD REFORM CLUB

Three speakers, each representing one of the leading parties, gave the Reform Club their estimates of the effect of the election at a dinner at the Parker house last night. The president, Henry W. Lamb, in presenting them, said that the Democratic party would be judged by the manner in which it handles the tariff, banking and the civil service.

Charles S. Hamlin, speaking for the Democratic party, found the chief issue settled by the election to be the tariff, which is to be reformed with a view to the ultimate substitution of the revenue system for the protective.

Samuel L. Powers, for the Republicans, contended there was no essential difference between the Republican and Progressive parties, and predicted that the Democrats would stay in power until there is harmony between them. Mr. Powers nominated Mr. Hamlin for a cabinet seat.

Dr. George L. Perin insisted that there is a clear difference between the Republican and Progressive parties. The idealism of social justice, he said, is the force behind the new party.

SHOE MARKET HALL BURNED

BROCKTON, Mass.—A general alarm was sounded for a fire here early today that caused damage estimated at $10,000. The Fraser house was in the middle of the fire zone and its 100 guests prepared to get out. The Shoe Market hall building, in the rear of which the fire started, was practically destroyed. The Outlet Clothing Company, Shoe Market Company, Feroli Brothers, Gales hall and the headquarters of Maj. James A. Frye camp, S. W. V., were all damaged by fire and water. The cause is unknown.

CURTIS GUILD IS PRESIDENT

The annual election of officers of the Puritan Club took place Monday with the following results: Curtis Guild, president; James Monroe Olmstead, vice-president; James P Parker, treasurer; Edwin Sheafe, secretary, and Ivers Shepard Adams, George Lee, Joseph W. Lund, Theodore Chapin Beebe, Eugene H. Clapp and Francis L. Coolidge, board of governors.

PASTOR IS RECALLED

The Rev. James Todd, who last October retired from the pulpit of the Fourth Presbyterian church, East Boston, was invited to return by a unanimous vote of the congregation last evening. The Rev. Mr. Todd gave up his pastorate to become secretary of the Lord's Day League of New England, formerly the New England Sabbath Protective League

STRENGTH OF FAVOR TO B. & M. OWNERSHIP NOTED BY MR. RICH

With so many advocating state ownership of the Boston & Maine railroad, or at least separation from the New Haven railroad, Edgar J. Rich, general solicitor of the Boston & Maine foresees a ruinous management of the road by politicians, according to his address before the New England Association of Purchasing Agents at the Exchange Club Monday night.

Mr. Rich regards as weighty and basis for his own declarations the position taken by Joseph B. Russell, recently retired as president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and having a very large voting power in the Boston & Maine road, for Mr. Russell has declared favorably for state ownership of that road.

"There is more than a chance that Massachusetts will take over the Boston & Maine railroad," says Mr. Rich. "At best, though, it is a selfish, dog-in-the-manger policy, which ignores the rights of sister states through which the system passes. And what if it means not state ownership, but turning the road over to private capital? Will it be Massachusetts capital? The Massachusetts capitalists have not the courage to invest in New England railroads."

Henry J. Horn, vice-president of the New Haven road, spoke of the rulings of the interstate commerce commission as a deterrent factor in railroad management and as the cause of lower rates than were possible if improvements were to be made.

BOWDOIN SCHOOL ALUMNAE ELECT

At the annual meeting of the Bowdoin School Alumnae Association, held last evening at the home of the president, Mrs. Lue Stuart Wadsworth, 628 Massachusetts avenue, South End, Mrs. Wadsworth was reelected president, and the other officers are Mrs. Geanie Campbell Whittier '73, vice-president; Miss Eudora W. Pitcher '69, secretary; Miss Julia G. L. Morse '83, treasurer; Miss Sarah L. Mecuen '62, auditor; Mrs. Nellie Greer Neal '72, Miss Fannie B. Gridley '67 and Mrs. Essie Campbell Nye '72, directors for three years; Mrs. Mary Norris Chamberlain 71, Mrs. Mary Williams Engley '73 and Mrs. Linda Forbush Allen '87, directors for two years; Mrs. Isabel Sumner Dunbar '66, Mrs. Lizzie Keever Campbell '79 and Miss Emma Flora Crocker '75, directors for one year. Miss Florence B. Rogers '83 was elected chairman of the entertainment committee and Mrs. Helen G. McDonald '76, chairman of the hospitality committee.

DAY NURSERY HOLDS FAIR

To help raise the $4000 due on a mortgage is the purpose of the twelvth annual fair of the South End Day Auxiliary at the Copley-Plaza. The fair is open today and this evening from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. tomorrow. The program includes luncheon from 12 to 2:30 and from 3 to 5. The affair is being directed by Mrs. Stanley P. Clemens, president of the auxiliary, and a long list of patronesses are giving their support. The South End day nursery, 25 Dover street, is a sunny house where working mothers may leave their children during the day by paying a fee of five cents for each child.

CHURCH SERVICE AT 2:30 A. M.

Religious services are to be held every Sunday morning at 2:30 o'clock in St. Paul's cathedral, according to the announcement made by the Very Rev. Edmund S. Rousmaniere, dean of the cathedral, at the banquet of the Episcopalian Club in the Hotel Vendome last evening. This, the dean said, will be a preliminary step toward the adoption of the English system of holding services every hour of the day. He asked that his parishioners aid him in this purpose.

SPEAKERS LEAGUE REVIVED

NEW YORK—The "Republican Speakers League of the United States," with Senator Root and other prominent Republicans at its head, will begin work early in 1915 on active propaganda for the Republican party. The league held its first meeting here Monday, when a committee of nine submitted a constitution and officers were elected to serve for four years.

VIEWS ON CHAPEL GIVEN

Just what the chapel means to the undergraduates at Harvard University and what it stands for was explained in addresses given the freshmen last evening by A. Lawrence Lowell, the president, Prof. George H. Palmer and Dr. A. P. Fitch. The views were given as those of the head of the university, a lay member of the faculty and a preacher.

REGIMENT PLANS RECEPTION

Officers of the ninth regiment, M. V. M., are to give a reception to the officers of the state, army, navy and marine corps in the East Newton Street armory Jan. 31. Governor Foss and his council, Mayor Fitzgerald and the city council are to be invited and Col. Edward L. Logan will be the chairman of the occasion.

ODD FELLOWS VISIT QUINCY

QUINCY, Mass.—Twenty candidates received the golden rule degree at the meeting of Manet encampment, No. 75, I. O. O. F. of Quincy, last evening. Officers of the grand encampment of Massachusetts, Patriarchs Militant and Buckingham encampment of Boston were entertained. Chief Patriarch Walter H. Walker acted as master of ceremonies.

TWO ESSENTIALS URGED FOR TUFTS TO MAINTAIN RANK

MEDFORD, Mass.—Necessity of increasing Tufts' endowment fund and higher salaries for the instruction corps were the two principal topics in acting-President W. L. Hooper's annual report to the trustees just published.

If Tufts' College is to retain its present position in the United States work must be begun at once, says the report, to increase the endowment fund.

Regarding the scholastic position of Tufts, the report said that Dr. Arthur Kendrick C. Babcock, a specialist on higher education, who on behalf of the government investigated 344 institutions of learning, ranked Tufts as one of the 59 colleges in the first class.

PORT EXPERTS UNITE FOR UNIFORM PLANS TO BETTER HARBORS

NEW YORK—Development of port organization and uniformity of methods of administration will be undertaken along Atlantic and Pacific seaboards and in gulf and Great lakes harbors by the National Association of Port Authorities, organized here Monday by port officials and other delegates from many American cities having waterfront problems.

Welcoming addresses were made by Mayor Gaynor and Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins and a permanent organization was formed with the following officers:

Calvin Tompkins of New York, president; Col. Goethals, chairman of the Panama isthmian commission, and Harry Pillans of Mobile, Ala., first and second vice-presidents; Alexander R. Smith of this city, secretary; H. C. Gahn of Cleveland, treasurer.

Directors elected are Col. William M. Black, U. S. A., of New York, Gen. Hugh Bancroft of Boston, C. M. Gordon of Los Angeles, Mayor W. R. Mayo of Norfolk, Va., and W. A. McKernaghen.

On Wednesday most of the delegates here will inspect the port of Boston and on Thursday that of Philadelphia. At a future time dates will be fixed and similar inspections will be made at western ports.

Among matters discussed were harmonious cooperation among ports, policy of railroads in "making or breaking" ports through freight distribution, private ownership versus public control of waterfront property, and federal jurisdiction over railroad competition of interport traffic.

ARLINGTON HAS PAGEANT PLAN

ARLINGTON, Mass. — The Woman's Club will meet in Associates hall this evening to present to various town organizations their plans for a historical pageant to be given at the dedication of the new Robbins memorial town hall in April. All the organizations, associations and lodges in Arlington have been invited to be represented at the meeting by their presidents and two delegates.

Mrs. Frank D. Sawyer, first vice-president, and chairman of the pageant committee, will preside. Mrs. Cyrus E. Dallin will outline the plans for the pageant. If the project is favorably received by the town, the Woman's Club will go to work at once on the pageant. Already the club has voted $100 to the pageant committee.

MUSIC

"LA BOHEME"

At the Boston opera house for the beginning of the third week of grand opera "La Boheme" was the bill last night. Miss Lucrezia Bori was the Mimi. Part of the interest in the performance centered in the first appearance of Jose Mardones for this season. He had the part of Colline, the chief distinction of which is the "coat song" in the last act. This he took satisfactorily and his voice proved as charming on rehearing as its recollection of last season. Miss Bori was in good voice, and sang her part sweetly and at need forcefully. Mr. Moranzoni's emphasis of the orchestral part of the music was somewhat unusual and gave the effect of drowning the voices at times. The performance of Miss Dereyne as Musetta stood out and the rest of the parts were praiseworthy.

FILENE CHORAL CONCERT

In Copley hall Monday evening the Filene Choral Club, a singing organization formed by employees of the William Filene's Sons Company and directed by R. Le R. Harlow, made its first public appearance, giving a concert with the assistance of the Lynn Orchestral Club, Arthur B. Keene, conductor. Among the choral pieces which won the especial applause of the audience was the bridal chorus from Cowen's "Rose Maiden" and the Barcarolle from "The Tales of Hoffmann." The club has the solo assistance of Mme. Wilhelmina Wright Calvert, soprano, Marie Zelezney, violinist, and Mary Pumphrey, accompanist.

The officers of the Filene Choral Club are as follows: President, William E. Brink; vice-president, Miss Elizabeth M. Zell; secretary, Miss Eugenia L. Goodwin; treasurer J. A. Simpson.

Y. M. C. A. GETS $75,000

PETERSBURG, Va.—After a campaign of 10 days in which men, women and schoolboys participated, the necessary $75,000 for the erection of a Young Men's Christian Association building in Petersburg has been pledged.

$105,000 ORDERS FOR MUNICIPAL BUILDING PLEASE ROSLINDALE

Residents of Roslindale are rejoicing over the city's prompt response to their appeal for a municipal building. At the city council meeting yesterday Councilor Coulthurst offered a loan order appropriating $100,000 for such a building.

Mayor Fitzgerald, who had told 150 residents at a hearing in the morning that he would sign such an order if the council passed it, gave further impetus to the project by asking that $5000 be transferred from the reserve fund to be used in studying plans for this structure.

The orders were referred to the committee on finance and Councilor Kenny, chairman, has promised Roslindale another hearing today or tomorrow.

Mrs. George A. Tyzzer, president of the Roslindale Community Club, who presented the petition to the mayor, said today that the district feels optimistic over the prospect of obtaining the building.

"I am told by nearly all the representatives of clubs and organizations in West Roxbury," says Mrs. Tyzzer, "that West Roxbury would rather have the building in Roslindale than in Forest Hills and inasmuch as they do not hope to get more than library accommodations there they are ready to help us get the building in Roslindale.

"Forest Hills wanted the building, but as Roslindale is the geographical center, it is obvious that the structure should be there."

The proposed building would contain a large assembly hall, library and reading room and a gymnasium and swimming pool.

THREE FREIGHT LINES TO BROCKTON NOW ESTABLISHED

With another trolley freight express service between Brockton and Mattapan, three routes connecting Brockton and Boston have been established. The new service joins the Boston Elevated at Mattapan and comes to the Harrison avenue terminal in Boston. The cars leave Brockton at 9 a. m., arrive at Mattapan 10:10 and reach this city about 10:50 a. m. At 11:50 a. m. the return journey is made. Another trip starts in Brockton at 2:30 p. m.

After the cars leave Brockton they run to Avon through to Randolph, Milton and Mattapan. Here they go on the Elevated lines via Blue Hill avenue to the freight terminal in Boston. The order authorizing this route was given by the railroad commission Saturday. As business increases more trips will be undertaken.

The freight routes now established in addition to the new one are from Brockton to Avon, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy, Neponset and Boston; and Brockton to Holbrook, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy, Neponset and Boston.

BUTLER CREDITORS GET A HEARING

Foreign creditors of the Butler Company, who are seeking to get the full amount of their claims, were heard by Judge Colt in the United States district court today. Charles Perrin of Grenoble, France and Hugo Bondy of Arnstadt, Germany, are the petitioners.

The judge yesterday authorized William Filene's Sons Company to terminate the lease which William S. Butler & Co. has held on its former store at the corner of Washington and Winter streets.

Several creditors have filed charges of insolvency against the Butler Company for the purpose of administering the estate in bankruptcy while the receivers have set up a technical defense so as to have the Butler Company, Gilchrist's and Everybody's Store administered as a whole.

Judge Morton will hear parties on this question Saturday.

DEMOCRATS TO HOLD BANQUET

State leaders of the Democratic party are planning to hold a banquet after the annual meeting, Jan. 2. Governor Foss, David I. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor-elect, and Frank J. Donahue, successful Democratic candidate for secretary of state, will be asked to speak. An invitation may be extended to Democratic congressmen-elect.

At the Democratic state headquarters today the report was confirmed that Judge Thomas P. Riley, chairman of the Democratic committee, and other officers would undoubtedly be reelected at the annual meeting.

ALLEGED DYNAMITE PAY DENIED

INDIANAPOLIS — Charles Wachtmeister, a Detroit defendant in the dynamite conspiracy trial, the last witness heard Monday, denied that Hiram Cline, an organizer and codefendant, ever gave him $100 or arranged with him to cause buildings to be blown up in Detroit. Other defendants who testified, bringing the number up to 11, were Edward E. Phillips, Syracuse, N. Y.; Patrick F. Farrell, New York, and Frank J. Murphy, Detroit.

FIRE IN NEWSSTAND

Elevated trains were stalled at the North station eight minutes this morning when a fire said to have been caused by an overheated heater in the newsstand at the Elevated station destroyed its contents. The damage amounted to about $100.

CONSTRUCTION WORK AT COMMONWEALTH PIER IS COMMENCED

Reconstruction work at the Commonwealth pier began today when engineers for H. P. Converse & Co. of Boston began laying out the lines. At the same time laborers were put at work on excavations for the pier column foundations.

The Converse company on Monday was awarded the contract for reconstructing and equipping the pier, one portion to be ready May 1 for the Hamburg-American line, at the figure of $1,017,258.70.

Barrows-Stewart company were the lowest bidders but their check for $10,000 had not been certified as required, and the directors considered that, although they reserved the right to waive all irregularities, the contract should be given to the next lowest bidder.

The contract is for about three-quarters of the entire work, the remainder to be completed later by the contractor or some other company at a stipulated profit of 7½ per cent above the actual cost of the material and work.

A bond for $500,000 is required of the contractor for surety that the work will be carried out as specified.

PILGRIMS' LANDING CELEBRATION BILL IS FILED IN HOUSE

Establishment of a commission of three for the purpose of drawing plans for the celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth, in 1920, was requested in a petition filed by Walter Gilman Page at the State House yesterday. The bill provides that one member of the commission shall be appointed by the Governor, one by the Pilgrim Society and the third by the Massachusetts Historical Society.

Other bills filed yesterday are as follows:

Representative-elect William M. Robinson of Chelsea, requesting that the park commissioners be permitted to enclose the Carter street playground in Chelsea for the purposes of an athletic field.

Representative John J. Murphy of Boston, requesting that the minimum wage of laborers in the city of Boston be $2.50 per day.

Senator Edward C. R. Bagley of East Boston, requesting that railroad corporations be required to issue 12-ride tickets between all stations where 50-ride tickets are now in force, and at the same proportionate rate.

Representativie Charles L. Underhill, requesting that the age limit at which children may leave school be raised from 14 to 15 years.

Representative-elect William M. Robinson, requesting that the state assume part of the burden of maintaining the public schools.

Eli W. Hall, requesting an appropriation of $92,000 for the Soldiers' home in Chelsea.

SPANISH WAR CAMPS ELECT

STONEHAM, Mass.—Two local patriotic organizations, Leon E. Warren camp, U. S. W. V., and Mary Scarlett Auxiliary No. 1, elected officers last night. The camp chose: Commander, S. E. Barnstead; senior vice-commander, P. J. Scanjan; junior vice-commander, E. J. Young; chaplain, C E. Patch; officer of the day, John Lawson; officer of the guard, George Perry.

The auxiliary chose the following officers: President, Mrs. Nellie K. Patch; senior vice-president, Mrs. Mary E. Bockus; junior vice-president, Mrs. Carrie L. Bancroft; chaplain, Mrs. Bertha H. Fisher; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Florence .C. Thayer; historian, Mrs. Angie R. Turnbull; conductor, Mrs. Rose McGovern; assistant conductor, Mrs. Mary Young; guard, Mrs. Annie Lawson; assistant guard, Mrs. Maude Barnstead; secretary, Mrs. Annie B. Mercer; treasurer, Mrs. Mina Gay.

WOMEN ASK MORE PAY

WASHINGTON—Through Congressman Roberts of Chelsea, Mass., the 15 charwomen employed at the Boston postoffice have presented a petition to the secretary of the treasury in which they ask for an increase in pay from $25 a month to whatever amount Secretary MacVeagh thinks proper.

GERMANY DECLARED STRONG

That the United States could not at this time withstand a German military invasion was one of the statements made by Maj. Francis C. Marshall of the second United States cavalry in an address to 250 Harvard students at the Harvard Union last night.

STONE PLURALITY INCREASED

QUINCY, Mass.—As a result of the recount of the votes cast for mayor at the municipal election, Dec. 3, returns show that Mayor Eugene R. Stone was reelected over James H. Penniman by a plurality of 138. The election day returns gave the plurality as 48.

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

TOMORROW, 8 to 10:45. TOSCA. Garden, Gaudenzi, Marcoux. Cond., Moranzoni.
FRI. 8 to 11. THAIS. Garden, Fisher, Swartz, Wilson, Scotney, De Potter, Marcoux. Cond., Andre-Caplet.
SAT. 2 to 5. MME. BUTTERFLY. Dereyne, Swartz, McCormack, Polese. Cond., Moranzoni.
SAT 8 to 10:50. LUCIA. Scotney, Foruari, Sacchetti. Cond., Lyford. Popular Prices.
SUNDAY ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS, 3:15 to 4:45. 25c to $1.
DEC. 15. French Program. Ysaye, soloist.
DEC. 22. Russian Program. Marcoux, soloist.
Downtown Ticket Office, 162 Boylston St.
Mason & Hamlin Pianos Used.
Address Mail Orders to Box Office.

Long Kimonos of Cheney Silk

At 2.95



It seems almost impossible to be true. Nearly every one knows how many yards it takes for a kimono and what the price of this silk is by the yard. These two facts will convince most women what great values they are. Chandler & Co. would like to have 500 at this price, but could only get a small lot in time for the sale. There are a variety of colors and patterns. Nothing more practicable for a Christmas gift. Special price

$2.95

Tremont St. Near West — Chandler & Co. — Tremont St. Near West

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Army Orders

WASHINGTON — Capt. L. Parsons, cavalry, to Walter Reed general hospital, D. C., for observation.

First Lieut. W. Goodwin, Jr., fifth infantry, is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Connecticut Agricultural College, Storrs, Conn.

Col. W. W. Gray, medical corps, retirement announced.

Navy Orders

Ensign M. H. Anderson, detached the California to the Whipple.

Passed Assistant Surgeon A. L. Clifton, to receiving ship at Boston, Mass., Dec. 27, 1912.

Assistant Paymaster A. H. Mayo, detached the Baltimore to the Tonopah.

Chief Boatswain Joseph Heil, detached naval academy to the Michigan, Dec. 28, 1912.

Boatswain Isidore Nordstrom, detached navy yard, New York, to the North Dakota.

Paymaster Clerk H. F. Gallagher, appointment revoked.

Ensign L. L. Lindley, to the Montenrey.

Ensign J. R. Moore, to naval hospital, Mare Island, Cal.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. A. Randall, to naval station, Cavite, P. I.

Paymaster E. A. McMillan, detached the Wilmington to home.

Passed Assistant Paymaster W. H. Wilterdink, detached Helena to home.

Assistant Paymaster J. D. Coyle, detached the Rainbow to the Helena.

Assistant Paymaster W. E. Moorman, to the Rainbow.

Assistant Paymaster A. H. Eddins, to the Wilmington.

Marine Corps Orders

Colonel J. H. Pendleton, detached first provisional regiment to the United States.

Movements of Naval Vessels

The Sterling is at Sewall point.

The El is at Annapolis.

The Montana is at Alexandretta, Asia Minor.

The Buffalo is at Corinto.

The Prairie is at Philadelphia.

The Rhode Island is at Hampton roads.

The Tallahassee has left Judith sound, Chesapeake bay, for Norfolk.

The Worden is at Charleston.

The Macdonough is at Charleston.

The Des Moines is at Port Arthur, Texas.

The Ontario, the Sonoma and the Newark have left Guantanamo for Norfolk.

The Nashan is at Guam.

The Rainbow is at Canton.

The Denver is at San Diego.

The Montgomery is at Norfolk.

The Idaho is at Philadelphia.

The Mayflower is at Hampton Roads.

The Ajax and the Osceola are at Lynnhaven bay.

Navy Notes

The flag of the commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet has been transferred temporarily from the Saratoga to the Rainbow.

The Cumberland has relieved the Newark as station ship at the naval station, Guantanamo bay, Cuba.

The Henley was placed in commission at the navy yard, Boston, Mass., on Dec. 6, 1912.

Paymaster-General T. J. Cowie, chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts, in the annual report states that the value of naval and other stores now on hand is $168,449,013.

Not more than 2500 men will be affected at the Washington navy yard by the recent executive order placing all skilled mechanics in navy yards under the classified service. Rear Admiral F. E. Beatty, commandant of the yard, reported Monday to the secretary of the navy that his final estimate would fall 500 short of the first one.

Lieut. Commander Irwin F. Landis has gone before the retiring board at Mare island, Cal., for examination. He was formerly attached to the cruiser Colorado, but three months ago received a leave.

Capt. C. H. Lyman of the marine corps, has reported for duty at Mare island, Cal., from Bremerton, Wash. Captain Lyman took charge of the naval prison on Dec. 1, relieving Capt. Jay M. Salladay, who is ordered to command the marine guard at the American legation at Peking.

ROTARY CLUB CLOSES EXHIBIT

"Ladies' night" closed the industrial exhibition of the Boston Rotary Club at Horticultural Hall last night. About 500 persons were present. The evening was set apart wholly for the members and their families, the public exhibition having closed on Saturday.

The evening's program included a vocal and instrumental entertainment by a quintet composed of Walter E. Anderson, John E. Daniels, Dr. Arthur Gould, Augustus T. Beatey and Robert Nichols. There was also a gymnastic exhibition by a class from the Boston Y. M. C. A.

SOUTH AMERICA GETTING LUMBER

After an interval of several months, the demand for lumber in South America has been revived, according to charters of vessels to load here for Argentina. The British bark Gael, which has been tied up here since the early part of August, unable to get a charter, cleared today for Buenos Aires. She will probably leave tomorrow with a cargo of 1,463,000 feet of white pine and 74,211 of hard pine.

At Mystic docks, the bark John S. Emery is now taking on a cargo of lumber for South America, while the Lofthus, a Norwegian vessel, now at Weymouth discharging guanos, has also been chartered for the lumber trade.

You Get

both a Dependable Service and an Economical Service from Electric Vehicles Equipped With

"Exide" Batteries

"Ironclad-Exide" "Exide"
"Hycap-Exide" "Thin-Exide"

Isn't this what you want in *your* "Electric?"

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY CO.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Boston Office—69 State Street
FRANK J. STONE, Manager
Telephone Fort Hill 1080
Local "Exide" Depot for new batteries and renewals

BIG VOTE REPORTED IN FIFTEEN CITIES IN MASSACHUSETTS

Mayoralty, Aldermanic or School Committee Campaigns Make Elections of Interest in Municipalities

WOMEN CAST VOTES

Comparatively heavy voting in nearly all of the 15 Massachusetts cities holding municipal elections was experienced up to and through the noon hour today. The brisk balloting was claimed to be due to the close contests for mayor and other municipal offices and school committee. The voters are also casting their ballots on the license question. One exception to the marked strength of the vote at noon was that of Somerville, where a light vote was reported. It is expected, however, that before 8 p. m. a large vote will be cast. A feature of the voting, as at the city election last Tuesday, were the new recruits among the women voters.

There are 6000 women on the voting list of Lowell and in Lynn many women will cast their first vote for school committee candidates today.

In Somerville there are 13,854 men and 1645 women qualified to vote. Many contests feature the elections, there being contests in the mayoralty and in all the wards for councilmen and school committee. Mayor Charles A. Burns is a candidate for reelection on the Republican ticket. The Democratic candidate is Frederick J. White, while the Progressives are supporting Arthur W. Glines for mayor.

Campaign interest varies in the several cities according to the contests to be decided. In Newton, Lowell and Lawrence no mayor is elected this year, chief executives being chosen last year for two year terms. Consequently here the main interest is in candidates for alderman or councilman, although in Lowell interest in the school committee situation is particularly keen.

Besides the Republican and Democratic candidates for aldermen in Newton there are this year several independents and the extra campaigning as a result of the numerous candidates has stirred up unusual interest. The Progressive party is taking no party interest in the city election, but some of its members are said to be preparing for a mayoral campaign in 1913.

Several cities not only have close contests for mayor, but also on the license question, following weeks of campaigning. This is true in Newburyport and Lynn especially. In the former city there are five candidates for mayor. This has resulted in a continuous campaign with interest especially among the younger voters. Last year Newburyport went no-license by only 38 votes and the no-license workers have been working hard to raise this majority today.

The license question overshadows even the mayoral contest in Lynn where Mayor William P. Connery is opposed by state Senator George H. Newhall. This city, after a long period with license, has been in the no-license column for five successive years and the slogan of the no-license campaigners is: "Make it six." Finance Commissioner Frank A. Turnbull and Highway Commissioner George H. McPhetres are expected to be reelected for another term.

Other cities now in the no-license column which vote today are Malden, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Everett, Beverly, Somerville and Woburn.

In Woburn there is a close contest on license but until very recently there has been little general interest in the mayoral contest. Two candidates are in the field, Elmer E. Silver, Republican and Citizens' nomination, and William H. Henchey, Democrat. There is considerable interest in the board of public works contest with three candidates for the place.

Malden has but two candidates for mayor, Mayor George L. Farrell and Frank M. Sawtell. Nevertheless an unusually large vote is said to be expected. A well-attended rally at the Malden auditorium Sunday was one of the closing features of the no-license campaign. Bishop Edwin H. Hughes of California, formerly a pastor in Malden, was the special speaker.

Thirteen candidates for the seven positions as alderman-at-large is a feature of the campaign in Medford. There are also contests for ward aldermen in wards 1, 4, 5 and 7. Mayor Charles S. Taylor is opposed for a reelection by Dr. C. D. Clark, who is running on independent nomination papers. This city is expected to go no-license as usual.

Melrose has a three-cornered contest for mayor—Mayor Charles E. French, who is after a reelection, and former Aldermen Oliver B. Monroe and Thomas H. Gilman. Even with this contest and the one where five candidates are seeking the three places as alderman-at-large, interest appears to be greatest in the referendum on the question of directing the park commissioners to enclose a part of the park property for an athletic field. The high school alumni generally are backing the movement for the field.

A statement by Alderman William S. Young, who was an unsuccessful aspirant at the primaries, urging the reelection of Mayor James H. Malone of Chelsea, has added new zest to the unusually active municipal campaign in that city. Mayor Malone's opponent is former Mayor Edward E. Williard. There is also considerable interest in the referendum to appear on the ballot as to whether there shall be an increase in salary for the members of the police and fire departments. Besides a mayor, Chelsea will elect two aldermen-at-large, five ward aldermen and five school committeemen.

Everett has the distinction of being the only city voting today which has a candidate for mayor unopposed. No one has been found to take the field against Mayor James I. Chambers. There are plenty of contests among the aldermanic candidates, however. A vigorous campaign to keep the city in the no-license column was brought to a climax Sunday when many of the churches held special no-license services.

In Beverly there is also the contest to keep out the licensed saloon and in addition, a four-cornered contest for mayor, the supporters of each candidate having been increasingly active as the hour for balloting drew near.

The mayoral contest in Worcester between Mayor David F. O'Connell and George M. Wright has developed into one of the most interesting in years and is expected to be the feature of today's voting. The backers of David A. Scott, a candidate for alderman-at-large, also have been noticeably active.

Mayor Frank A. Rivers of Chicopee, elected last year as an independent, is seeking a reelection and is opposed by Ernest Dalton, Republican, and William J. Dunn, Democrat.

Two more cities, Salem and North Adams, plan to hold their municipal election next Tuesday.

ALL PROGRESSIVES SHOULD BE IN PARTY SAYS MR. ROOSEVELT

(Continued from page one)

to the platform the colonel arose and stepped across the stage to shake her hand. There was another burst of cheering.

Senator Dixon called the conference to order at 11:05. In opening the convention Senator Dixon said:

"The spirit shown here is a pretty good indication that the cause still moves on. It was only 98 days from the day we founded the Progressive party to the day of election. In those 98 days we organized the whole country down to the precinct and on the fifth of November 4,000,000 men and women voted for the good of the common people. We were second. No such record, no such result, was ever before attained in this country. We have called this conference to place under the superstructure the granite foundation that is to support the great movement.

"The newspapers, many of whom fought us in the campaign, now are printing in big headlines, 'Let's get together.' I remember one Sunday in old North Carolina reading of another 'get together' movement. According to that story, the woman who advocated that movement was kept in her place by being turned into a monument of salt."

The conference burst into great applause as Mr. Roosevelt was introduced.

Colonel Roosevelt, in his speech today, the chief one of the conference, insisted that the Progressive party has come to stay and pleaded with its representatives in both Congress and the state legislatures to try to carry into effect the Progressive legislative program, especially that which would provide for federal supervision of the trusts. Industrial justice for women and children, and for all wage workers, he said, is one of the great problems that must be met immediately.

"We have fought a great fight," said the colonel," and accomplished more in 90 days than ever any party in our history accomplished in such a length of time. We have forced all parties and candidates to give at least lip service to Progressive principles. In this brief campaign we have overthrown the power and corrupt machine that betrayed and strangled the Republican party."

He reviewed the "theft of the delegates" at Chicago and repeated his denunciations of the party bosses. He reiterated the declaration that the Progressive party stands by every item in its platform and insisted that only in its ranks can those who believe in progressive principles hope to secure such reforms.

"Every law proposed in the social and industrial plank of our platform," Mr. Roosevelt continued, "should be pressed and other cognate laws, such as the endowment of widowed mothers. Our people should expound our policies in the schoolhouses and before the grange, as well as in the great industrial centers.

"Farm financing should now receive the consideration it deserves. It will be interesting to note with what success our farmers will take up or adopt the European cooperative financing system of the Raiffeisen type. The greatest field for farmers' cooperation will be in marketing their product, which process now costs them and the consumer dearly. The promptest and largest measure of financing aid would come from mortgage banks chartered, regulated and carefully supervised by the government, operated on the methods of the credit foncier of France.

"No party which denies to the people the right to secure justice, as we Progressives propose, when the courts interpret the constitution so as to enthrone injustice, has the right to claim credit for sincerity in any effort to work for social and industrial justice. The doctrine of the divine right of judges to rule the people is every whit as ignoble as the doctrine of the divine right of kings.

"Fifty years ago the 'conservatives' championed a view of the constitution which perpetuated chattel slavery for black men; the corresponding 'conservatives' of today champion any interpretation of the constitution which perpetuates industrial slavery for white women and children. All Progressives should support the proposed amendment recently introduced by Senator Bristow to secure to the people of the United States proper control of their own government."

Early in the ex-President's remarks he broke away from the set speech.

"Every one in the Republican party," he said, "can get back to the Republicanism of Abraham Lincoln if they come into our party. If they want to get together let them come in. There are only four or five hundred we would bar out. If they subscribe to our platform, their votes will be counted. If they vote one way in the primaries, their votes will not be counted another way. They will be given a square deal. They are not sure of getting it in any other way."

National Chairman Dixon said today that there would be no change in the organization of the party. He said he would remain at the head of the national committee and George W. Perkins would retain the chairmanship of the executive committee.

In addition to the speech by Colonel Roosevelt today, a paper prepared by Dr. Walter Weyl on the English Liberals and the German Socialists, a report by Miss Jane Addams, chairman of a subcommittee, on a plan for financing and organization of the party and an address by Dr. Benjamin Fay Mills on local organization work, are on the program. At a banquet in the Auditorium hotel tonight former Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana will be the chief speaker.

GRAND TRUNK CASE NOW BEING HEARD IN HOUSE COMMITTEE

(Continued from page one)

the stopping on the work should be investigated by Congress.

The committee adjourned at noon until 2 o'clock.

In presenting his petition Representative O'Shaunessy said, in part: "The hand of monopoly which brooks no interference is revealed in an abandoned project on which $1,500,000 had been spent and on which a total expenditure of $4,000,000 had been contracted by way of damages, condemnation suits for involved property and repairs,

"A striking coincidence of the changed attitude of the Grand Trunk officials is the recent visit to London of J. Pierpont Morgan, who no doubt conferred with the executives of the Grand Trunk in that city.

"The absurdity of the financial stringency excuse is apparent when one realizes that the Grand Trunk is continuing its labors in the West, and has engaged 6000 men in its railroad race to the Pacific ocean at a tremendous expenditure.

"Heavy fixed charges on many millions of bonded debts have been incurred by the New Haven to secure possession of companies with doubtful earnings capacity. The policy of this road had been to control and gobble every plant that stood in the way of its absolute monopoly.

"Water competition has been eliminated by the New Haven road, so that the shipper seeking relief from the excessive freight charges of the railroad finds himself in the hands of the same corporation, although he sends his freight by sea.

"Up to the time when the New Haven began purchasing steamboat companies there were 10 independent steamboat lines from New York to different ports in New England. All of these lines are now owned and controlled by the New Haven road. The same policy was employed in the purchase of the steamship lines as in the purchase of the trolley lines.

"This suppression of corporate rivalry by the New Haven company is characteristic of that road's management under President Mellen. His gobbling up of railroads, trolley lines and steamship lines at exorbitant figures, which mean nothing short of a reduced public service, have left one of the richest territories in his absolute grasp. I contend that it is time for a complete and thorough investigation, not only of the recent exhibition of an ingrained and vicious practise, but of all the transactions on the part of this railroad company which has given to the people the monstrosity of a water-logged corporation with a corresponding diminution of effective public service."

Inquiry of Grand Jury Into New Haven Road Rumored to Be Broad

NEW YORK—It developed today that the federal grand jury probe of the alleged unlawful agreement contemplated between the New Haven railroad and the Grand Trunk system has been far more comprehensive than the officials in charge have permitted to become public. The names of only a few of the witnesses called and they comparatively unimportant, have been permitted to become known. Others have been taken to the federal building and by non-public routes to the grand jury room where they have told their stories.

It was reported that, while ostensibly the subject of the inquiry was the Grand Trunk agreement the jury was also examining certain leases that the New Haven has with other companies and also the manner in which it is alleged to control the rail and water transportation of New England.

It was rumored that one of the reasons that President Mellen was so anxious to appear before the grand jury was because the New Haven attorneys had learned that the present inquiry was much more sweeping than had been believed at the outset.

All of the officials connected with the investigation refused to discuss it in any way today. It was said that until indictments are actually returned in open court no knowledge of what the grand jury has done or is doing will become public.

The known witnesses who testified before the federal grand jury today included Dr. I. D. Z. Warner of Bridgeport, Conn.; Timothy Byrnes, vice-president of the New Haven; Arthur E. Clark, secretary of the New Haven railway system, and J. E. Dalrymple, vice-president of the Grand Trunk.

E. J. Chamberlin, president of the Grand Trunk, insisted again today that if the grand jury wants to hear from him he will be "only too glad" to tell all he knows about traffic agreements.

MANGANESE ORE FOUND IN SMALL QUANTITIES IN U. S.

WASHINGTON—The United States geological survey has published, as bulletin 427, a report on the manganese deposits of the United States, by E. C. Harder. The bulletin contains accounts of the geology and chemistry of the ores, the methods of mining, the uses of the metal, and the nature and extent of the industries to which it gives origin.

Manganese ores are found in many parts of the United States, but at only a few places do they occur in sufficient quantity to be of high commercial value.

Most of the manganese ore consumed in this country is imported from Brazil, India and Cuba, smaller amounts being obtained from Russia, Germany, Great Britain, Belgium, Japan, the East Indies and other countries. It is used largely in the manufacture of iron-manganese alloys, and these, together with the imported alloys, are consumed in steel manufacture. A considerable quantity of high-grade foreign ore is used in the manufacture of dry cells for electric batteries.

Most of the domestic manganese ore, with perhaps a small portion of the imported ore, is used in the manufacture of brick and pottery as a coloring material or for other chemical purposes.

UNIVERSITY TO CELEBRATE

AUSTIN, Tex.—The chamber of commerce will cooperate with the officers of the university in the celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the founding of the institution, next June. A "homecoming" is to be one of the big features of the celebration.

EXPERT SAYS COAL OFFERED ARCHBALD FIRM WORTH $35,000

WASHINGTON—When the House managers of the Senate trial of Judge Archbald on impeachment charges met today to prepare for the session this afternoon it was planned to put C. G. Boland of Scranton on the stand as the first witness.

James H. Rittenhouse of Scranton, Pa., an expert mining engineer, who surveyed the Katydid culmbank at Scranton, under the direction of Wrisley Brown of the department of justice, testified Monday that the Erie railroad could have secured $35,000 for the coal out of the refuse, instead of the $4500 for which they agreed to give an option to E. J. Williams, the business associate of Judge Archbald.

The positive statement that he had been offered an option to purchase an interest in the Katydid culmbank for $25,000 by E. J. Williams in the office of Judge Archbald at Scranton several days after Judge Archbald had informed him that Mr. Williams had no authority to sell, was made by Thomas H. Jones of Scranton.

STATE OF KANSAS SPENT MILLIONS ON HIGHWAYS

INDEPENDENCE, Kan.—Kansas spent nearly $5,000,000 on roads and bridges last year.

That was disclosed here recently before the state convention of the Kansas Good Roads Association by W. S. Gearhart, state engineer, and his assistant, A. R. Losh of the Kansas State Agricultural College.

The exact amount was $4,975,696, or an average cost of $50.60 a mile for every mile of road in the state. Next year the state will have a road fund of $5,250,000, or $54.50 a mile.

More than $3,000,000 of the amount was spent by the townships under direction of township road officers, and the remainder was spent by the counties on county roads and bridges. At least one half of the amount was spent on bridges and the greater part of it was spent on the repair and maintenance of tin bridges.

A few Kansas counties now are building none except concrete and stone bridges—permanent structures.

BERKSHIRE ROAD SEEKS MORE TIME FOR EXTENSIONS

The state board of railroad commissioners gave a continued hearing today on the petition of the Berkshire Street Railway Company for an extension of time within which to construct certain extensions of its line in the cities of North Adams and Pittsfield, in accordance with the provisions of the act passed in 1910, whereby the New Haven road was authorized to purchase and franchise and property of the Berkshire Street Railway Company.

Clement R. Lamson appeared for the street railway company and explained that delay in construction is due to the failure on the part of the municipalities to provide locations. Now that the locations have finally been granted, the street railway company would like an extension to Oct. 1 of next year.

Mayor Frink and City Solicitor Couch of North Adams agreed to this proposition but Mayor Kelton B. Miller of Pittsfield thought July 1 would give the street railway company sufficient time to complete its extension. In any event, the city insists that the Wahconah street extension be completed by July 1 and has no objection to the completion of the other extensions by Oct. 1.

LONG ISLAND BRANCH URGED

WASHINGTON—Dr. Charles P. Grandfield, first assistant postmaster-general, is considering the plan of establishing a branch postoffice at Long island, Boston harbor, in response to a request made to him to that end by Congressman Curley.

PARTIAL SUFFRAGE WINS IN VERMONT

MONTPELIER, Vt.—Women suffragists throughout the state were enthusiastic today over the action of the Vermont Senate in passing by a vote of 14 to 13 the bill permitting women taxpayers with a list of $200 or more, the right to vote on all municipal affairs regarding matters of taxation and the raising of appropriation money. Church leaders were cheered over the passage of the bill eliminating Vermont as New England's "Gretna Green." By the new law five days' notice must be given before a marriage license can be issued.

ARCHBOLD INDICTMENT HOLDS

WASHINGTON—Attorney General Wickersham, it is understood, will not order the dismissal of the indictments returned at Dallas, Tex., against John D. Archbold, president of the Standard Oil Company, and others for the alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, but will authorize a further grand jury inquiry in an effort to secure sufficient evidence to sustain the indictment. In the meantime it is not known whether warrants for arrest will be served on Mr. Archbold, H. C. Folger, Jr., and W. C. Teagle of the Standard Oil.

E. H. HOSFORD IS INDICTED

Edward H. Hosford, superintendent of the Sunday school of the First Congregational church of Malden and treasurer of the Donovan Slipper Company of Everett, was indicted by the grand jury today. Four indictments were returned against him in the superior court before Judge Brown.

Useful Christmas Gifts for Men Who are Particular About Their Hose

Imported and Domestic

Silk Hosiery For Men

EVERY man likes to wear Silk Hosiery, so there's no doubt about the wisdom or the appreciation of a gift selected from these special offers. Our stock is complete and includes the best values in Silk Hosiery from the markets of Europe and America. The colors, the styles and the weaves are the newest. Without doubt we are showing the most complete stock in New England of Men's Fancy and Novelty Silk Hose as well as staple lines.

Imported French Novelties in silk hose, 5x2 rib and accordion knit, in new and exclusive shades; also 6x3 Derby rib in black and plain colors; a pair 5.00

Black and Plain Colored silk hose with self-clocking, double heel and toe; a pair.... 85c

Heavy Weight Accordion Silk Hose—Pure thread, full fashioned; in 16 different shades to match neckwear; double soles, heels and toes; a pair 3.50

Our Special—Full fashioned, accordion knit silk hose, in black and colored combinations; double sole, heel and toe; a pair..... 2.50

Our Special Leader—Full fashioned black and plain colored silk hose with double soles, heels and toes; a pair..... 95c

Medium Weight Silk Hose—In black and colors; double soles and high spliced heels; every pair warranted to give perfect satisfaction; a pair 1.50

Embroidered Silk Hose—Medium weight black silk hose with self and neat colored silk embroidery in a large variety of new patterns—just received; a pair 3.50

We carry Men's Silk Hose in all styles and grades from .....45c to 7.50 a pair

OUR HOSIERY GUARANTEE—EVERY PAIR OF HOSE BOUGHT HERE, NO MATTER HOW LOW THE PRICE MAY BE—CARRIES OUR GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION TO THE PURCHASER.

Our Great Outfitting Store for Men—Street Floor, Main Store

SHOP EARLY—ONLY 12 DAYS TILL CHRISTMAS. Our immense stocks contain everything imaginable for Holiday Gifts; therefore, IF YOU DO NOT FIND WHAT YOU WANT BE SURE TO ASK A SUPERINTENDENT, as many of our new salespeople may not be thoroughly posted.

Jordan Marsh Company

New England's Largest Retailers of Apparel

Can't Ride Up — Can't Slip Down

MUNSING UNION SUITS

are worn with complete satisfaction by several million most particular Americans, men, women and children. Over 7,000,000 perfect fitting Munsingwear garments are sold annually. They fit in any position—standing, sitting, reclining, and cannot slip out of place. They wash well, fit well, wear well, cost little. Wear them—you will like them.

For samples of fabrics, style illustrations, and name of Munsingwear dealer in your town address

The Northwestern Knitting Co.

250 LYNDALE AVENUE, N., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

BODICE HAVING DRAPED FRONT

Crepe satin combined with lace and velvet

THE draped evening bodice is the newest. This one is made with the short kimono sleeves that are the smartest of all things for bodices of this kind and with the round neck that is generally becoming. The backs are overlapped in a novel way and the closing is invisible.

The sleeves can be made either shaped or plain, and, in either case, they are extremely graceful.

The design is a good one for all seasonable materials, for even velvet is so thin and soft that it can be draped successfully. In this case, the drapery is held by a jeweled slide, but all sorts of effective ornaments can be used for the purpose. Jeweled effects are greatly liked and flowers have extensive vogue.

In this case, crepe satin is combined with all-over lace and touches of velvet. The bodice proper is cut in one piece with the sleeves, but it is arranged over a fitted lining that holds it perfectly in place.

For the medium size, the bodice will require two yards of material 27, 1½ yards 36 or 1¼ yards 44 inches wide with three eighths yard of all-over lace 18 inches wide, two yards of lace 2½ inches wide and one half yard of bias velvet.

The pattern of the bodice (7644) is cut in sizes from 34 to 40 inches bust measure. It can be bought at any May Manton agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.



AMBER HAVING UNUSUAL VOGUE

Season's jewelry, as a rule, is brilliant

THE gorgeous coloring of the season's costumes is reflected in the newest jewels. A difference is noted too between these and last winter's jewels in the mountings for the platinum work, which is much finer and more delicate in design.

There are two opposite modes in the matter of color in jewels, just as there are in gowns. The first is a decided vogue for black and white. The black and white note in gowning is echoed in jewels by the popularity of crystal and jet.

Necklaces of large jet links and pendent plaques of jet are worn with gowns of white velvet or silk brocades, and in no wise is the polished net considered a jewel for mourning wear. There are wondrous new evening gowns spangled with crystal, and others with sequins of jet, and with these are worn jet or crystal jewels, the jet sometimes inlaid with pearls, while diamonds are imbedded in the crystal ornaments.

The range of color shown by the enamels and semi-precious stones as well as the gems is practically endless. Every stone is brought into play, and such combinations as jade and diamonds and coral with pearls are seen, says a New York Sun writer.

Handsomely carved, deep green jade is used in a necklace Oriental in form. The center panel is an oblong shaped plaque from which are suspended five pendant strings of large diamonds, each ending in a cube of jade. This motif of square cut jades is repeated throughout the circle of the necklace when diamonds in groups of four alternate with jade cubes.

In coral and pearls there is a beautiful set, including a pair of earrings formed of coral beads in three hanging rows, the tassel-like ends each finished with a pear-shaped pearl; a string of coral beads from which is suspended a pendant, following the earrings in design, and a brooch formed of a cluster of the beads with a large pear shaped pearl hanging from it.

Amber is having an unprecedented vogue. The smoked variety in openwork settings is very striking, while the deep, rich tone of clear amber is set off to the best advantage by mountings of tinted gold. Earrings of amber are liked and a striking pair, with a necklace to match, is compared with cornelians.

And then, in entire disregard to this mode for vivid colorings, is the persistent fashion for the unassuming pearl; above all the bright hued gems it holds first place.

DISHES OF THE LAND OF DIXIE

Some that are specially favored

IN THE Washington Herald of a recent date Lida Ames Willis writes of southern dishes as follows:

Favorite South Carolina Dish—This is hearty and good: Cut two thick slices of bacon in dice and put into a dry iron pot and place over the fire until the bacon is a nice crisp brown, but not scorched the least. Then add raw cabbage sliced into fine shreds, and 1½ cups of water; let boil 30 minutes; then add salt, black pepper, and a dash of red, or a bit of chili pepper pod. When done, serve it on a foundation of plain boiled, unsweetened rice.

Ham Baked with Peanuts—We have eaten this and regret we failed to get the full details of the process. It must be a well-cured ham—that is, home raised and home cured pork—but not necessarily a southern ham. Boil it in the usual way and let it get cold in the same liquor. Have your beans soaked and boiled, or peanuts cooked tender but not soft. Put the ham, after removing the skin and scoring the fat, in a deep baking pan, and surround it with the beans or nuts, a few spoonfuls of the liquor and little molasses, a few slices of onion and salt and pepper, and bake same as beans and pork until beans are a rich brown. Add enough liquor to keep beans and ham moist. The ham may be covered with sugar and bread crumbs and little spice when put in to bake.

Persimmon Pudding—One quickly associates this with a 'possum dinner, but it is served with chicken and boiled or baked ham. Take half a gallon of ripe persimmons and one quart of sweet milk. Mix well together and rub through a colander to remove the seeds and skins. To this add three beaten eggs, two cups of sugar and flour to make the consistency of cake dough or batter. Use cinnamon or nutmeg to flavor and bake in a bread pan. When done it is cut in slices like cornbread and eaten with cream or fruit sauce.

Fried Pies—There are two fried pie recipes, both old-time favorites in Dixieland. One way is to make a good paste and cut it out the size of small saucers; put on one-half the round a large spoonful of whatever filling you use; turn over the other half and pinch the edges well together. Place in a basket and fry in deep fat until nicely browned, and eat hot or cold.

The other method is to make a rich biscuit crust, roll out thin, and cut rounds the size of a tea plate; fry these in an iron skillet in enough lard or drippings to cook well done and a nice brown. Place on a hot plate and spread with peach marmalade, rich thick apple sauce, or, if you can't get either, a thick sauce made of dried peaches or apples. But unless you can get the old-fashioned dried fruit you might as well use fresh fruit sauce or a marmalade or jam.

CHINA FOR THE AVERAGE HOME

Importance of selecting right kind

THERE are many mistakes the housekeeper is apt to make when purchasing china for the everyday table. The one of most frequent occurrence is the selection of heavy, clumsy ware, unattractive as to line or decoration. Another is that of choosing china which is highly decorated. The most expensive china, with the exception of ornamental china, is simply decorated. It is well not to buy china with scalloped or fancy outlines. Dishes made in this style are easily chipped.

China is not purchased for a day's or a month's use, so the importance of selecting the right kind, the kind that will give greatest service, is quite evident, says a writer for the Newark News.

There is really no need to deprive one's family or oneself of the pleasure which dainty china gives, because of the fear of its greater susceptibility to breakage. The cheaper varieties, though at times thicker than the better kinds, chip and break far more easily. This is no doubt due to the inferior material used in its manufacture, or perhaps to poor firing.

There is to be had in the shops, in open stock patterns, porcelain ware of excellent quality and moderately priced, in dainty floral or conventionalized designs. This ware is attractive and has excellent and lasting qualities.

This porcelain ware is made on the same lines as the better grades of real china.

One certainly should consider buying the open stock ware. It is true this is a shade higher in price, piece for piece, than the kind which is made up in sets, since one is obliged to pay for the convenience of getting the open stock. In the long run, however, many have found that it pays to buy the open stock.

The cups one selects should be neither shallow and wide, nor deep and narrow. They will be less apt to slip if they have a wide base. The cream pitcher should be wide enough so it may be easily wiped inside. Otherwise many extra moments will have to be spent in order to keep it sweet and clean.

If open stock has been decided upon the young housekeeper will find it advisable to buy in half dozens. There is no change in price, whether the articles are bought individually or in dozen lots, and the housekeeper can at any time augment her supply. Some of the shops go so far as to sell an odd cover or a cup as required.

By the average housewife six soup plates will be needed; if possible these should be the bowl shaped kind. There also will be needed a half dozen dinner plates, six tea plates, which will answer for breakfast and luncheon, six bread and butter plates, six cups and saucers, six tea cups and saucers, six oatmeal dishes and six fruit saucers. Three platters will be needed, one large enough to hold a good sized fowl, one platter of medium size and a small one. Two medium sized vegetable dishes uncovered and one covered should be bought as should a butter dish. A soup tureen is not a necessity, many housekeepers serving the soup directly from the kitchen.

A gravy boat, a sugar bowl and a cream pitcher complete a list which will meet the needs of the average home.

There are many accessories shown, such as bread trays, salad dishes, bakers, covered gravy dishes, etc. These easily can be dispensed with.

If one's means permit, and if one is so inclined, a set of fine china or such parts of it as would be apt to be needed, may be added, to be used on gala occasions.

A word as to the care which should be given china in washing:

Water which is at the boiling point or near it should never be poured directly on the china. This is apt to crack it, besides playing havoc with the gilt, if there is any. Soda should not be used, because of its deleterious effect on the gilt. A good soap and plenty of hot water will do the work very well. If the dishes are allowed to drain until perfectly dry, they will have a brilliancy which wiping in the ordinary way cannot produce.

WORTH KNOWING

Olives, stoned and chopped and mixed with fresh butter or heavy cream, and cream cheese make one of the most delicious sandwich fillings.

• • •

Eggs may be kept by packing them, when new laid, in salt, with the small end downward.

• • •

To keep the kitchen range fire when you are not using it take the stove lids off a little while before putting on fresh coal. Then put the lids on only half way.

• • •

Grease and dark stains on dining tables and other hardwood may be wiped off with a cloth wet in gasoline and water. Rub immediately afterward with a good polishing mixture.—Pittsburgh Sun.

EMBROIDERY ON TOWEL ENDS

ONE of the newest things is the "a jour" embroidery on the ends of the towels. This term is applied to any embroidery, wood carving or metal work which lets the light through. It looks very much like punch work at a distance, but the threads are drawn before being worked instead of the cloth being punched out. In the new towels and linen generally it is combined with French embroidery and serves as a background for some odd medieval figure or flower.

Some of it is done on damask but the most of it is on the plain old fashioned fine linen. This work is imported mostly from Saxony and Austria and is more effective than even the inset filet.

The cheapest, the easiest and the quickest way to decorate a towel is the old fashioned cross stitch, says a New York Sun writer. Sheets of design can be bought for 35 cents each. On one sheet you can get two wreaths, one large, one small, three baskets, a border or two and several odd designs which may be fitted together in different ways.

It is a good idea to have designs of your initials in cross stitch with the old fashioned rose buds running through it, as these are used inside the wreaths and also on the lace cloths and bath towels.

It is customary to do towels in pairs, and this saves a great deal of time and thought not only in sewing but in buying.

You Save Money

Here's Proof

The United States Government Laboratory Test shows Ceresota to be worth from 14 to 79 cents per barrel more than other well known and extensively advertised flours. This is the best reason in the world why you should use

Ceresota Flour

The prize bread flour of the world

GET A CERESOTA COOK BOOK. It contains valuable information and over a hundred recipes that are unusually excellent. This book delights every housekeeper. It will interest you. Limited Edition FREE. Send a post card today to The Northwestern Consolidated Milling Company, Chamber of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

Save the coupons in every sack. They tell how to get a splendid little story book of intense interest to every child. Let your children color the many lovely pictures with the harmless water-colors that you get, too. Children love this story of wonderful adventure—it's just the kind your child wants to hear "all over again."

Manufactured by

The Northwestern Consolidated Milling Co., Minneapolis, Minn.



THIS TRADE MARK ON EVERY SACK

NORTHWESTERN CONSOLIDATED MILLING CO. CERESOTA FLOUR

Registered in U. S. Patent Office

Shepard Norwell Company

Winter Street Temple Place Tremont Street

SILK LISLE HOSE

Double Garter Top and Six-Thread Splicing in Toe

WAYNE KNIT INDESTRUCTIBLE COTTON HOSE

Medium and Heavy Weight—Wear Guaranteed

Three Pairs in Fancy Christmas Box $1.00

TRIED RECIPES

SCOTCH CURRANT BUN

FOUR pounds of bread dough, two pounds of seedless raisins, two pounds of currants, one pound of butter, a quarter of a pound of blanched and chopped almonds, a quarter of a pound of candied orange peel chopped fine, two ounces of chopped citron peel, one ounce of powdered cinnamon, one ounce of powdered ginger, half an ounce of powdered allspice, a quarter of an ounce of powdered cloves and one grated nutmeg. Mix the butter and the dough well together, work it in with the hands; then take one pound of the dough, roll it out on a baking-board with a little flour and cut off as much as will form a top crust for the bun. Then with the other part of the pound of dough line a buttered cake-tin. Now put the remaining dough into a large basin, add the fruit, almonds, peel and spices, and work well with the hands. Then fill the tin neatly, and, after wetting the top edge of the dough with a little water, place on the top crust and prick over the top with a fork. Bake in a good steady oven for four hours. After the top is browned brush it over with beaten egg. This will glaze it.—Ladies Home Journal.

POTTAGE A LA REINE

The day before needed, place on the fire two chickens and a joint of veal covered with water; boil slowly until very tender; press through the colander and set away in a cool place until the next day. Then skim off all fat; place on the range, gradually heat to a boiling point; just before serving add a pint of cream; season with pepper and salt, flavor with celery salt and a little onion. Serve very hot.

FILBERT TART

Pound one cupful of filbert kernels fine, with one large teaspoonful of orange flower water; mix one heaping cupful of powdered sugar, and gradually the yokes of eight eggs, well beaten; next add half a cupful of sifted flour; beat thoroughly. Lastly add the whites of the eggs beaten light with an egg whip. Stir all lightly together. Spread this mixture out into three well-greased granite pans of equal size. When done spread each layer with strawberry marmalade, chopped raisins and nuts. Top off with whipped and sweetened cream.

AMSTERDAM STEAK

One pound lean beef chopped fine, three thin slices of bacon chopped fine and seasoned with salt, pepper and a few drops of onion juice. Shape the meat into small round cakes and brown in a hot greased frying pan. Garnish with parsley and serve.—Mothers Magazine.

WHITE FRUIT CAKE

Rub half a pound of butter and one pound of powdered sugar to a cream. Then add one cupful of milk and the whites of six eggs beaten until stiff. Stir in three-quarters of a pound of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and beat until light. Put one pound of seeded and chopped raisins in a bowl, add half a pound of chopped figs, half a pound of chopped dates, half a pound of blanched, chopped almonds, and a quarter of a pound of citron cut into bits. Dust with flour and stir into the cake batter. Pour into pans lined with buttered paper and bake in a moderate oven.

For the icing boil a cup of sugar with half a gill of water until it spins a thread. Then pour slowly into the white of one egg which has been whipped until stiff. Beat regularly and evenly until cold. Then stir in a quarter of a pound of almonds which have been blanched and chopped, two ounces of seeded raisins that have been soaked in hot water until well swollen, and two ounces of finely chopped citron.—Mother's Magazine.

When colored clothing is stained with mud, let it dry and brush out all you can. Then apply a mixture of salt and flour; let it remain on, in a dry place, for a day or two, then brush off.

EVERY HOME NEEDS A RED CEDAR CHEST

Combination Craftsman Chest and Window Seat, No. 2140.



MOTH PROOF FOR FURS, WOOLENS, ETC.

Delivered, **freight prepaid**, anywhere in U. S. East of Denver on 10 days' approval in the home. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. A genuine Tennessee Red Cedar **CRAFTSMAN CHEST** is a **perpetual insurance** for furs from moths and at the same time an ornamental addition to the furnishings in any home. Send for free Cedar book showing Craftsman's Chests in original designs and natural color with samples of Red Cedar.

TENNESSEE CEDAR CHEST CO. (Box 143) Nashville, Tennessee

You Can Always Know

that whatever the Monitor publishes has come from dependable sources and that everything possible is done to verify any reports about which there might be any question.

Besides All the Monitor Prints is Clean

interesting and worthwhile — no scandal, crime, sensation—just the plain, wholesome, important news of the world.

Get the next issue and see for yourself the paper needed in every home, no matter where that home may be.

STARTING IN HOUSEKEEPING

Things needed and the joy of buying them

FORTUNATE are the young married people who must start housekeeping on "not quite enough." How stupid it must be to begin the first year of settling down to live in a ready-made home complete in every convenience and supercomplete in the luxuries! The man and woman who want a real dining room set and "can't afford it yet" have tasted of the real joys of homemaking. This state of affairs not alone furnishes the incentive to make the purchase possible, but when the time really comes there is the joyous thrill of having the new things brought into the house and set in their proper places.

Wise young people bide their time until just the right thing can be bought. The right thing does not necessarily mean the most expensive thing—and it never means the most elaborate one. It means the thing that one can stand to live with and that can stand being lived with. One must be reasonably sure that it will be as pleasing to look at after the first year as it was on the first day; as to wearing qualifications, it must be blessed with eternal youth, writes Roger Fulton in the New York Tribune.

In the meantime there is an endless variety of clever makeshifts that may be used without sacrificing either looks or comfort. If there is no spare bedroom, one can always have a couch of some sort in the living room for emergencies. Instead of a good extension table, one can get on for awhile with a drop-leaf kitchen table stained brown or painted a dull black. When opened up this will seat four persons. A duplicate table may be used as a sideboard and be joined to the other one for a large company, while the collapsible cutting table becomes the sideboard for the occasion. One person who tried this found it so satisfactory that when more prosperous days came the two cheap tables were replaced with two large dropleaf mahogany tables of the colonial type, instead of with an extension table and a buffet. The important thing is to avoid an accumulation of inferior possessions—inferior not so much in quality as in design.

To be commended is one living room, in which the white woodwork is set off with a plain gray wall paper. The bareness of the dark stained floor is relieved by three rag rugs in neutral tones. A big kitchen table serves as the general living room table. This has straight, square legs and the top is about 28x56 inches. The table is painted black and covered with a Japanese cotton print runner of vermilion, figured in green and black. A cot serves as a couch and is covered with gray denim and adorned with some pillows in good colors. There are two black Windsor chairs, a straight chair or two and an unpainted willow armchair. The windows are curtained with fine dotted swiss and a few good pictures, in plain dark frames, hang on the wall. The bare mantel is furnished with a simple clock, a pair of candlesticks and a bowl that generally contains a few flowers. It is a simple unpretentious room that is at the same time thoroughly comfortable and satisfying. The candlesticks and some of the pictures were gifts. Aside from these, the room cost, at the most, about $50; probably less.

Ceilings are generally best tinted or papered in a flat tone. If one's house is becoming overladen all but the best should be cast out. Do not be afraid to simplify things almost to the extreme. And be sure that whatever new things come into a home are worthy of a place there. It is, above all things, important to learn what the owner of the gray and white room has learned—the value of just enough. To acquire this knowledge one must not only use discrimination in selection, but also know when to stop.

SPEEDY ACTION ON CANAL ACT PROTEST OF BRITAIN EXPECTED

WASHINGTON—In official circles here today there is a general belief that President Taft will make an effort to bring about a settlement of the British Panama canal protest before the end of his administration.

The view is strengthened by the developments of Monday when Great Britain's formal note of protest against that section of the canal act which exempts American coastwise shipping from payment of tolls for passing through the Panama canal, a document written by Sir Edward Grey, British minister for foreign affairs, was presented to Secretary of State Knox by the British Ambassador, James Bryce, who read the note word for word to the secretary at the latter's home.

It is an elaboration of the points of objection in the note presented to the state department last July. In brief, these objections are:

That while it was clearly in violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty either to remit or refund tolls on all American shipping using the canal, the same objection probably would apply to the coastwise shipping, in view of the probable impossibility of framing regulations that would not result in a preference to American shipping.

In addition to supporting these points by long arguments, Sir Edward Grey indicates very clearly that strong resistance will be offered to any attempt to exclude from the canal British steamships owned by Canadian railroads, or whose owners may be guilty of violating the Sherman anti-trust act. He holds that this section of the act cannot apply to British shipping, but only to United States vessels.

He also indicates in his note that underlying the objection to the exemption from toll of American coastwise ships is an apprehension that in the future the principle might be extended to cover American ships in the foreign trade.

Otherwise the note is devoted almost entirely to an effort to show that any such exemption of American shipping as is proposed is in direct conflict with the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and that President Taft was clearly wrong when he took the contrary view.

Generally, the British note might be summed up as a clear definition of the differences between the two governments regarding the construction of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty winding up with a proposal that the issues should be settled by arbitration, provided they cannot be adjusted by mutual agreement, for which a way remains open.

Sir Edward Grey begins his note with the statement that the President does not fully appreciate the British point of view and has misunderstood even the note of July 8. He says it is not the case that the British government seeks to prevent the United States from granting subsidies to its own shipping passing through the canal, nor does it deprive the United States of any liberty which is open to either themselves or to any other nation, to encourage its own shipping or own commerce by subsidies.

Referring to the third article of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, the note points out that the first of the Suez canal rules, which the treaty adopts for the Panama canal, is that the waterway shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and war of all nations observing the rules on terms of entire equality, so that there shall be no discrimination against any such nation. It is said that the President's statement of the case is wholly at variance with the real provisions when he treats the words "all nations" as excluding the United States, because it had constructed the canal on its own territory and thereby acquired an absolute right of ownership, including the right to allow its own commerce the use of the canal upon such terms as it saw fit.

TEACHERS PLAN SALARY DIVISION

Through its committee on salaries the Boston Elementary Teachers Club made known to the school committee yesterday afternoon its views on the distribution of the money raised for the increase of the salaries of elementary teachers. This money, amounting to $145,000, made possible by a legislative grant of 10 cents per $1000 valuation on the tax levy, becomes available Jan. 1.

The proposition of the elementary teachers, made through Miss Annie W. Leonard, calls for the distribution of money according to length of service and salary rating, those on the maximum salary to receive a larger increase than those on the minimum. The school committee, it is understood, favors an equal distribution.

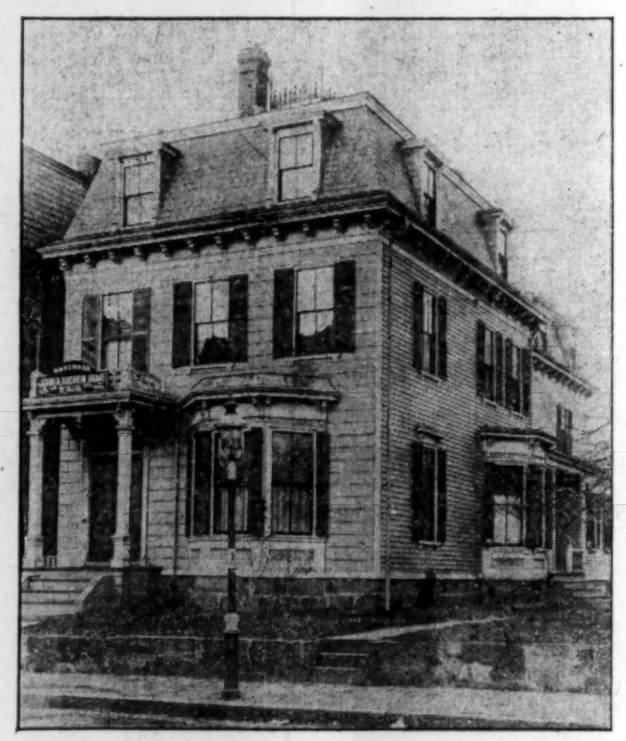
The question will be decided probably at the next meeting of the committee.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS HOLD CONFERENCE

LYNN, Mass.—Delegations from many Sunday schools of southern Essex county are here to attend the Sunday school conference this afternoon and evening in the Central Congregational church. The Rev. Dr. B. S. Winchester is to preside at the conference of ministers and speak in the evening.

Miss Margaret Slattery of Chicago and Miss Frederica Beard also will speak.

HOUSE DEVOTED TO G. A. R. PURPOSES



Gov. John A. Andrew Association presents keys to civil war veterans and their wives

GOV. ANDREW VETERANS' HOME IS DEDICATED

Dedicatory exercises were held at the Gov. John A. Andrew home for civil war veterans and their wives at 10 Woodbine street, Roxbury, Monday night. The Rev. Allan A. Stockdale, pastor of the Union church, conducted the ceremony and the keys of the newly-acquired home were presented to Mrs. Abbie M. Hall, president of the association. Department officers were present.

Captain Crowley of the Governor's staff spoke for the commonwealth and delivered the regrets of Governor Foss. Other speakers were Lieut. Henry Rhodes of the United States navy, Leon B. Chadwick of the Veterans Association, Israel De Wolf, past department commander of the G. A. R.; Mrs. Fannie T. Haven of the Army Nurses; Frank L. Kirshgashner, department commander of the Sons of Veterans; Mrs. Mary E. Holbrook, representing the Woman's Relief Corps; the Rev. John S. Teeling of St. Johns church, Roxbury.

Formerly used as a lodging house, the three-story wooden building was purchased and has been thoroughly renovated. It is the first institution of its kind in Massachusetts and was opened for use about a month ago. There are 16 receiving rooms in the home, a large dining room, parlor, reading room and director's office, kitchen and laundry.

NEW LIGHT SYSTEM INAUGURATED WHILE THOUSANDS LOOK ON

LYNN, Mass.—Walter C. Fish, general manager of the General Electric Company, turned the switch Monday night which officially opened Lynn's new lighting system. One stroke of the fire alarm at 8 o'clock had announced to the 60,000 citizens who had gathered in the streets of the business district that the current was about to be turned on.

Buildings were gaily trimmed for the occasion with flags and bunting, and the street lights were turned off at an early hour that the effect of the new lights might be better appreciated.

Officials from many cities were guests of the city at the Oxford Club, and 70 automobiles carried the party on a trip of inspection through the lighted section.

Addresses were made at a dinner in celebration of the event in the Oxford Club by Ralph S. Bauer, president of the Lynn board of trade; Mayor William P. Connery, General Manager Fish, and Warren Baker, chairman of the lighting committee of Fall River.

Among the guests of the city were A. H. Kimball of the Fall River Electric Light Company, W. D. Wilmot, president of the Merchants Association of Fall River, Frank Ball, manager of the Haverhill Electric Light Company; J. A. Hunnewell, manager of the Lowell Eclectric Light Company; W. T. Oviatt and S. B. Swan of Providence, R. I.; W. H. Atkins of the Boston Edison Company, and David Barry of the Worcester Suburban Electric Company.

RATE ADVANCE FORBIDDEN

WASHINGTON—The interstate commerce commission forbade increases in the freight rates on potatoes, ranging from one half cent to 8 cents on 100 pounds from points of production in Nebraska, South Dakota, Colorado and similar territory to all destinations east Monday. Existing rates were ordered to be maintained for at least two years.

EX-ALDERMEN'S CLUB DINES

Members of the Ex-Aldermen's Club of Boston were the guests last night of John H. Lee of Brighton, a former alderman, at a dinner at the Quincy house. Thomas P. Riley of Malden, chairman of the Democratic state committee, and Councillor Daniel J. McDonald were the special guests.

DECISION HANGS ON CITY'S ATTITUDE ON FINANCIAL FEATURES

Action by the city council is now awaited on the plans of Frank A. Bourne for the remodeling of Copley square, the approval of the art commission having been given with the right to change details reserved. While the estimated cost of the improvement is $200,000, Mr. Bourne declares that the work might be done at a slightly lower figure.

The decision of the city council will depend, it is said, upon the attitude of citizens in regard to contributing toward some of the decorative features.

The principal feature of the plan is the elimination of the long, diagonal crossing of Huntington avenue, the diversion of the traffic of this thoroughfare by way of Dartmouth and Boylston streets, the result being the formation of a true square by completing the sidewalk in front of Trinity church until it joins Boylston street.

The model of Mr. Bourne's plan, which will be on exhibition at the Boston Chamber of Commerce for a week, provides for a broad mall, with trees, on the Boylston street side of the square. The surface of the square itself is to be two and one half feet lower than the street level and there are to be drinking fountains against the backs of seats facing the library on white side and Trinity church on the other.

The report of the art commission to Mayor Fitzgerald, approving the general outlines of the plan, says that the commission has given protracted consideration to the problem.

"In view of the relatively small area of Copley square," it says, "the art commission suggests that Mr. Bourne's design be broadened and simplified. The fountains opposite Trinity church and the public library, for example, might be omitted."

ARTIST'S CONCEPT OF ST. URSULA IS TOLD IN LECTURE

A large audience gathered at Riverside court last evening to listen to the second of the talks on art by the Rev. Andrew J. Graham. His subject was Carpaccio's "Glorification of the Legend of St. Ursula." Mr. Graham, after speaking at length on the details of the legend, passed on to discuss the nine paintings in the Venetian Academy, which have done the most to preserve the legend. These are the work of Vittore Carpaccio, a Venetian, and give the best favorable conception of his work executed after 1490, according to the critic.

From this the lecturer passed to consider that idealism which gives strength and purpose to the legend. Idealism, he said, lies at the basis of myths. It was genuine and not superficial idealism which Carpaccio, a dreamer, he said caught and endeavored to show forth. "Dream," said Mr. Graham, "but wake up and work."

WIRELESS LICENSES GRANTED

WASHINGTON—Three hundred wireless operators, amateurs and professionals, have been granted licenses by the department of commerce and labor, under the wireless law, requiring all such operators to account to the government when the law goes into effect Friday. Fifteen large commercial wireless stations also have taken out licenses.

SUIT OVER GRADE CROSSING

A bill in equity was filed at East Cambridge yesterday by Augustus L. Sylvester and Mary O. deGuglielmo, both of Somerville, against the city of Somerville, the Boston & Maine railroad, and A. Stuart & Sons, contractors, seeking to restrain the respondents from continuing the work of abolishing the grade crossing on Medford street, Somerville.

THREE FIRST GROUP HARVARD SCHOLARS REGISTER FROM ASIA

Students from three far away places appear in the list of names of Harvard's first group of scholars. The three are: Aram H. Khachadoorian '13 from Aintab, Turkey in Asia; Hira L. Roy '13 from Panchpaik, Dacca, Bengal, India, and Narenda Nath Sen Gupta '13, also of Bengal, his full address being given as Tetulea, Faridpur, Bengal, India.

There are 45 other members of the group announced by the Harvard authorities. Massachusetts leads with 26, New York is next with five, Ohio follows with four, Pennsylvania, has three, Illinois two and Minnesota, Michigan, Georgia and New Jersey each one.

Hira Lal Roy, who is a senior, was one of the 22 men from his class who were last week elected to the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

After each man's name in the appended list is the name of the scholarship which he holds and his home town. "John Harvard" scholarships are honorary and have no money stipend.

Floyd H. Allport '13, John Harvard Cleveland, O.
Ralph H. Anderson '14, Bowditch, Lynn.
John R. Baker '13, class of 1892, Williamsport, Pa.
Stanley T. Baker '15, John Harvard, Cambridge.
William A. Berridge '14, Matthews, East Lynn.
Sidney F. Blake '13, John Harvard, Stoughton.
Carey J. Chamberlain '13, Price Greenleaf, Beverly.
Elmore T. Cohen '14, Price Greenleaf, Roxbury.
Albert S. Coolidge '15, John Harvard, Pittsfield.
Robert C. Cowan '15, Bowditch, West Somerville.
Charles P. Curtis, Jr., '14, John Harvard, Boston.
Donal E. Dunbar '13, Ricardo Prize and Richard Augustine Gambrill, Springfield.
Walter Franzen '14, Price Greenleaf, St. Paul, Minn.
George H. Gifford '13, Nathaniel Ropes Jr., East Boston.
Walter Henry Gilday '14, Matthews, Brockton.
Frederick F. Greenman '14, Price Greenleaf, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Hermann R. Habicht '13, John Harvard, Chicago.
Louis H. Harris '14, Bowditch, Jamaica Plain.
John Hornicek '13, Price Greenleaf, Albion, Pa.
Aram H. Khachadoorian '13, Ruluff Sterling Choate, Aintab Turkey in Asia.
Day Kimball '15, John Harvard, Boston.
Isadore Levin '14, Price Greenleaf and Wendell Phillips Memorial, Detroit.
Alan D. McKillop '13, Toppan, Lynn.
Chester A. McLain '13, John Harvard, Melrose.
Lincoln MacVeagh '13, John Harvard, New York.
James C. Manry '14, Hollis, Atlanta, Ga.
Carl W. Miller '15, Bowditch, Somerville.
Henry C. Place '14, Price Greenleaf, Gilbertsville, N. Y.
Wallace B. Porter '13, Bigelow, Youngstown, O.
Pitman B. Potter '14, Saltonstall, Long Branch, N. J.
Theodore Ramsdell '15, Bowditch, New Bedford.
Frederic E. Richter '13, Bigelow, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Harold J. Rosatto '13, Price Greenleaf, Charlestown.
Hira L. Roy '13, Price Greenleaf, Panchpaik, Dacca, Bengal, India.
Daniel Sargent '13, John Harvard, Wellesley.
Walter C. Schumb '14, Crowninshield, Roxbury.
Narendra Nath Sen Gupta '13, Richard Manning Hodges, Tetulea, Faridpur, Bengal, India.
Albert A. Shapiro '14, Price Greenleaf, Haverhill.
Norman J. Silberling '14, Bowditch, Cleveland, O.
Cecil H. Smith '15, John Harvard, Fall River.
Elliott D. Smith '13, John Harvard, Chicago.
Edwin S. Smith '15, Lucy Osgood, Newton Center.
Fred T. Smith '15, William Whiting, Melrose Highlands.
Oscar J. Smith '13, class of 1883, Toledo, O.
Herbert E. Tucker '15, Bowditch, Norwood.
Peter J. Waldstein '14, Kirkland, Boston.
Watson M. Washburn '15, Jacob Wendell, New York.
Barnie Winkelman '15, William Whiting, Philadelphia.

AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

The New England Veteran Railway Men's Association met at room 265 South station Sunday evening. E. T. Brooks of Gardner, Mass., presided. This social organization was formed at the old Fitchburg station last May, and now numbers 598. Any railroad man with 20 years' experience is entitled to membership. Seventy-six applications were received at the last meeting.

The motive power department of the Boston & Albany road has received from the Springfield shops two battleship Pacific type grasshopper engines, which have been completely rebuilt for service on Chicago special trains.

The passenger department of the Boston & Maine road ticketed 500 immigrants to Montreal, Chicago and the Northwest last night, for which the operating department provided seven special cars at North station.

James O. Halliday, superintendent of transportation New Haven road, with eastern district train masters and train despatchers is working out equipment and train crew schedules at South station for the coming holidays.

George Church, train despatcher Boston & Albany railway at South station, is out on the road to note changes in station yard layouts on the Boston division.

The operating department of the Boston & Maine road has added steel government standard jumbo mail cars to the Fitchburg division between Boston and Troy, N. Y.

The New Haven road handled into First street freight terminal, South Boston, yesterday, two solid trains of export beef, Union freight road delivery.

The construction department of the terminal division Boston & Maine road is making extensive repairs to the grain elevators located at Hoosac Tunnel docks, Charlestown.

Butler's
APPAREL SHOPS
Washington & Winter Streets

RECEIVERS' SALE

By order of receivers the entire stock of Butler's Apparel Shops will be closed out at

ENORMOUS REDUCTION

Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of new high-grade merchandise must go. No goods charged or sent on approval. No goods returnable or exchanged.

All merchandise must be turned into cash at the earliest possible date.

¶ Every article was bought for the high-class trade that we had planned to build up in this new business, which must now so quickly be closed out.

Complete lines of apparel for women, misses, boys, girls and infants—all must be sold.

MR. WILSON WATCHED HOYLE BANK UNLOAD CATTLE AT BERMUDA

Argentina is increasing its cattle exportations at a rapid rate, according to officers of the British steamer Hoyle Bank, which arrived here today from Buenos Aires. The steamer carried 180 head of cattle and 51 horses from Buenos Aires to Bermuda on her way to this port, and they are the first live stock ever brought to Bermuda from Argentina, according to officers of the steamer.

Formerly the United States supplied the island with cattle, but the rapid falling off in our exportations has resulted in the trade turning to Argentina where the cattle are reported cheaper. The officers reported that the cattle were the first shipment of several that are to be made there.

President-elect Woodrow Wilson was among the interested spectators that watched the disembarking of the cattle at Bermuda, Dec. 3, the officers said, and he saw about 40 of the steers become startled and leap over the sides of the steamer. The steers were all finally landed or driven ashore.

MIDDLESEX BAR ELECTS

At the annual meeting of the Middlesex county Bar Association yesterday in East Cambridge, the following were elected officers: Samuel K. Hamilton, Wakefield, president; Robert P. Clapp, Lexington; William H. Wilson, Lowell, vice-presidents; Ralph E. Joslin, Winchester, treasurer; Frank M. Forbush, Newton Center, secretary; Selwyn Z. Bowerman, Auburndale; Frank E. Dunbar, Lowell; Marcellus Coggan, Malden; James W. McDonald, Marlboro; George E. Smith, Everett, councilors for three years.

T. B. GANNETT PASSES AWAY

Thomas B. Gannett, a retired member of the firm of Nash, Spaulding & Co., and a director in the Revere Sugar Refinery Company, passed away yesterday at his home, 3 Channing place, Cambridge. Mr. Gannett was engaged in the sugar business for many years.

GIVES RECITAL AT COLLEGE

WELLESLEY, Mass.—Before an audience of students and townspeople Miss Blanche Brocklebank of the music department in Wellesley College, gave a piano recital in Billings hall last evening.

REVERE TREASURY INQUIRY ORDERED

At a town meeting in Revere last night, Assessor William H. Colcord read a statement condemning the bookkeeping methods employed by the town treasurer. A committee of three was appointed to investigate the assertions.

The town voted to raise the pay of laborers to $2.50 per day.

The town also voted to appoint a committee of five to investigate the action of the board of selectmen in suspending the board of fire engineers, and to inquire into the causes which have led the fire engineers to have four chiefs within as many months.

SCHOOLS MATCHED TO DEBATE

Malden and Everett high schools have completed arrangements for a joint debate to take place in Malden high school assembly hall about the middle of January. The question for discussion is: "Resolved, That the recall of judges is desirable." Everett has choice of sides.

LAND OCCUPATION URGED

WELLESLEY, Mass.—As the only solution to the high-cost-of-living problem, Alton E. Briggs, secretary of the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange, in an address before the students at Wellesley College last evening, advocated the back-to-the-land movement.

PRIZE AWARDED JACKSON GIRL

MEDFORD, Mass.—Miss Marion A. Colby of Hillsboro, N. H., is the winner of the $25 prize offered by Samuel Adams chapter (Methuen) of the D. A. R. for the student of Jackson College who secured the highest rank in American history during 1911-12.

Dean Davies has also announced an offer of two prizes by Warren and Prescott chapter (Boston) of the D. A. R. for the two best essays upon patriotic subjects submitted to the chapter during the present college semester. The prizes are of $15 and $5, respectively.

GAMMA ETA KAPPA HOLDS BANQUET

The first convention and banquet of Zeta District, Gamma Eta Kappa Fraternity was held at Young's hotel last night, the attendance numbering 52 members, who came from Somerville, Waltham and Winchester.

These officers were elected: Thomas West of Somerville, president; Raymond Strawbridge of Winchester, vice-president; Ellsworth Plummer of Somerville, secretary; Otis Berry of Waltham, recorder, and William Apsey of Winchester, treasurer.

Filene's

In The Jewelry Shop $9 to $15
Exclusive Mesh Bags

AN EXCLUSIVE MESH BAG is not met with frequently.

This one we designed ourselves, putting into it details of making and finish possible under Filene merchandising ways. German silver with fine reverse soldered mesh. Frame is plain and smoothly finished on the inside. Cabuchon fasteners set with imitation emeralds, sapphires, rubies or amethysts.

IN THREE SIZES AS WELL AS COIN PURSE.

Afternoon Tea Filene Restaurant, 3 to 5.

Wm. Filene's Sons Company
JEWELERS

News of Importance From the Latin-American Centers

ON the Pacific coast of South America the great event of the reconciliation between Chile and Peru forms the foremost topic of discussion in official and private circles, in the press as among the public, and the report on this page from the capital of Peru is an especially illuminating one. It will be worth while to follow up the trend of public opinion on this matter, which, as has been repeatedly pointed out in the columns of the Monitor, is of vital interest to Americans and Europeans alike.

On the Atlantic coast, and more especially in Brazil, the appearance of powerful foreign syndicates is very much in the public eye. To what extent apprehension is felt in some quarters appears from the warning given by Deputy De Lacerda in the Brazilian Congress. What the item from Rio has to say on that score may seem somewhat panicky, but it must not be overlooked that the matter involves constitutional considerations of the gravest character. Indeed, the policy of making land concessions to foreign capitalists for the purpose of the rapid development of resources is intimately bound up with the exercise of sovereign rights which each state of the Brazilian Federation is striving to safeguard aganst the power of the central government even at the cost of internal conflict and the risk of external complications. The fact that one of the foreign syndicates, in view of the press campaign directed against the land grant policy, has expressed its willingness to rescind its agreement ought to allay apprehension of danger from the outside, but the inner struggle between state and federal authority in Brazil continues to afford one of the most absorbing developments of contemporary America.

AGREEMENT OF CHILE AND PERU VIEWED AS ECONOMIC NECESSITY

New Entente Includes a Treaty of Commerce and Postpones Tacna-Arica Plebiscite for 21 Years

SECRECY IS OPPOSED

(Special to the Monitor)

LIMA, Peru—Reports cabled from Santiago de Chile giving the details of the announcement of the reestablishment of diplomatic relations between Chile and Peru and the manner in which it was received are read and discussed here with extraordinary interest. Following President Barros Luco's message to Congress submitting the bill authorizing the chief executive to accredit a diplomatic mission in this capital, composed of a minister, a secretary and an officer of legation, official statement was made by the Chilean foreign minister Senor Huneeus, to the Senate, that the agreement includes a treaty of commerce and stipulates the postponement of the plebiscite over Tacna and Arica for 21 years. The committee that is to supervise the plebiscite will be composed of five members, two Chileans, two Peruvians and the president of the supreme court of Chile. In order to vote, a residence of three years in Tacna has to be proved and the reading and writing test must be passed. What interests the people here particularly is a secret clause providing for money compensation. It is especially noted that the minister asked the Senate to go into secret session, which was done despite the emphatic opposition of Senators Walker, Martinez and Bulnes, the latter laying the blame for all past diplomatic errors at the door of the secret sessions.

In the Chamber of Deputies here the reestablishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries came up immediately and gave rise to an exchange of views on the postponement of the plebiscite. Deputy Gran, in calling for a ministerial statement, declared that the postponement could only be interpreted as the final cession of Tacna and Arica in an undignified manner. Deputy Salomon opposed this view, or rather the voicing of it at this time, and recalled the mission of 1898, when Don Guillermo Billinghurst, now President of the republic, went to Chile and came to the only agreement with that country that ever received the approvals of the Peruvians, from which the deputy concluded that if the same now faced the same problem again the solution arrived at must deserve being considered a patriotic one. The session when the minister of foreign affairs will be called upon to explain officially, is to be secret, like the one in the Chilean Senate.

And interview with Don Julio Zegers which appeared in the Chilean press is reproduced and quoted here with interest. Senor Zegers, who recalls being one of the signers of the declaration of war in 1879, feels that the new agreement will bring economic results which were regarded as utopian in the past. Despite some probable opposition on the part of too fervid patriots, he is sure that it will be recognized that the two nations have sunk their differences in their common commercial interests.

In the Chilean press it is noted that the foremost papers like El Mercurio come out strongly for the agreement, while one or two minor ones are of opinion that Chile is making undue concessions to Peru. It is with especial interest and deference that the press of Argentina is listened to in regard to the new agreement which in well informed quarters is seen inevitably to range Peru with the triple entente of South America—Brazil, Argentina and Chile. La Nacion of Buenos Aires warmly applauds the reestablishment of relations between the two neighbors.

In official and business circles in this country as in Chile, judging from public and private utterances, there is much curiosity as to the manner in which the American press and the government of the United States will regard the new entente. While the consensus is that the agreement is an economic necessity in view of the approaching completion of the Panama canal, voices are beginning to be heard as to the future status of the Monroe doctrine, since the consolidation of the great nations of South America is considered ample protection for South America and through the probable enlargement of the circle, for the Caribbean as well.

LAND COMPANY IS WILLING TO RESCIND AMAZON CONTRACT

(Special to the Monitor)

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil—It is reported from Para that the representative of the Amazon Land and Colonization Company, whose territorial acquisitions in Para state recently formed the subject of heated discussions in Congress, has notified the Governor of its willingness to rescind the land contract in view of the opposition expressed in the press, provided the government will reimburse the outlay for surveys and preliminary work. A satisfactory solution is anticipated and general relief is manifested.

What the general public as well as a large part of the press is inclined to look upon as a very grave matter was brought out recently before Congress in an impassioned denunciation by Deputy Mauricio de Lacerda. What he had to say about the attempt to sell Brazil piecemeal to foreign syndicates made a strong impression, even though it is thought that in the heat of oratory the deputy must have exaggerated the danger to national independence. There was an excited exchange of views because of the deputy's allusion to the "30 pieces of silver," the opposite argument being that the states that conceded lands to foreign concerns did so in the full exercise of their sovereign rights. Deputy De Lacerda answers that the framers of the federal constitution could never have suspected that the states would use their constitutional authority in such an unpatriotic manner and warned Brazil of running the risk of sharing the fate of India, Egypt and the Transvaal.

It is claimed that there are photographs of a compromising nature tending to show that in a number of cases official pressure was brought to bear on land owners to sell out to the agents of the syndicate who then sold the lands to the latter for at least five times the amount. As the sums paid to the original land owners were in many cases said to be ridiculously small the charge is brought that force was used and that the military forces of the federal government stationed in the interior were requisitioned for that purpose.

RUMOR GIVES NAMES OF DIPLOMATS WHO WILL AIM AT PEACE

(Special to the Monitor)

SANTIAGO, Chile—It is persistently rumored that the diplomats who have been selected to reestablish relations between this country and Peru are Don Antonio Valdez Cuevas, as minister to Lima; Don Carlos Morla Lynch or Don Enrique Balmaceda Toro as secretary, and Don Gonzalo Santa Cruz as officer of legation.

There is growing enthusiasm in the press over the agreement with Peru, and the reserve which some papers maintained in the beginning is disappearing. It is with genuine satisfaction that reports from Iquique and other northern ports are received here giving details of the cordial reception accorded the S. S. Pachitea, as the first trip to Chilean waters of the steamers of the Peruvian merchant marine.

(Copyright, 1912, by the Christian Science Publishing Society)

BIG RAILROAD PROJECTS BEING PUSHED IN MEXICO

Work in Progress on Shorter Line to American Border from Mexico City and Surveys Have Been Completed for Road to City of Merida, Yucatan Capital

UNDER FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CONTROL

(Special to the Monitor)

MEXICO CITY—A visit to the handsome new structure costing a million pesos, new occupied by the bureau of public works, discloses the fact that a small army of men is employed in the working out of plans for railroad building. The federal government controls the steel roads in the republic, possessing more than half the stock in the 25,000 kilometers of track, etc., now operating. All new concessions virtually must allow the government the same control. Yet, there are American and English capitalists and railroad builders who agree to the terms and are dealing with the bureau of public works for such concessions.

Two different groups are at present negotiating with the bureau, one to build the short line from this city to the port of Tampico and thence to the port of Matamoros, opposite Brownsville, Tex., and the other to run a line from the mid-isthmus station of Santa Lucrecia, on the isthmus of Tehuantepec, to the inland city of Merida, capital of the peninsula-state of Yucatan.

Work is being rushed on the short line to Tampico and grading has already commenced on the extension to Matamoras. This will be by far the shortest line to the American border, and when completed will be a great advantage not only to the traveling public but to traffic on account of economy in time and distance. Trains will be able then to run from the City of Mexico to the city of Brownsville in 24 hours, whereas the shortest line at present, via Laredo, occupies 36 hours. This will be the third line connecting this city with the American frontier. The distances covered will be then about as follows: Mexico City to El Paso, 1200 kilometers; Mexico City to Laredo, 900 kilometers; Mexico City to Brownsville, 700 kilometers.

There is a fourth route, via Eagle Pass, but it lies between El Paso and Laredo, and trains have to run over the Mexican Central as far as Torreon.

There is a saving of a few hours by this route, as against the Mexican Central to El Paso. This latter route, however, will always be the best route to reach California, at least until the Southern Pacific completes its line to Guadalajara, via Guaymas. This will when completed be the fifth trunk line to the United States and the shortest approach to the Californias.

The short line to Brownsville will not detract from the importance of the Laredo route, for the latter commands the traffic of an immense section of the southwest of the United States. But the line to Brownsville will shorten the distance from this city to New Orleans fully 24 hours. Galveston will also be proportionately nearer than by present routings.

This, the shortest possible railroad route to the United States, and which will form part of the government system, it is expected will be finished within three years. Leaving Mexico, the line will run via Pachuca and Tulancingo, and on through the oil regions to the port of Tampico; thence along the coast of the Gulf of Mexico and through immense agricultural tracts now being opened up, in advance, by Americans and other foreigners. This line will also be linked to the port of Vera Cruz by a branch going via the smaller port of Tuxpam. This will put the port of Vera Cruz much nearer than ever to American markets, saving 30 hours at least as between Vera Cruz and Galveston, by rail. The time consumed by steamer traffic between New Orleans and Vera Cruz will be reduced one half.

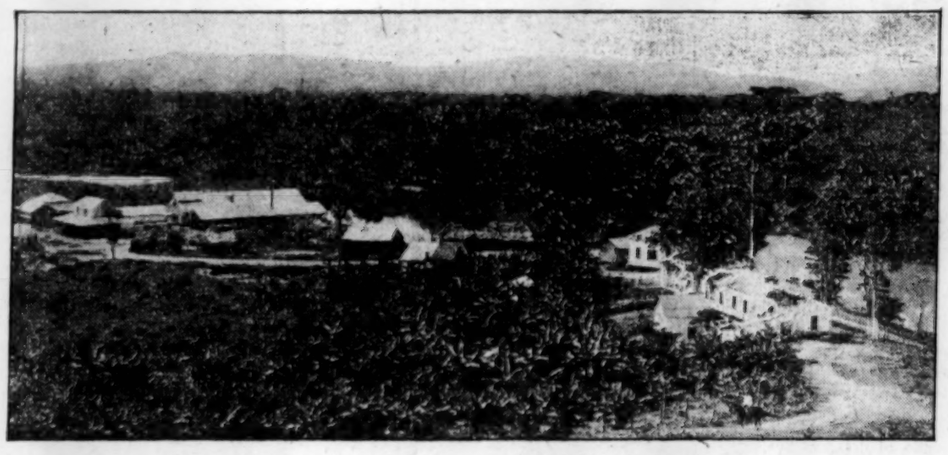
The railroad connection between the city of Mexico and the city of Merida, Yucatan, is not being constructed by the National lines; the government system, as is the short route to Brownsville, but by a company organized by the concessionaire, William Prim Wood, of Washington, D. C. But, Mr. Wood has to deal with the federal government under conditions more favorable to the latter than it would have been possible in the time of President Diaz. The surveys of the route to Merida are completed and the plans for the work are now under consideration by the bureau of public works. Construction will commence as soon as the plans are approved by the bureau. This bureau has supervision and the final word to say not only as regards right of way, construction and equipment, but also the charges for traffic and transportation, its powers far exceeding those of the interstate commission in the United States.

This line to Yucatan will start at the station of Santa Lucrecia and thread the almost incalculably rich sections of lands in the four southern states of Vera Cruz, Tabasco, Chiapas and Campeche, until it strikes the great henequen state of Yucatan, with its yield of 30,000,000 pesos per annum of fiber alone. There will be branches to San Juan Bautista and Frontera, points of issue of the hardwoods and tropical fruits of Tabasco and the rich tierra incognita of southern Mexico. At present any one desiring to reach Merida must go to the port of Vera Cruz and thence by steamer to Progreso, the Yucatan port, one of the most open and dangerous roadsteads in the gulf of Mexico, where steamers have had to lie off-land for three days on account of northers. This route, when completed, in five years as now anticipated, will enable one to leave the city of Mexico and in 48 hours be in the city of Merida, without leaving the comfortable Pullmans. The officials in the bureau are of opinion the trip can be made in 30 or 36 hours, or one third of the time now consumed in the trip from the city of Mexico to the city of Merida.

Yucatan has always been isolated from the mainland of Mexico, so much so that the people of the peninsula have grown up to be jealous even of the Mexicans and call themselves Yucatecos. But this railroad will nose out the provincialism and storied conservatism of the exclusive Yucatecos, and unify the Mexican republic to that extent.



Custom house and entrance to railroad yards, port of Tampico, through which new railroad between Mexico City and United States will run



(Used by permission of C. B. Waite, photographer, Mexico City)

American pineapple plantation, state of Chiapas, through part of which the projected railroad to Yucatan will pass

TRADE NOTES

(Special to the Monitor)

LA CEIBA, Honduras—Under the name of Honduras Oil Company a concern has been formed here for the development of the petroleum resources of Guare, district of Rosario, department of Comayagua. The board of directors includes a number of French business men, as well as prominent natives. An American expert is shortly to arrive on the field.

AMAPALA, Honduras—The first automobile ordered for the new service between San Lorenzo and the capital has arrived at this custom house.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua—American interests have secured concessions for wireless stations at Corinto and San Juan del Norte (Greytown), sufficient to generate power and electric light for those ports; similar installations at El Castillo and the fort of San Carlos on the San Carlos river; wireless stations in this capital and Granada; electric light and power at the Campo de Marte fortress in this capital, with a pumping station to draw water from La Loma lake at the rate of 100 gallons per hour; wireless installation, ice plant and electric light on the government steamer Victoria.

ASUNCION, Paraguay — It is announced that the budget of the minister of public instructions for the coming year will contain considerably increased appropriations for primary instruction. It has been decided to send students abroad according to the following plan: to the United States two students of pedagogy and two of natural science and agricultural subjects; six to Paris and Berlin; four students of mathematics to other European cities; as well as 10 students of chemistry, physics, manufactures, commerce, finances and other subjects.

SANTA MARTA, Colombia—During October the expertation of bananas reached 182,210 bunches to the United States and 224,966 bunches to the United Kingdom; total value, $186,196.

BOCAS DEL TORO, Panama—A company has been organized here under the style of Industrial & Agricultural Credit Company for the purpose of developing colonization on a large scale.

PARA, Brazil—The latest trade statistics show that the rubber export from this country during the last year has been excellent, the amount shipped to England having increased by 4000 T and to the United States by 8000 T; 37,000 T were shipped from the Amazon alone and it is expected that the total will shortly reach 45 per cent of the rubber export of the world.

VENEZUELAN AIR MEN ARE ACTIVE

(Special to the Monitor)

MARACAIBO CITY, Venezuela—Several aviators of international reputation are expected here from Caracas. Flights are proposed in this vicinity and in various directions from the lake, including points in northeastern Colombia.

VENEZUELA NOT UP TO NEIGHBORS IN HER SCHOOLS

(Special to the Monitor)

CARACAS, Venezuela — According to the Official Gazette there are now in this republic 2,743,841 inhabitants, with 1601 schools, attended by 36,517 pupils, that is one out of every 70 inhabitants. It is pointed out that the neighboring republic of Colombia is considerably in advance of this country, while Ecuador is still more so, in the matter of primary education, for Colombia, with 5,500,000 inhabitants, has 437 schools attended by 250,000, an average of one out of every 22 inhabitants, and Ecuador with about 1,275,000 inhabitants, has 1355 schools with an attendance of some 75,000, giving an average of one out of every 17.

DEVICE WHICH MUCH IMPROVES THE WIRELESS

(Special to the Monitor)

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay—What is regarded as a notable advance in wireless telegraphy consists of an invention by an electric engineer, Don Carlos Dore, of Italian nationality, residing in this city. It is represented by an ingenious device to the apparatus making it possible for the operator to receive messages while transmitting. The government is keenly interested in the invention, which was made possible in part through the cooperation of the minister of public instruction, who placed the workshop of the arts and crafts at the inventor's disposal. Tests are now being made at the university under the auspices of the department of physics.

Keep Ahead By Telegraph

In the Holiday Rush

No time to write letters and wait for mails during this busy season.

Western Union services will enable you to speed up your business.

Use Fast Telegrams
Day Letters
Night Letters

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

C. G. YOUNG — ENGINEERING · REPORTS · CONSTRUCTION — Latin-American Concessions for public utilities Financed — Bankers Trust Building NEW YORK

A PROPHET AT HOME

A book on the Panama Canal might win press approval in the United States and still be inaccurate. If it wins approval in Panama itself, the home of the subject, the treatment must be good. Among favorable comments received from persons and press in Panama, the Star and Herald says of "THE AMERICANS IN PANAMA," by William R. Scott: "The book is a distinct improvement on many of its predecessors." The Brooklyn Eagle says: "The best history of the canal to date." $1.35 net. Postpaid $1.47.

Of any bookseller, or,

THE STATLER PUB. CO.
501 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

AMERICAN EXPORTER helps manufacturers develop their export trade. Send for sample copy. 137 William street, New York.

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

BOOKBINDERS EDITION AND MISCELLANEOUS
Dudley & Hodge, 299 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

BOOK-PAPER MANUFACTURERS
Tileston & Hollingsworth Co., 49 Federal st., Boston.

BUILDING CONTRACTORS
Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 6 Beacon St., Boston.

ENGRAVING, DESIGNING, HALF-TONE AND ETCHING
Franklin Engraving Co., 290 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.

ELECTROTYPERS
Dickinson Electrotype Foundry, 270 Congress St., Boston.

HEATING (Steam and Hot Water)
Gurney Heater Mfg. Co., 188-200 Franklin St., Boston

INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS
Hinckley & Woods, 82 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.

LEATHER GOODS—WHOLESALE
Bristol Patent Leather Co., Patent Colt and Kid, Philadelphia—Bristol, Pa.—Boston.
Keystone Leather Co., Glazed and Dull Kid, Philadelphia—Boston—London.

MILLINERY GOODS
Millinery Goods, Manufacturers of Trimmed, Untrimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats, J. P. Strehle & Co., 639 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

PAINTS AND OILS
Tanner Paint & Oil Co., Manufacturers of High-Grade Paints for all purposes, 1417 and 1419 Main St., Richmond, Va. Phone Mad. 399, Mad. 1797.

PAPER DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

PAPER DEALERS (Wholesale)
Bay State Paper Co., 327-329 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

POWER, HEATING and VENTILATING
Cleghorn Co., 54 Batterymarch St., Boston.

PRINTERS' ROLLERS
Wild & Stevens, Inc., 5 Purchase St., Boston.

REAL ESTATE—INS.—MORTGAGES
Nathan H. Weil, Yorkville Bank Bldg., Third Ave. and 85th St., New York City.

TWINE
Andrews Paper Co., formerly Higgins, Snow Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.

STEEL CASTINGS
George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

WOOL
F. N. Graves & Co., 34 Summer St., Boston.

Galsworthy's New Play "Julius Caesar"

SCENE IN NEW GALSWORTHY DOMESTIC DRAMA



(Copyright by Daily Mirror Studios)

Central figures in above illustration are Miss Irene Rooke as Lady Cheshire, Edmund Maurice as Sir William Cheshire and Miss Cathleen Nesbit as Freda, the maid, about whom centers the problem of the play now being given at the Kingsway theater

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Caste is a word that seems to stand by itself. It has nothing to do with honor, religion or morality, but it has its own code of ethics. This code had once fixed rules or laws, but now these have mostly disappeared and in their place we have strong instincts or feelings enclosing us on all sides, through which the graces of the spirit have the poorest chance of penetrating. Not that caste can be peremptorily dismissed. Without it a great majority of men and women would be left rudderless, for within its limits it is strict, upholding a line of conduct that promotes a decent show of order and correct living. The fact, however, that it cannot be gauged by reason, and that it has through all time been curiously inhuman, has made it a recognized enemy to religion and progress.

A certain great landowner, described by an eminent prelate as "the most pious layman in England," made it a rule on his estate that should a member of a family commit an offense against morals the whole of the said family must leave the parish forthwith. Now Sir William Cheshire, in Mr. Galsworthy's drama, has something of the idea as the distinguished nobleman just mentioned. A young keeper on his estate shall go without a character if he fails to do the straight thing towards the girl whom he declares he no longer cares for. In the case of his own son it is different. This young man, Bill, he is called, says he will undertake to marry his mother's maid, though he has no real affection for her. Well, says his father in effect, if you do you can fend for yourself; for you will have nothing from me. The girl's father, however, head keeper to Sir William, settles the matter by refusing to allow his daughter to marry into a family where she is unwelcome. The interest in the play lies in the question, which the author allows the audience to answer for itself, as to whether a wrong can be adjusted by following what is known as the usual code of honor.

Mr. Galsworthy's play is from the first moment dramatic. The figure of the maid, Freda, standing at the foot of the stairs while the members of the household assemble for dinner, at once conveys a sense of something impending. Then, as usual, Mr. Galsworthy gives admirable opportunities for acting. The characters are all drawn with the author's certain touch. Everything about the play, with the exception perhaps of some rather weak comedy in the second act, has a sincerity about it which compels attention. The figure of Lady Cheshire, most beautifully played by Miss Irene Rooke, stands out particularly. In every quiet movement you feel the woman has lived a life of suppression. The men of her set have had to be humored, intimate companionship with them has been impossible. Mr. Galsworthy has shown his sympathy with this character in his novels, and in this play it is most ably interpreted.

Then the Sir William Cheshire of Edmund Maurice is also a masterful piece of acting. The author's fairness enables him to feel something for this wrong-headed, stubborn and undisciplined character. He puts his case, the case of a man in his position. The country means his caste and its code, and his son's marriage must do violence to what is to him a religion; there can therefore be no forgiveness. Another moment in the play, not easily to be forgotten, is where the family are waiting for their father's return from hunting. He has yet to learn what they all know; there is a sense of dread everywhere.

Where every part is so ably acted it is not easy to pick out a few. Still, one must mention the eldest son, a most difficult role, very well acted by Guy Rathbone. He meets his father's bursts of anger and his mother's agonized appeal with a sort of suppressed sullenness. He is going to do the right thing by this girl, not from any ethical sense of right, but because it appears to him to be the only proper thing to do. In this conflict of strong and adverse feelings it seemed that only Lady Cheshire and Freda were trying to see some sort of daylight in the fog.

Freda, though she is genuinely in love, sees that nothing would come of a marriage if it was gone through simply with the idea of making things square. In this play, like so many plays and books that are appearing, there is a sense of revolt against what has been regarded as honor, just as in the past there was a revolt against recognized dogma. The "Eldest Son" will not probably interest as large a public as some of the author's other plays, it does not absorb the attention to the same degree as did "Strike," for instance; still it is an interesting play to think about, and certainly to discuss, the probability being that no two people will quite agree as to their point of view in regard to it.

SCENE IN "THE GOLDEN DOOM"



(Copyright by Daily Mirror Studios)

King in Lord Dunsany's play discovers message supposed to come from "the gods," but which was really written by children at play

THREE PLAYS AT THE HAYMARKET

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The three plays produced at the Haymarket in place of "Bunty Pulls the Strings" are all thoroughly enjoyed. Even the stalls were quite full at 8 o'clock for Mr. William J. Locke's little farce "An Adventure of Aristide Pujol." In this, one gentleman is mistaken for another, and is so able to turn the tables on a third and singularly dishonest gentleman, who is amiably proposing to palm off a spurious Corot on to his son-in-law elect. Dishonestly outmaneuvered is always popular, and the light-hearted little play, acted with plenty of go, is received with a good measure of applause.

"The Golden Doom" by Lord Dunsany, is a comedy in a setting of solemn grandeur. The scene is laid outside the great King's door in Zericon, sometime before the fall of Babylon. Two children scribble on this door, that no man may touch a little rhyme. The boy, moreover, prays that the door of the King will send him a hoop. Now the King has apparently been an admirable ruler, most careful of his people's welfare, but, unfortunately, neglectful in his duty towards theology. When, therefore, the priests of the stars are called upon to interpret the mysterious writing found on this dreadful door, it seemed entirely in the order of things that they should be quite certain it meant the doom of the King on account of his lack of piety. His majesty then, to appease these jealous divinities, and as an act of humility, lays down his crown (a gold circlet) and sceptre at the sacred threshold of the door.

When the boy comes early to see if his prayer is answered, behold, there is a little hoop and stick ready to hand. No trouble has been spared in the mounting of this fantasy, and the incidental music by Mr. Norman O'Neill adds much to its attractiveness. The solemn and mysterious ritual of the priests, in the face of the simple facts of the case, is most amusing, and not without its moral.

Mr. Stanley Houghton's comedy in three acts, "The Younger Generation," takes one from ancient Babylon to Manchester. It is a story of the strife between the younger and the older generations, in which the older is, of course, very much worsted. The play has evidently been written to please popular opinion, and it will probably succeed. The older generation, with its narrow prejudices, is invariably made to look ridiculous, while the younger generation, with its desire for freedom and enjoyment, naturally appears attractive by comparison. Whereas, one generation thanks God it is not as other men are, the other is as pharisaically pleased at being exactly like everybody else. When any one lies, and most of the characters do, he is warmly congratulated on being both natural and human.

The play is, however, not seriously written, though there are plenty of things in it that would have been useful 20 or 30 years ago, and may even be fresh to some people today. The author is a close observer, has real sense of character, and without being exactly witty, writes so easily and naturally that his lines are extremely effective. These qualities enable the actors to play with the same ease that the lines are written. Though there seems a certain amount of repetition in the third act, the whole was received with the greatest delight from an audience conscious of its superior liberal mindedness.

POPULAR REVIVAL OF CLASSIC TRAGEDY IS MADE BY FAVERSHAM

A WORTHY and in many ways a popular performance of Shakespeare's "Julius Caesar" was given at the Majestic theater Monday evening, when William Faversham presented the revival of this tragedy of ancient Rome that he has long been preparing. The cast:

Julius Caesar	Fuller Mellish
Octavius Caesar	Kenneth Hunter
Marc Antony	Mr. Faversham
Marcus Brutus	Tyrone Power
Cassius	Frank Keenan
Casca	Berton Churchill
Trebonius	Arthur Elliot
Lucius	Miss Elsie Rizer
First Citizen	Lionel Belmore
Calpurnia	Miss Jane Wheatley
Portia	Miss Julie Opp

Mr. Faversham's revival is along lines of popular appeal. It is impressive in the expected fashion, with freedom and breadth in the acting of well-known players, high-colored stage pictures that are not too elaborate to be changed quickly, and a mob that fills the eye and ear with its bustlings and excitements.

Mr. Faversham made a handsome, buoyant Antony, and the music of his fine voice gave constant pleasure. He was first of all natural, making the scene in the senate admirable in its restraint and making Antony seem more sincere, perhaps, than any one else has. He was at his best in his oration, and indeed this was the finest big moment of the performance. Here Mr. Faversham was above all natural and human, and made no use of the pseudo-subtleties with which some Antonys insult the intelligence of their audiences. The subtleties in Shakespeare's lines are so marvelously keen that they need no obvious "pointing," but only to be read intelligently. For once we have a lovable Antony, free from the degeneracy that later wrecked Caesar's favorite soldier.

Brutus, the leading character in the play, was portrayed according to a massive plan by Tyrone Power. There was a large rhythm in it, and a large aloofness that at no time made this Brutus seem kin of the conspirators. The actor used his powerful resonant voice with fine intelligence and with good emphasis. As he stood in the pulpit addressing the mob he looked statuesque and seemed indeed "the noble Brutus."

Mr. Keenan might have been chosen for his appearance, for he well looked the "lean and hungry Cassius." Here was a mean spirited and aggressive Cassius, and one that was unexpectedly flexible enough in the quarrel scene to follow the contour of Shakespeare's superb construction. Mr. Keenan's mannered delivery, however, changed the poet's iambics into spondees; this was his chief defect.

In the secondary characters Mr. Mellish read his lines in orotund. He cannot be too much commended for the clearness of his speech, a virtue that characterized the work of all the players. It should be remembered in considering Caesar in this play that Shakespeare pictured the man closely according to Plutarch, who shows the conqueror at the end of his career become so vain that all his nobility has been eaten away by egotism, and with little left but cheap craft and superstition.

Miss Julie Opp as Portia looked like Juno, a regal creature in her statuesque draperies. It was most gratifying to see a Casca so rounded and so human as Mr. Churchill's. Lucius was a small part well done in action and in song.

So much having been said in a sincere effort to appreciate the excellencies of this production it may not be out of place to consider the possibilities of this presentation had it been prepared by a stage director of imagination, a specialist with thorough equipment—equipment which includes a knowledge of the possibilities of the human voice and the ability to aid players to attain these possibilities, a director whose gaze is not cast over his shoulder at the outmoded scenery that was brought to its perfection by Sir Alma Tadema, but who is eager to learn the imaginative new art of stage decoration as now practised by Reinhardt and others in Germany and by Granville Barker in England.

In respect to the voice, the reading of many of the lines could be transformed within a week from what is now merely popular theatrical effectiveness into dramatic poetry by a director who insisted that each line of every role be thoroughly studied until it yields up every drop of meaning in the form of word color, change of pitch, pauses that have some meaning other than stops for breath.

Enough of these comparisons, which many will think odious and which could be continued endlessly, so rich is the field that might have been explored to set this play imaginatively instead of in the conventional pictorial manner of easel painting scenery that is beginning to pass.

Instead, let hearty congratulations be extended to Mr. Faversham for his courage in reviving a noble and inspiriting drama, and having the self-sacrificing artist instinct to take a comparatively minor role that the ensemble might be as fine as he could make it. For this he deserves general support and that he has attained much popular success was evident from the size of the audience, which filled every seat, and left many persons standing. The curtain rises sharply at 8 o'clock and the play ends a few minutes after 11. Mr. Faversham and his "Julius Caesar" are here for two weeks.

"REBECCA" AGAIN

"I want to come to see it again," an auditor at the Hollis Street theater was overheard to say at the close of last evening's performance, and that seems to be the general desire of those who have once seen "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm." There is, perhaps, on the American stage today no more wholesome and sweet drama than this production of Kate Douglas Wiggin and Charlotte Thompson. Even the not entirely pleasing episode of the wedding ring serves its purpose in showing how the love of a little child may purify the lives of others, and lead them in the paths of self-respect.

The coming of Rebecca to the Brick house, with her cherished pink sunshade, "the dearest thing in life" to her, her finding in Aunt Miranda not the fairy godmother whom she expected, but a seeming dragon, her flight through the storm to the house of "Uncle" Jerry Cobb, the stage driver, and his kindly diplomacy make the first act a delight. From that through the soap selling scene in the last act, wherein Adam Ladd becomes Mr. Aladdin, the flag raising drill in the third, fun and pathos mingle until the end of the play, which comes on graduation day, when a grown-up Rebecca returns home from the academy to find Mr. Aladdin waiting to claim his princess.

The cast is an excellent one. Miss Taliaferro grows prettier each year, and her work retains its charm of youth and sincerity. Especially fine character work is shown by Marie L. Day as the "dragon" aunt, who tries so hard to conceal her real self, only to let her tenderness crop out in unexpected places, and by Ada Deaves as the talkative Mrs. Perkins.

Archie Boyd is still dear old Jerry Cobb, whom the audience as well as Rebecca loves. Hayward Ginn makes an altogether desirable Adam Ladd. Sam Coit and Viola Fortescue do good work in unsympathetic parts. Eliza Glassford as the kindly Aunt Jane is attractive, while much of the comedy is furnished by Miss Frost, Miss Forster and the Misses Mersereau as village children and by Edwin Smedley as the leader of the fife and drum corps, and later the adored of Emma Jane.

Miranda Sawyer	Marie L. Day
Jane Sawyer	Eliza Glassford
Mrs. Perkins	Ada Deaves
Mrs. Simpson	Viola Fortescue
Rebecca Rowena Randall	Edith Taliaferro
Emma Jane Perkins	Leila Frost
Clara Belle Simpson	Violet Mersereau
Minnie Smellie	Nennelle Foster
Alice Robinson	Clara Mersereau
Jeremiah Cobb	Archie Boyd
Abner Simpson	Sam Coit
Abijah Flagg	Edwin Smedley
Adam Ladd	Hayward Ginn

HERE AND THERE

"Milestones," a drama by Arnold Bennett and Edward Knoblauch, comes to the Tremont theater, Boston, Jan. 13.

Liebler & Company plan to send "The Daughter of Heaven" to the Auditorium, Chicago, in January and follow it at the Century, New York, with "Joseph and His Brethren," a Biblical spectacle by Louis N. Parker.

"DAMON AND PYTHIAS"

John Craig interestingly revived John Banim's "Damon and Pythias" Monday afternoon at the Castle Square theatre. Taking as a basis a noble theme of friendship that will bear any test of loyalty, the play develops its story along simple, straightforward and surprisingly dramatic lines. Least successful is the dialogue, yet so sincere is the feeling behind the play that the audience did not smile during Calanthe's apostrophy, "Oh, that the solid earth might forget its immutable fixedness and become as flowing water to bring him here."

Calanthe was hoping against hope for the return of Damon, who was under capital sentence, and in whose place her affianced, Pythias, stands as pledge for his friend's return from a farewell visit to his wife and child. Calanthe thinks she sees a horseman in the distance, but is born away from the scene protesting.

This big scene, which comes at the very end of the play, and so preserves a mounting interest that many a modern drama lacks, is led up to by several interesting episodes. First is seen Damon, unarmed, set upon by a squad of spearmen, and rescued by Pythias, who dashes in bravely arrayed in armor and glittering helmet. A martial figure, indeed, Wilson Melrose made as Pythias, and he delivered his lines in the true romantic vein. John Craig as the philosophic Damon was a commanding figure, truly heroic in his plea to the other senators to keep their country a democracy, in his bravery under condemnation by Dionysius, who is elected king, in his tender parting with Damon's wife, Hermion, and he was exalted in his proof of friendship at the close when he returns to replace Pythias.

Miss Mary Young was a gentle Calanthe in the early episodes, and pathetically affecting in the scenes of suspense. She made a charming picture in her Greek draperies of soft white with lavender figures in the borders. Walter Walker was a full-blooded Dionysius, the tyrant who tested friendship to the limit, then generously pardoned both friends, in tribute to their nobility.

"THE HYPOCRITES"

As many books are credited with having "morals," so are some plays expected to show a lesson, and the object of Henry Arthur Jones' four-act drama, "The Hypocrites," playing at the St. James theater this week, is briefly summarized that by right thinking, right talking and right doing, one may accomplish seemingly impossible tasks.

The Rev. Edgar Linnell, a curate of Weybury, England, has taken for his motto, "Do right no matter what the consequences are." He carries out this theory, even when the loss of his pastorate is threatened, and in the end proves he was right.

Theodore Friebus acted the Rev. Edgar Linnell with a strength that was convincing in its heavy moments. He appeared rather timid in the first of the play. In Linnell's support of the right and denouncing of the wrong he proves his ability to get out of the hornet's nest he stirred up by doing right.

Miss Ethel Grey Terry did all possibble with the part of the self-sacrificing Rachel. The part of the son was admirably taken by Dudley Hawley.

Versatile Miss Franklin's entreating appeals to Mr. Linnell, as the mother of Lennard, her fiery outbursts at what she termed his obstinacy and her final yielding before his never failing kindness, all were carried out with a manner showing careful study. The others were well cast.

OTHER BOSTON ATTRACTIONS

Miss Lulu Glaser is the star at B. F. Keith's vaudeville this week, appearing in a musical play especially written for her and which permits her to masquerade as mischievous maid in the house of her fiance. She sang several characteristic songs to the pleasure of the audience. Maude Lambert and Ernest Ball have one of the popular acts, in which a medley of Mr. Ball's compositions is sung. Others are Joe Jackson, an original comedian; Ward and Webber, dancers; Ila Grannon, singer; Wilfred Clarke and company in a sketch.

"Embers," a drama by George Middleton, is a feature of the entertainment at the Bijou theater this week together with instrumental and vocal music and photo plays.

Plays that held over are George Arliss in "Disraeli" at the Plymouth, Miss Rose Stahl in "Maggie Pepper" at the Park, Henry Miller in "The Rainbow" at the Tremont. Newton Newkirk is at the National vaudeville theater this week.

Swiss Watches

PRIZE WINNERS AT GENEVA, 1912

These watches we offer for the holiday season are precise and reliable time keepers. The makers were awarded the 26 prizes this year at Geneva for the best running in competition with all other manufacturers. The brilliant results accomplished by these watches make them most desirable holiday gifts.

PATEK-PHILIPPE & Co. GENEVA



Shreve, Crump & Low Company

147 TREMONT STREET, CORNER OF WEST STREET, BOSTON

TRAVEL

WINTER CRUISES

WHITE STAR LINE

THE RIVIERA — ITALY — EGYPT —

The Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.

"Adriatic" "Cedric"

Jan. 7, Jan. 21, Feb. 18, Mar. 4. Via Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers.

PANAMA CANAL -WEST INDIES- SOUTH AMERICA

Two Largest, Newest, Finest Tropic Cruising Steamers.

"Laurentic" "Megantic"

Jan. 8, Jan. 22, Feb. 8, Feb. 22. 28 and 29 Days, $175 and Upward.

BOOK NOW FOR THE FIRST CRUISES

"ADRIATIC" JAN. 7 "LAURENTIC" JAN. 8

CRUISE DEPARTMENT, 84 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

TRAVEL

Eastern Steamship Corporation

ATTRACTIVE ROUTES

ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER

To Maine and the Provinces. Reduced Winter Rates in Effect

BOSTON TO Rockland, Camden, Belfast, Castine, Bangor, Penobscot Bay and River, Connecting for Mt. Desert. — 5:00 P. M. from India Wharf—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday—S. S. Belfast and Camden. Tuesday and Friday.

Portland (Night Line) — 7:00 P. M. from Central Wharf—Weekdays—S. S. Bay State and Governor Dingley.

Portland, Eastport, Lubec, St. John and the Provinces. Portland stop omitted Friday. — 9:00 A. M. from Central Wharf — Monday and Friday—S. S. Calvin Austin

Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Offices: also Tourist offices on Washington Street.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

Express Sailings Tuesdays
Fast Mail Sailings Thursdays
FOR
London—Paris—Bremen
Sailings on SATURDAYS for
THE MEDITERRANEAN

Three Winter Cruises to the Panama Canal and West Indies

JAN. 16, FEB. 20, MARCH 27

By the S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst"

OELRICHS & CO., General Agts. 83-85 State St., Boston.

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool

SAXONIA, Dec. 13, Noon

CARPATHIA, Dec. 21, 7 A. M.

New York, Fishguard, Liverpool

*CARONIA, Dec. 14, 10 A. M.

MAURETANIA, Dec. 17, 6 P.M.

*Calls at Queenstown.

Drafts on Great Britain and Ireland

CUNARD LINE

126 State St. Tel. F. H. 4000

WHITE STAR LINE

BOSTON-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL

Arabic, Dec. 17, 3:30 p m., Jan. 14, Feb. 11

Boston-Azores-Gibraltar-Italy

Canopic, Dec. 12, 12 noon, Feb. 1, Mar. 13

Cretic, April 5, May 17

LEYLAND LINE

Boston-Liverpool (Direct)

One class cabin (II.) service rate, $50

Winifredian, Dec. 14, 1:30 P. M.

Devonian, Dec 21, 7 a m; Canadian, Dec 28

Bohemian, Jan. 11

OFFICE, 84 STATE ST., BOSTON

THE MONITOR HOTEL ADVERTISEMENTS REACH A LARGE NUMBER OF TRAVELERS.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

BLACKSMITH wanted, thoroughly experienced for machine forging. STANHOPE FORGE & MACHINE CO., 49 Lansdowne st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

BLACKSMITH'S HELPER wanted; steady work for the right man. STANHOPE FORGE & MACHINE CO., 49 Lansdowne st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

BOY WANTED in bakery. Apply at HOFFMAN'S BAKERY, opp. Plant's, 298 Center st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 10

CHINESE BOY wanted to go to Washington, D. C.; take care of apartment; capable of getting up and serving dinner parties for 4; well recommended; $45 to $50 per month; apply by letter only. ELIZABETH F. HASSENBERG, 437 Boylston st., Boston. 16

COMPOSITOR—One used to make-up, also cylinder feeder. JOHN C. OTTO, 196 Worthington st., Springfield, Mass. 16

MACHINIST—An experienced all-round machinist wanted. Apply STANHOPE FORGE & MACHINE CO., 49 Lansdowne st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

MAN TO WAIT ON TRADE and make himself generally useful in furniture store; references required. THE J. & A. ERRLICH CO., 2147 Washington st., Roxbury, Mass. 14

NEAT, CAPABLE MAN of good habits to care for furnace and sidewalk for rent of basement room; references required. MISS R. J. DAY, 169 Massachusetts av., Boston. 11

OFFICE POSITION IS OFFERED a young man of good appearance who is a worker and would appreciate a very favorable opportunity to make good; small salary to start; call only between 12 m. and 2 p. m. W. S. BUCKLIN & CO., 141 Milk st., Boston. 12

WANTED—First-class cylinder feeders. Apply R. S. PECK & CO., 26-28 High st., Hartford, Conn. 11

WANTED—An all-round experienced cook, competent to cook for 40 or 50 people, in small institution in Haverhill; wages satisfactory; references required. Address M. A. SAVAGE, 61 Brown st., Haverhill, Mass. 11

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT-HOUSEKEEPER wanted in family of 2 adults in suburbs; some lifting necessary; state telephone. Address W. J. SLADE, P. O. Box 3025, Boston. 12

BINDERY GIRLS wanted; hand folders and girls to learn; steady work at good wages. Apply to MR. DILLON, Library Bureau, 224 Albany st., Cambridge, Mass. 14

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—A thoroughly experienced Protestant maid wanted for general housework in family of 3 adults; extra wages for maid above the average; references; apply only by telephone or letter. MRS. T. H. FOSTER, 796 Massachusetts av., Arlington, Mass. Tel. 420 Arlington. 16

GENERAL housework maid wanted; small wash, no cooking, convenient house. Tel. Newton So. 837-W. MRS. STUART PIERCE, 33 Waldorf road, Newton Highlands, Mass.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK MAID in family of 4; one who is neat and experienced and can furnish references; $5 per week. MRS. S. A. MERRILL, 349 Clark rd., Brookline, Mass. Tel. Brookline 4874-M. 10

GENERAL HOUSEWORK MAID (Protestant) wanted in family of 2 adults; must be good plain cook. Address MRS. J. WALLACE ALLEN, 26 Columbia pk., Hayerhill, Mass. 12

MOTHER'S HELPER OR HOUSEKEEPER wanted; good home. MRS. W. B. K. TAYLOR, 26 Circuit av., Newton Highlands, Mass. 16

STRONG, CAPABLE WHITE WOMAN (about 35 or under) for general housework; good plain cook; reference required. MRS. R. G. ALEXANDER, 36 Cliff av., Winthrop Highlands, Mass. Tel. Winthrop 466. 11

WANTED—Experienced girl who can go home at night, in family of 2. Apply in the morning to Suite 2, 89 Gardner st., Allston, Mass., or call Brighton 1646-W. 12

WANTED—Experienced waist finisher; good pay and long season to right party. Apply J. M. PENNY, 126 Massachusetts av., room 403, Boston. 12

WANTED—For general housework in family of four, a competent, neat and reliable colored maid; best of references required. MRS. E. H. RUDD, 27 Walker st., Cambridge. Tel. Cambridge 249-M. 14

WANTED—Maid for general housework; 2 in family; one to go home nights. Apply to MRS. J. M. FAIRBROTHER, 435 Columbia rd., Dorchester, Mass. 13

WANTED—Cook and second girl in family of 5; must be experienced; white and Protestants preferred; good wages; call Saturday or Sunday evening. E. S. LITCHFIELD, 86 Powell st., Brookline, Mass. 14

WANTED—Strong, willing girl in lodging house; must room out; call between 7 and 8 evenings. MARION S. SHAW, 54 Rutland sq., Boston. 16

WANTED in pleasant home, neat and agreeable girl for general housework; need not be experienced cook; small family, one child. MRS. W. L. PARSONS, 39 Brooks st., W. Medford, Mass. Tel. Medford 361-M. 16

WANTED—A good reliable woman to do chamberwork a few hours every morning; must furnish excellent references; steady work. MRS. DEAN, 169 St. Botolph st., Boston. 16

WANTED—Young girl for light housekeeping in small family. MRS. J. PINKS, 14 Hartwell st., Roxbury, Mass. Tel. Rox. 222-M. 16

WANTED—A capable Protestant young woman for boarding and lodging house; good home for the right one. MRS. A. KENNEDY, 1200 Massachusetts av., Cambridge, Mass. 16

YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL OR WOMAN wanted in Cambridge in small adult family; no laundry work; go home nights. MISS E. S. HAYDEN, 4 Rindge ter., North Cambridge, Mass. Tel. Cambridge 4076-W. 11

WOMAN OR GIRL to assist mother in care of house and three little girls; must be neat and agreeable. MRS. W. C. WINSLOW, 45 Lexington av., Somerville, Mass. 12

YOUNG PROTESTANT WOMAN to assist in small family; wages small, work easy; good home; references exchanged. MOSES SMITH, 19 Prospect Hill av., Somerville, Mass. 11

SITUATIONS WANTFD—MALE

ABLE AND EXPERIENCED TRANSLATOR and tutor of Spanish wishes work afternoons or evenings; references. LEAVITT OLDS WRIGHT, 16 Grays Hall, Cambridge, Mass. 12

ACCOUNTANT, 48, married, residence Woodsville, N. H.; willing to work in Massachusetts or Connecticut; good references, experience and education; $2000 a year; mention 8412. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

AD WRITER—Young man with advertising, also salesman ability, desires position where there is opportunity for advancement. E. RAUH, 472 Beech st., Roslindale, Mass. 14

A GOOD AND RELIABLE COLORED CHEF would like position in a family or a clubhouse, or to cook special dinners by day; good references. CHARLES J. WATKINS, 218 Northampton st., Bsoton. Please answer by mail. 11

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN (23) desires responsible afternoon position. G. WILLIAM VATCHER, 71 Wellington Hill st., Dorchester, Mass. 14

AMERICAN YOUNG MAN wishes to learn automobile garage business; strong and willing worker; good references; $6 week. SAMUEL M. HERON, 205 Ruggles st., Boston. 12

AMERICAN YOUNG MARRIED MAN wishes to get position as teamster or anything in general; willing to leave city. CHARLES J. GRINNELL, 614 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. 2027-R Tremont. 14

A RELIABLE MAN (30) wants work at anything; strictly temperate; good habits; references. WILLIAM COOK, 12 Greenleafe st., Boston.

ASSISTANT JANITOR wishes position; refers by permission to C. E. Wire, 70 Devonshire st. GEO. K. RANDALL, 118 West Concord st., Boston. 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ATTENDANT desires employment (34); married; 7 to 12 a. m.; $18; references; will call; 15-minute ride from Back Bay station. A. CHAMBERLAIN, 70 Waltham st., Boston. 10

ATTENDANT—Reliable man with good references desires a position; will go anywhere; price $10 per week and expenses; refers by permission to last employer, Mrs. W. R. Snow, Matfield, and others if desired. W. M. GREGWARE, 767 Tremont st., Boston, Mass. 13

ATTENDANT—Reliable man with good references desires position; will go anywhere; price adjusted in interview; refers by permission to last employer, Mrs. W. R. Snow, Matfield, and others if desired. W. M. GREGWARE, 767 Tremont st., Boston. 16

BAKER, age 34, married, res. Medford; A-1 ref. and exp.; $18 week. Mention 8163. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass. Tel. Ox. 2960.

BARBER—A first class, reliable and temperate barber wants a position for Wednesday evenings and Saturdays, or Saturdays only. H. AZADIAN, 25 Curve st., Boston. 13

BOILER WORK—Age 23, single, res. Cambridge, first class fireman's helper and exp. on steam engines; also automobile exp.; good ref.; $10 to $16. Mention 8404. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

BOOKKEEPER—Age 31, single, res. Dorchester, general knowledge of clerking; good penman; $12. Mention 8455. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

BOOKKEEPER, 20 years' experience stock brokers business, desires position in bookkeeping or any clerical work in any business at moderate salary. CHAS. C. METCALF, 50 Clarendon st., Boston. 14

BOOKBINDER, Scotch, temperate, desires situation; accustomed to high class commercial work; will go anywhere. C. A. NORCROSS, 467 Salem st., Malden, Mass. 14

BOOKKEEPER (21), single, residence in electrical work; $15 week. Mention No. 8428. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

BUTLER and a. r. man, age 49, married, res. Medford, A-1 ref. and exp.; $30 to $40 month. Mention 8389. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CABIN BOY, 16, residence Ipswich knowledge of farming and carpentry, $2-$3 week; mention 8391. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CABINET and general wood work, 39, married, residence Everett, can do steamfitting and repairing, awaits offer; mention 8411. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CARETAKER (44), residence Suncook, N. H.; willing to go anywhere; good reference and experience; $50 and found. Mention No. 8431. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CARETAKER (48), single, residence Newburyport; prefer private residence or small farm; good references and experience; $20 month and board. Mention No. 8432. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CHAUFFEUR (20), colored, residence Boston; good references and experience; repairman; $10 to $15. Mention No. 8470. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 11

CHAUFFEUR, 29, married, residence Malden, good references, $15 week; mention 8434. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CHAUFFEUR, 26, residence South Boston, knowledge of carpentry, painting and engineering; machinist's helper; $18 week; mention 8432. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CHAUFFEUR—Formerly a coachman; Swedish; 6 years' experence as chauffeur; careful city driver; can do repairing; neat, willing and obliging; strictly temperate; highest of references; Pierce-Arrow or Locomobile preferred. R. JOHNSON, 24 Lawrence st., Boston. 10

CHAUFFEUR and repair man, age 21, single, res. Winchester; willing to go anywhere; $40 month and found. Mention 8458. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CHAUFFEUR—Young man would like position; competent to repair; careful driver; willing to go anywhere. GEORGE I. KELLEY, 8A Bellflower st., Dorchester, Mass. 11

CHAUFFEUR would like position with private family driving Cadillac car; at present can do own repairs and furnish references. BERNARD HOLTZ, 51 Chelsea st., Everett, Mass. 10

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, American, (35), desires position; six years' experience shop and road; clean record; two years present employer. H. A. CROCKER, 45 Powell st., Brookline, Mass. 13

CHAUFFEUR (32), 7 years' experience, married; private or commercial; strictly temperate; permanent position desired; best of references from last employers. MATTHEW B. WILLARD, 44 Dartmouth st., Boston; tel. 2421-M Trem. 12

CHEF—Man and wife, meat and pastry; hotel and club experience; first-class on entrees; very best of references; restaurant, club or country hotel. Wm. FLYNN, 194 W. Brookline st., Boston. 10

CHAUFFEUR—Age 21, single, res. Manchester, A-1 ref., exp. in gardening; $30 mo. and found. Mention 8454. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CHAUFFEUR (colored), experienced all-round man, wants position in private family; 2 years in shop. H. P. IREDELL, 30 Hopedale st., Allston, Mass. 12

CHAUFFEUR REPAIRMAN desires position in private family; at present employed in repair shop; 7 years' experience; married (28); excellent references. ERNEST HOOD, 30 Faulkner st., Fields Corner, Boston. 13

CHAUFFEUR—A thoroughly practical, clean cut mechanic awaits the opportunity to demonstrate his ability; can submit A1 testimonials. JAMES J. POWERS, 576 Washington st., Brighton, Mass. 16

CHAUFFEUR, married, wants position operating pleasure car or light truck; experienced, temperate, reliable; references. Address H. L. STETSON, 231 Dudley st., suite K, Roxbury, Mass. 14

CHAUFFEUR (colored) wants situation; strictly temperate, good habits; willing to do chores about the house; best of references. Address LOUIS L. FRANKS, 2 Village st., Cambridge.

CHIEF ENGINEER (43), married, residence Wollaston; master mechanic; A1 references and experience; $1200 a year. Mention No. 8455. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CHORE MAN—Age 45, married, res. city, willing to do porter work; good ref., $10 week. Mention 8390. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CLERK, shoe, retail, 23, married, residence Allston; good references and experience; $16; mention 8393. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CLERK, 29, single, residence Athol; prefer location eastern or central Mass.; good references and experience; $12-$15 week; mention 8414. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

CLERK, 51, single, residence Dorchester, good penman, experience bookkeeper, $12; mention 8453. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

CLERK, 19, residence Marblehead, good references, $10 week; mention 8451. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COMPETENT, experienced man wishes all kinds of house cleaning; rugs, etc. LOUIS A. HILL, 16 Boylston pl., Boston. 13

CONSTRUCTION WORK, 26, single, residence West Lynn, A1 references, experience and education, experienced engineer work, $12-$18; mention 8436. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

ELECTRICIAN'S HELPER (18), residence Everett; good references; $12. Mention No. 8456. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

ENGINEER, first-class, desires position; 25 years' experience in mill power stations, etc.; strictly temperate and reliable; best references. WALTER A. TOWLE, 198 Medford st., Somerville, Mass. 10

ENGINEER (3d class, 37), married; residence Medford; 11 years' service in navy department; $17 to $18. Mention No. 8415. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

ENGINEER (3rd cl.), age 32, married, res. Wakefield, willing to act as night watchman; good ref. and exp.; $16. Mention 8410. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

ENGINEER (first class, 30), married, residence Fitchburg; good references and experienced as first-class all-round machinist; $25 week. Mention No. 8418. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox 2960. 10

ENGINEER (45), married, residence Roslindale; second class stationary; good references and experience; awaits offer. Mention No. 8424. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

ENGINEER, gas or steam, 27, married, residence Milo Junction, Me.; willing to go anywhere; good experience and references; $16 week. Mention No. 8392. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

ENGINEERING (civil), 26, single, residence West Lynn, A1 references, experience and education, experienced in construction work, $12-$18; mention 8476. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

FARMING, 16, residence Ipswich, knowledge of carpentry $2-$3 week; mention 8391. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

FIRST-CLASS MEAT CUTTER would like position in or near Boston; capable of taking charge. CHAS. J. McGOVERN, 11 Knox st., Boston. 11

FOREMAN of farm (44), residence Suncook; willing to go anywhere; good references and experience; $50 and found. Mention No. 8431. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

GENERAL WORK—A young man of 23 would like position at anything. Address F. STICKNEY, 203 Walnut st., Stoughton, Mass. 11

GENERAL WORK—Middle-aged man will work for room and board, city or country; good writer; references. JOHN S. BLAGDON, 19 East Canton st., Boston. 14

GENERAL WORK in a private family (24), single, residence Hartford, Conn.; willing to go anywhere; awaits offer. Mention No. 8457. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE) 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

HANDY MAN wishes employment cutting and splitting wood, sifting ashes, etc. LOUIS A. HILL, 16 Boylston pl., Boston. 16

HARD CANDY MAKER wishes position in evening; counter goods work; 10 years' experience; best of references furnished. PATSEY PERESON, 19 N. Pitts st., Boston. 13

HEAD SHIPPER, 36, married, residence Roxbury, 10 years' experience, adaptable; A1 references; $18 week; mention 8449. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

HOTEL BUTCHER, 39, single, residence city; willing to go anywhere; best of references and experience; $80 month; mention 8394. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

INSIDE WORK (35), married, residence West Newton; good references; experienced electric car repairing; $15 week. Mention No. 8450. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

INTELLIGENT MAN (30), willing, and best references, desires work of any kind. FORREST ROBINSON, 13 Vine st., Haverhill, Mass. 14

JANITOR (colored) wishes situation; first-class fireman's license. LESTER WORRELL, 9 Hammond st., Boston. 11

JANITOR (50), married, residence North Attleboro, 2nd class fireman's license; good references; $48. Mention No. 8425. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

LATHE HAND (25), married, residence Pittsfield; knowledge of painting and screw machine; $3.50 to $4. Mention No. 8458. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

LAUNDRY WORK, 27, married, residence Norwalk, Conn., willing to go anywhere; wet finisher, boss fuller and boss washer; 30c-35c hour; mention 8433. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

LICENSED CHAUFFEUR, colored, would like position with private family anywhere in Massachusetts. Address CHARLES H. BERNARD, 4 Greenwich st., Boston. 10

MACHINE OPERATOR, 38, single, residence Newtonville, A1 references and experience; cock maker, grinder and expert filing; $2.25 day; mention 8452. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

MACHINIST (all-round, 25), married, residence Somerville; A1 references and experience; have worked as repair man and lathe hand; $18. Mention No. 8416. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

MACHINIST (first-class, all-round, 30), married, residence Fitchburg; first class engineer's license; $25 week. Mention No. 8418. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 10

MACHINIST, 29, married, residence Jamaica Plain, good references and experience, 30c hour; mention 8413. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

MACHINIST (29), single, residence Athol; good references and experience; prefer locate eastern or Central Mass.; $25 to $35. Mention No. 8414. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

MAN (36), married, no children, strictly temperate, best of references, desires position as janitor or caretaker; long experience. GEORGE HANLEY, 11 Rutland st., Boston 10

MAN, with over 25 years' experience would like position as superintendent to run patent leather manf; chrome tan preferred; references. Address W. A. LAWRENCE, 341 Main st., Woburn, Mass. 10

MAN AND WIFE (Nova Scotians) would like position together in private place; man clean, A1 cook; wife neat, clean worker; best references furnished. J. A. SHANKS, 137 Harrison av., Boston

MAN AND WIFE (colored) desire positions; man as inside or outside man or drive car; wife good cook. WM. F. BARNES, 57 Norway st., Boston. 16

MARRIED COUPLE, Protestant Americans, desires work; city or country; man 42, general work; wife 40, excellent cook; absolutely temperate. F. L. WEAVER, 606 Columbus av., Boston. 16

MARRIED MAN wants position as caretaker on gentleman's country estate with cottage; can do all kinds of work on such a place; best references. FRANK READ, 74 Camden st., Boston. 16

ORGANIST desires position in church in or near Boston; experienced and references. H. W. LUGG, 77 Dale st., Roxbury, Mass. 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

MASTER MECHANIC (43), married, residence Wollaston; chief engineer; A1 references and experience; $1200 a year. Mention No. 8455. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

MOVING PICTURE OPERATOR desires position; Massachusetts license; experienced, best references; go anywhere. ELMER F. BODGE, 76 Foster st., Brighton, Mass. 16

PAINTER (inside work only), age 55, res. Nantasket Beach but willing to go anywhere; A-1 ref. and exp.; willing to do paper hanging, kalsomining or white-washing; awaits offer. Mention 8405. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

PAINTER (48), single, residence Boston; experience in printing, signing painting and lettering, also experienced in drawing; $15 to $20 week. Mention No. 8427. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

PAINTER (American, 35, married) wants work; good all-round man, inside or out; temperate and reliable; fair wages; references. FRED A. HOOD, 12 Salem St. av., Charlestown, Mass. 14

PAINTING (25), married, residence Pittsfield; good references and experience; knowledge of screw machine and lathe work; $2.50 to $4. Mention No. 8458. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

PATTERNMAKER on wood, 25, married, residence Quincy, at least $15, with chance of advancement, awaits offer; mention 8435. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

PORTER (col.), aged 45, married, res. city, good ref., $10 week. Mention 8390. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

SALESMAN of experience would like to connect with a good house selling a staple; New England territory preferred. GEORGE CARREY, 166 Walnut av., Roxbury, Mass. 14

SALESMAN (36), residence Clinton; willing to go anywhere; experienced on blankets, draperies, dress goods and silks; $15 week. Mention No. 8429. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

SCREW MACHINE HAND (25), married, residence Pittsfield; knowledge of painting and lathe work; $3.50 to $4 day. Mention No. 8458. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

SHIPPER, also capable to take charge of stockroom, desires situation; middle-aged, strong, married; best references; wages expected. H. SOHLHOLM, Greenwood, Mass. 14

SITUATION WANTED as janitor of apartments or caretaker of real estate; can paint and repair; fourth class engineer license; temperate and of good habits; first-class references. J. H. CARLSON, 12 Putnam av., Cambridge, Mass. 14

SITUATION wanted as night watchman, fireman or janitor; first-class license; unquestionable references; steady work desired. W. B. TAWS, 59 Warwick st., Roxbury, Mass. 11

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT (23), single, residence West Lynn; A1 references, education and experience; $750 to $1200 year. Mention No. 8460. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STUDENT desires position as attendant or in grocery from 6 a. m. to 1 p. m.; experienced; terms reasonable; will call on request; 15 minutes from B. B. station. JAMES H. KILBORN, 70 Waltham st., Boston. 16

STUDENT desires work afternoons or evenings until June; tutor, mathematics, chemistry, shopwork; can handle boys; experienced with machinery and gasoline engine; excellent references furnished. H. DANIELS, 6A Appleton st., Boston. 16

TAILOR (35), married, residence South Framingham; good references and experience; $15 week. Mention No. 8466. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

TEACHER (23), single, residence West Lynn; A1 references, education and experience; high school position preferred; $750 to $1200 year. Mention No. 8460. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

TIMEKEEPER (29), single, residence Athol; good references and experience; prefer locate eastern or central Mass.; $25 to $35. Mention No. 8414. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

TOOL FORGING (27), married, residence Springfield; experienced on drop forge die handening and small tool hardening, light machine forgings; good reference; $3.50 day (9 hours). Mention No. 8417. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

TRAVELING SALESMAN desires position; best of reference. MAXWELL FENTELL, 262 Park av., Revere, Mass. 14

TWO YOUNG MEN of proved ability desiring to locate, one in northwestern Canada and the other in southern California, would represent eastern commercial interests in those localities; these are opportunities for reputable firms to establish themselves in two of the richest and most rapidly developing sections of the world. ROBERT S. ROSS, 110 State st., Albany, N. Y. 11

WANTED—Position in woodworking plant by an experienced, capable American (35), temperate, reliable; 15 years' experience as straight moulder; references. G. D. WETHMELL, 41 Chestnut st., Waltham, Mass. 11

WANTED—By a colored boy (17), work as errand boy or any kind of work; best of references; neat and reliable. FRED H. WATERMAN, 5 Paul st., Suite 1, Boston. 10

WANTED—Temporary position as bookkeeper or stenographer, by young man with several years' experience in office of manufacturing concern; excellent references. W. H. GEYER, 29 Cliff st., Arlington Heights, Mass. 10

WANTED—Man wants position as caretaker on gentleman's country estate with cottage; can do all kinds of work on such a place. FRANK READ, 74 Camden st., Boston. 11

WANTED—Work of any kind in Boston by competent man. M. A. TURPIN, Phelps, N. Y. R. F. D. 16

Other Advertisements for Help Wanted

but not complying with the rules governing insertion in these columns

May Be Found on the Regular Classified Page

WHICH SHOULD BE CONSULTED

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Work at window cleaning or housework, by middle-aged man, well recommended; house windows cleaned, 7 cents each; housework 20c an hour. FRANCIS GRAL, 1244 Washington st., Boston. 11

WANTED—A man 30 years of age would like to connect himself with an established real estate firm; has had experience; is an efficient worker. T. MORRISON, 89 Gainsborough st., Boston. 17

WATCHMAN—Age 42, married, res. Chelsea, good ref., exp. and education; 5 yrs. exp. as receiving clerk; $10. Mention 8406. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 16

WATCHMAN (night), 32, married, residence Wakefield, third class engineer; good references and experience; $16; mention 8410. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

WATCHMAN (50), married, residence North Attleboro; 2nd class fireman's license; good references; $14. Mention No. 8425. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

YOUNG CHRISTIAN MAN desires position of housekeeper for one or two gentlemen, or as companion or attendant to young or elderly gentleman; write or call. E. A. WILLIAMS, 50 Denmark st., or 595 Tremont st., Boston. 14

YOUNG MAN of 14 years' business experience wishes position; would give intelligent interest to any business; faithful and reliable; references. MR. MORRISON, 89 Gainsboro st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (colored) desires position where there is opportunity for advancement. HERBERT WOODLIN, 76 Cedar st., New Bedford, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN, 7 years' shoe experience as buyer and office executive in mfg., also retail selling, desires position. S. J. GAFFNEY, General Delivery, Roslindale, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN (20) would like a position with a concern where there are opportunities of advancement; high school graduate; experienced in bookkeeping and office work. JAY B. RISEMAN, 24 Chambers st., Boston. 11

YOUNG MAN (colored, Jamaica) wants position as store porter; reliable, willing worker; good references. HERBERT E. BANTON, 218 Northampton st., Boston. 11

YOUNG MAN (colored) would like position in boarding house or private family as waiter or general man; please write or call. WALTER BROWNE, 51 Kendal st., Boston. 12

YOUNG MAN (20) desires employment; good writer; inside work of any kind. HARRY M. MAYERS, 237A Dover st., Boston. 16

YOUNG MAN desires situation as glass-cutter and glazier; 15 years' experience on all kinds of glass, plate setting included; highest credentials. R. WALKER, 17 Princeton st., Worcester, Mass. 16

SITUATIONS WANTFD—FEMALE

ACCOMMODATOR—Competent, reliable woman, excellent cook, would like engagements as accommodator, attendant or nurse of children; no washing. MRS. WM. MACK, 217 Warren st., Roxbury, Mass. Tel 2549-M Roxbury. 12

A COLORED GIRL would like to sew in an establishment or do office work mornings. LILLIAN GLOVER, 33 Norway st., Boston. 12

A COLORED WEST INDIAN GIRL wants position in family; general housework; no cooking; good laundress; live with family if possible; honest and very willing. Address V. PETERS, 48 Northfield st., Boston 11

A COLORED WOMAN wants day's work of any kind Tuesdays and Thursdays. ELSIE FERGUSON, 10 Dartmouth place, Boston. 11

ADDRESSING (30), single, residence Chelsea; good references and experience; would like position with publishing house; knowledge of general office work and duties of mailing clerk; $7-$8 wk. Mention No. 8464. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

AN AMERICAN WOMAN of long experience, wishes a position as companion or attendant to elderly couple or one adult. Call on or address MRS. D. B. ROBINSON, 116 Appleton st., Boston. 14

AMERICAN COMPETENT WOMAN desires position as housekeeper for an adult; subject to travel preferred. MRS. F. J. KING, 73 Washington st., Medford, Mass. 16

AMERICAN middle-aged woman would like position as housekeeper; good plain cook; same care as in own home. MRS. D. M. FOX, 15 Appleton st., Boston. 10

A NEAT COLORED GIRL desires day's work of any kind. S. WILSON, 758 Huntington av., Boston. 11

AN EXPERIENCED CASHIER wants a situation. Address V. S. CALDWELL, 12 Putnam ave., Cambridge, Mass. 14

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN with daughter desires a position as house-mother in a refined home; references required and given. MRS. HATTIE C. DAVIS, P. O. Box 284, Hatfield, Mass. 14

A REFINED YOUNG WOMAN desires position to do housework without laundry work in or near Boston; good cook, excellent references. MISS M. E. CAMPBELL, 51 Clarendon st., Boston. 10

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 40, single, residence Medford; A1 references, experience and education; exceptionally good penman; $16; mention 7941. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

A TRUSTWORTHY MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTANT LADY, good disposition, would like position in a nice Protestant family of 2 or 3, or would do second work; best refs. exchanged. CARRIE BAKER, Haverhill, Mass. 10

ATTENDANT, experienced, trained, capable woman desires a position as attendant or managing housekeeper. MISS EDWARDS, 2-A Wellington st., suite 1, Boston. 14

ATTENDANT, age 40, single, residence city, willing to go out of town; $10 week. Mention 8409. STATE FREE EMP OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

ATTENDANT, COMPANION, managing housekeeper; American woman (25) desires position; cheerful, industrious, pleasant company; general filler-in; references RUTH WINSLOW DAVENPORT, 48 Devon st., Chestnut Hill, Mass. 11

ATTENDANT in private family (42), single, residence Roslindale, knowledge of housekeeping; $16. Mention No. 8446. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

A VERY SUCCESSFUL organist, pianist, choir director and music teacher wishes to resume her profession from which she had retired. Please address ADA BAKER, 15 Maple st., West Roxbury, Mass. Tel. 1092-M Bellevue. 14

A YOUNG LADY (18) possessing musical talent desires position as companion to elderly lady; references furnished. HELEN F. ROBINSON, 90 Kendal ter., Newton, Mass. 14

A YOUNG WOMAN ATTENDANT wants the care of an elderly person, with light duties; references. MISS ELLA L. KENNEDY, 26 Newport st., Dorchester, Mass 12

BOOKKEEPER—Age 20, single, res. Roxbury, good ref.; knowledge of general office work, $8 to $12. Mention 8403. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

BOOKKEEPER desires position; experienced; capable of taking charge, opening and closing books, taking trial balances, statements, pay roll and office work, references furnished. MRS. LEILA A. CARTER, 29 Alpha road, Dorchester, Mass.

BOOKKEEPER—Knowledge of stenography; capable of taking charge of office, opening and closing books, trial balances, correspondence and all detail work. MRS. L. A. CARTER, 29 Alpha rd., Dorchester, Mass. 14

BOOKKEEPER—Age 21, single, res Malden; knowledge of stenography; $10 week. Mention 8401. STATE FREE EMP. OFFIC

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

OFFICE WORK, 40, single, residence Medford, A1 references, experience and education; exceptionally good penman; $10; mention 7941. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 10

OFFICE WORK, age 19, single, residence Roxbury, knowledge of stenography, good reference and education; $9 to $10. Mention 8421. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

OFFICE WORK, age 27, single, res. Somerville, A-1 ref. and good exp.; knowledge of general office work and exp. in filing; awaits offer. Mention 8469. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass.; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

POSITION WANTED by Nova Scotia Protestant cashier or general office work; managing housekeeper in institution or private home; companion to lady as helper in many ways; good reference. Address MISS E. P. McCULLOCH, 13 Boylston st., Harvard sq., Cambridge. Tel. 2895-R. 14

POSITION AS COMPANION to lady or children wanted by Parisian lady; small compensation; French, English music, plain sewing; references. MELIE TIE LISLE, 134 Austin st., Cambridge, Mass. 16

REFINED LADY of middle age would appreciate position as companion-attendant for elderly lady. MISS A. J. MINCHIN, 33 Eddy st., care E. C. Glines, Providence, R. I. 10

REFINED YOUNG LADY of 20 years would like position as cashier or light office work; wages $7. MISS BESSIE BAKER, 13 Chatham st., Lynn, Mass. 10

RELIABLE COLORED WOMAN desires position as cook or general maid in or near Boston; best references; please call or write. MISS L. BUTLER, 124 Camden st., Boston. 10

RESPECTABLE COLORED woman wants dish washing, in restaurant or boarding house; 5 years' reference. C. F. JEFFERIS, 50 Market st., Cambridge, Mass. 11

SALESGIRL (20), single, residence Boston; good references; experienced on marabout work; $7 week. Mention No. 8295. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 10

SALESLADY, age 20, residence Roxbury; $6 week. Mention 8444. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged) 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel Ox. 2960. 14

SALESWOMAN of ability wishes a high-grade line of merchandise to sell; salary or salary and commission; would like position for holidays. MISS A. FOWLER, Warren pk., Wakefield Mass. 14

SALESWOMAN—Age 34, married, res. Blackstone; willing to do sewing; $3 wk. Mention 8807. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

SALESWOMAN in small store near Boston (35), single, residence Cambridge; awaits offer. Mention No. 8438. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st. Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

SEAMSTRESS, neat mender, desires employment, MISS H. MYERS, 049 Shawmut av., Boston. 10

SEAMSTRESS would like work by the day; understands all kinds of alterations. MISS ELIZABETH A. MORGAN, 87 Foster st., Brighton, Mass. 12

SEAMSTRESS—Understands cutting and fitting; desires position. MISS EDWARDS, 2-A Wellington st., suite 1, Boston. 14

SEAMSTRESS, age 50, residence Chelsea, A1, reference and experience, willing to work in family and help with general work, experienced on alterations, awaits offer. Mention 8445. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel Ox. 2960. 14

SEAMSTRESS—Position wanted as seamstress or lady's maid; can cut and fit, family sewing; references. MINNIE B. KING, 1164 Adams st., Dorchester, Mass. 12

SEAMSTRESS—Competent woman desires employment by day; plain sewing, mending and repairing. MRS. SMITH, 16 Denmark st., Boston. 16

SECRETARY, residence Boston; A1 references, education and experience; A1 penman; willing to go anywhere; $35 month and expenses. Mention No. 8464. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st. Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

SETTLEMENT WORK, 32, single, residence Cambridge, wishes entire care of children, as near Boston as possible; A1 references, experience and education, $600; mention 8463. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

SITUATION WANTED—Young lady would like positon as stenographer; over 3 years' experience with attorney-at-law; $10 to start. MRS. R. C. PINKS, 14 Hartwell st., Roxbury, Mass. 10

SMART young lady wants traveling position, any kind of work has experience as demonstrator also as companion. EVELYN MATTHEWS, 177 No. Main st., Fall River, Mass.

STENOGRAPHER (24), single, good experience and references furnished; position in an insurance office preferred; salary $12 to $15. MISS SARAH W. PIKE, 1746 Cambridge st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. Cambridge 3076. 12

STENOGRAPHER (19), residence West Roxbury; good references; $6.00 to $7. Mention No. 8073. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER (19), residence Roxbury; knowledge of bookkeeping; $6, with opportunity of advancement. Mention No. 7898. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER (20), residence Dorchester; good references; knowledge of cashiering; $11 week. Mention No. 8439. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER (20) single, residence Jamaica Plain; in law office if possible; good ref. and exp.; $10. Mention No. 8447. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, res. city, A-1 ref., ed. and exp., knowledge of general office work, awaits offer. Mention 8467. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass.; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, 19, residence Roxbury, knowledge of general office work, good education and references, $9-$10; mention 8421. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, 18, residence Everett, A1 references and education, $8 to $10; mention 8423. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, 18, residence Somerville; $8; mention No. 8461. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, residence Whitman, $9 week; mention 8422. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER (24), single, residence Dorchester; A1 references, education and experience; knowledge of bookkeeping and general offic work; exceptionally good penman; $12 week. Mention No. 8465. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

STENOGRAPHER, 21, married, residence Dorchester, good references and experience, knowledge of general office work, $5 week; mention 8462. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 14

TEACHER (history, Latin and English, 22), willing to go anywhere; good references; awaits offer. Mention No. 8437. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 14

THOROUGHLY experienced law stenographer desires position; willing to go anywhere. FRAIDA B. CALCUTT, Ely court. Greenwich. Conn. 14

THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED middle-aged refined attendant desires position as companion; capable taking full charge traveling. MRS. A. NEALE, 391 George st., New Haven, Conn. 12

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

VISITING GOVERNESS (38), single, residence Cambridge; A1 references and education; $20 to $40 month. Mention No. 8390. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 10

VISITING GOVERNESS—A refined and well-educated lady of good address and 15 years' experience in the public schools, would like children to teach a few hours a day. Address MISS MAUD E. ABBOTT, Back Bay Postoffice, Boston. 16

WANTED, a position as housekeeper for not more than 2 in family; satisfactory reference as to ability and character. MRS. GRACE L. HOWELL, 31 Lawrence st., Waltham, Mass. 11

WANTED by an experienced lady of refinement, position as companion; no objection to traveling; best of references given and required. MISS E. KEYON, 39 Huntington av., Boston. 11

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by a middle-aged woman capable of taking full charge; best of references. MRS. ETTA HAZELTON, 12 Dover st., Boston. 12

WANTED—Day's work, cleaning or laundry at home. MAMIE GREEN, 5 Fairweather st., Roxbury, Mass. 10

WANTED—Laundry work at home by good laundress; refers by permission to Miss Coe, 96 Chestnut st., Boston. Send card to MRS. MOYNIHAN, 7 Revere St. pl., Boston. 12

WANTED—By a young woman, any kind of housework by day, hour or week; good references. MRS. G. CRAIG, 65 Dover st., suite 3, Boston, Mass. 14

WANTED—A situation at once as infant's attendant or second maid. V. S. CALDWELL, 12 Putnam ave., Cambridge, Mass. 14

WANTED BY COLORED WOMAN—Laundry to do at home; family washing; fine clothes a specialty; price 75 dozen; called for and delivered. Address MRS. WILLIAM SCOTT, 123 Cabot st., Roxbury, Mass. 16

WANTED—Washing, ironing, cleaning by the day, by a clean, smart, trusty woman. LOTTIE SYLVESTER, 582 Massachusetts av., Boston. 12

WOMAN, middle-aged, wants cleaning 3 or 4 hours a day. Address MRS. E. O. MARSTON, 582 Massachusetts av., Boston. 10

WOMAN, experienced in decorative sewing, draperies, sofa cushions, etc., desires employment by day or hour. F. P. PIERCE, 59 Falmouth st., Boston. 11

WORK in dentist's office wanted by a refined young woman. Address M. E. RICH, 98 Roxbury st., Roxbury, Mass. 12

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wants position in small family. L. W. RICKARD, 38 High st., Everett, Mass. 14

YOUNG AMERICAN Protestant woman desires position as housekeeper; small family; don't call; write and give particulars and I will call or write. MISS ANNIE COLLINS, 17 Green st., Melrose, Mass. 16

YOUNG COLORED WOMAN desires position as seamstress and to do embroidery in private family; understands dressmaking, neat sewer. MRS. DORCAS SPENCE, 28 Harwich st., Back Bay, Boston, 12

YOUNG GIRL attending college would like room and board in exchange for companionship or tutoring, in Boston or vicinity. JESSIE I. DALTON, 76 Second av., Long Branch, N. J. 10

YOUNG GIRL (21) desires employment; pantry work in hotel or boarding house. ELLEN HALEY, 19 Central st., Roxbury, Mass. 10

YOUNG LADY studying music desires work during part of the day; experience in typewriting and stenography and office work. For particulars address A. L. AMES, 57 Hutchinson st., Winthrop, Mass. Tel. Winthrop 475 W. 10

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BUTTER MAKER wanted; must be first-class and all-round creamery man; to begin work the first of January; state wages. H. G. PUTNAM, Oriskany, N. Y. 14

ENGRAVERS—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require engravers on jewelry and silverware. Apply at office of general manager. 12

EXPERIENCED AUTOMOBILE MACHINIST on gasoline trucks; opportunity and salary for the right man. GEORGE L. ODDY, 1009 N. Front st., Philadelphia. 16

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York city, require the services of a number of experienced china and glassware packers; only those having had department store experience need apply. Apply SUPT.'S OFFICE, main bldg. 11

MEAT CUTTERS, experienced, wanted to act as salesmen in meat department of GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at superintendent's office, main building, before 10 a. m. 10

TWO SALESMEN wanted to solicit business for laundry; salary and commission. NEW YORK STEAM LAUNDRY, 699 Greenwich st., New York city. 11

UPHOLSTERY DRAPERY HANGERS wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL CO., New York city; apply at Supt.'s Office, main bldg. 11

UPHOLSTERY SALESMEN wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York city; must be experienced. Apply at Supt.'s Office, main bldg. 11

WANTED—Molders in malleable iron and steel foundry; apply at once. CARBON STEEL CASTING CO., Lancaster, Pa. 13

WANTED—Colored man of steady, temperate habits to take position of night watchman and have charge of two boilers for steam heat in small family hotel, 12 miles from Pittsburgh; good references required. Address L. L. MARTIN, Elmhurst Inn, Sewickley, Pa. 14

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

AFTERNOON EMPLOYMENT, SALESWOMEN—R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, have vacancies for a number of intelligent women of good appearance as sales clerks in various departments from noon to 6 p. m. daily; permanent positions open only to those whose circumstances make afternoon employment desirable; previous experience not absolutely necessary. Apply at office of General Manager between the hours of 4:30 and 6 p. m. 11

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted by LOESER AUSLANDER COMPANY, 476 Broadway, New York. 11

COMPETENT GIRL for general housework; three adults. MRS. TURNER, 209 Partridge st., Albany, N. Y. 11

ENGRAVERS—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require engravers on jewelry and silverware. Apply at office of general manager. 16

GIRLS—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require several girls, 16-18, as parcel wrappers; excellent opportunities for permanent positions with advancement; good chance for beginners. Apply at office of general manager. 12

GIRLS—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require several girls 16 to 18 years of age, as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply at office of general manager. 16

GOLD STAMPER—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require a gold stamper on leather goods. Apply at office of general manager. 16

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO. New York, require the services of a number of young girls to act as cash girls and parcel wrappers; if under 16 bring working papers. Apply at superintendent's office, main building. 10

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO. New York, require the services of a number of young ladies to act as cashiers; experience not necessary. Apply at superintendent's office, main building. 10

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES—Young women who desire to acquire knowledge of department store business and a commercial training will be offered an opportunity to do so, if they qualify for positions open at GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., Sixth av. and 18th st., New York; apply at superintendent's office, main building. 9

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

MESH BAG REPAIRERS—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, require several mesh bag repairers. Apply at office of general manager. 16

NURSERY MAID WANTED—For boy 5 years old and young baby; must be experienced and willing to live in Rochester; wages $30. Apply to MRS. IDA EHRISTS, 2 West 94th st., New York city. 16

R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, have a few vacancies for experienced cashiers. Apply at office of General Manager before 10 a. m. 11

R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, require a thoroughly experienced fur woman, conversant with prices of skins and labor to give estimates for the remodeling and repairing of fur garments. Apply at office of General Manager. 11

R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, require several bright girls, 16 to 18 years of age, as parcel wrappers; permanent positions; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager. 11

SALESGIRLS WANTED in toy store at 512 West 145th st., between Amsterdam av. and Broadway, New York. S. REHBINE. 14

SALESWOMEN—R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for particularly efficient, thoroughly experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of General Manager. 11

SALESWOMEN—R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for particularly efficient, thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their candy department. Apply at office of General Manager. 12

SALESWOMEN (candies)—R. H. MACY & CO., New York city, require particularly efficient, thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their candy department. Apply at office of General Manager. 12

SALESWOMEN—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for particularly efficient, thoroughly experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of general manager. 16

SALESWOMEN at GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER COMPANY, New York city, have a number of positions open for saleswomen in picture, china ware, hosiery, handkerchief, lamp, ribbon, underwear and leather goods departments, irrespective of whether or not their training has been in a large or small department store; splendid salaries and excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply at superintendent's office, main building. 10

SALESWOMEN—R. H. MACY & CO., New York, have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for particularly efficient, thoroughly experienced vancement. Apply at office of general manager. 16

WANTED—A reliable nursery maid. Protestant, to take care of 2 children, 9 and 2 years old. MRS. E. T. SEWARD, 193 Pelham rd., New Rochelle, N. Y. 16

WANTED—Christian woman as companion-attendant for lady. MRS. E. D. EVANS, 103 Linn st., Ithaca, N. Y. 10

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

AD WRITER, ingenious and experienced, desires position; can furnish excellent references. DANTON LICHTBLAU, care H. Bergen, 239 Henry st., New York. 12

ART STUDENT desires employment forenoons in some commercial art line in Greater New York. CECIL C. BEALL, 810 Washington av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 12

ASSISTANT ACCOUNTANT—Young man with experience, college education, wants steady position. FLOYD E. HUFF, 68 Charlotte st., Rochester, N. Y. 10

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—Competent young beginner with knowledge of typewriting desires position. ADON WOODBURY, 180 South av., Rochester, N. Y. 10

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER (24) desires position with commercial house in New York. HARRY GALLAND, 953 East 165th st., New York. 12

ATTENDANT-COMPANION to gentleman requiring special care; highest credentials; will travel; refined American young man. Address R. L. SMITH, 113 Madison av., New York; phone. 14

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, typist, office manager; 20 years experience. J. A. HUTTON, 5217 Warren st., Philadelphia. 14

CARPENTER'S HELPER—Young experienced man of temperate habits would like steady work. FLOYD GEER, 71 Park av., Rochester, N. Y. 10

CARPENTER—Situation wanted by a first-class carpenter, union man; in Brooklyn or New York. E. A. JOHNSON, 1272 Park pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. 16

CHAUFFEUR (26, white) desires position; very reliable; can do all repairing; also electrician and machinist by trade. WALTER SCHOEN, 4715 Moscher st., Olney, Philadelphia, Pa. 14

COLORED MAN, mechanic, wants position at anything; intelligent, temperate and industrious; references. R. C. HACKETT, 15 W. 136th st., New York. 12

COOK, first-class, desires position, family; excellent references; city or short distance in country preferred; age 35; wages $30. STASIA KINTELLA, 140 East 30th st., New York. 14

ENGLISH "SOCCER" COACH-PLAYER is desirous of obtaining position with club, school or university, etc.; professional experience. JOHN H. LOVE, 2226 Orkney st., Philadelphia. 14

FOREMAN who can take complete charge of auto repair or machine shop is open for a position; thoroughly familiar with up-to-date methods that bring results. Apply by letter only to NATHAN A. SHIPLEY, 1603 Vine st., Philadelphia. 10

GARDENER, thoroughly experienced in all branches with flowers, fruit and vegetables, under glass and outside; excellent references; married, no family; English. A. WINKINSON DEVEREAUX, Frankford av., Philadelphia, Pa. 12

HOTEL EMPLOYEE OR CLERK (35), speaking and writing fluently English, French and German; has had experience in first-class concerns; not afraid of work. ERNEST F. MULLER, 116 North Molest., Philadelphia, Pa. 11

LENSE MAKER with long experience desires position as overseer with reliable firm. FLOYD ELLIS, 180 South av., Rochester, N. Y. 10

LITHOGRAPH OPERATOR — Young man, 3 years' experience, would like position; central states preferred. HARRY DESELMS, Delevan st., Rochester, N. Y. 11

MAN, experienced, desires position as superintendent on fruit farm; references given. W. H. SCHWERK, East Otto, N. Y. 11

MAN competent to handle management, correspondence, or as traveling salesman, desires position; 28 years' experience; exceptional references; no bookkeeping; correspondence solicited. HENRY PARR, 12 West Fourth st., Oswego, N. Y. 14

MARINE ENGINEER open for engagement; first class, Board of Trade certificate; acted as superintendent engineer-also as superheater expert; would accept shore position. S. VINCETT, 1629 Arch st., Philadelphia. 14

OFFICE MAN having long and varied experience with large corporation desires position; successful record in producing first-class work and will refer to employer. R. T. CHANDLER, 230 Bradstreet av., New York. 12

POSITION wanted by successful young business man to represent out of town interest in Philadelphia or New York. WM. T. SHARON, Empire bldg., 13A Walnut sts., Philadelphia. 14

POSITION WANTED as salesman, collector, solicitor, for about 6 weeks, in Greater New York; references and bonds furnished if required. W. LOEWENTHAL, 133 St. Felix st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 12

PRACTICAL CARPENTER desires position; if necessary could fill in by helping shipping clerk, etc; position desired in Passaic or vicinity. W. STONIER, 24 Bond st., Passaic, N. J. 11

PROFESSIONAL ATTENDANT—Experienced man desires position. D. M. DUNHAM, 19 Audrey av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 14

RESIDENT BUYER, 10 years' experience dry goods, upholstery and carpets, will acquainted in the New York market. Address J. H. KUHLENBERG, 471 62d st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 14

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER wishes high class position; 7 years with former employer; excellent references. A. CARLOS, 220 W. 107th st., New York city. 10

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

SHORT ORDER COOK—Young man of temperate habits desires steady position; 3 years' experience. IVAN HODGES, 180 South av., Rochester, N. Y. 11

SHORT ORDER COOK—Temperate young man desires steady position; central states preferred. ADON WOODBURY, 180 South av., Rochester, N. Y. 10

SITUATION wanted immediately by an intelligent colored man as waiter, butler or porter, around office or private home. LAURENCE HOLLOWAY, 226 West 64th st., New York. 11

SITUATION wanted as salesman in the dental or jewelry line; young man (28), 3 years' experience in each line. H. C. PRUDEN, 80 West 7th st., Newark, N. J. 11

STENOGRAPHER or office man (34) desires position; would start on small salary. W. H. FITZMAURICE, 965 79th st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 11

SUPERINTENDENT—Former business man wants position, superintendent large elevator apartment, office building; experienced, understands all mechanical repairs; economical, manager, temperate, reliable; references. JOSEPH MILLER, 2102 8th av., New York. 11

WANTED—Position by a southerner, as accountant or head bookkeeper; over 20 years experience in such, with the past 7 years as a public accountant, New York; quick, accurate, up-to-date and industrious; fully acquainted with details of the place sought; A1 reference. G. E. ABBOTT, 449 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 14

WANTED—Position as chief clerk, assistant secretary, secretary, auditor or accountant; 20 years experience; can furnish bond and highest references. THOMAS B. LEE, 236 West 122d st., New York. 14

WANTED—Position as foreman on dairy farm or dairyman on an up to date farm, by a man who gets returns. JUSTUS D. HENRY, 4416 Elizabeth st., Frankford, Philadelphia, Pa. 16

YOUNG, ENERGETIC SALESMAN with wide commercial experience in Britain and South Africa, wishes to connect with first-class firm. ROBERT CUNNINGHAM, Main av., Wood Ridge, N. J. 14

YOUNG MAN, experienced salesman, correspondent and purchasing agent, wishes position with structural steel or metal product firm in eastern states. H. D. KANODE, Ambler, Pa. 12

YOUNG MAN wishes position or work at any business; references. Address G. N. HICKS, JR., care A. Gray, 32 McDonough st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 11

YOUNG MAN (17) desires position; graduate from grammar school; can draw well with pencil; has worked in office; position desired in Passaic or vicinity. C. STONIER, 24 Bond st., Passaic, N. J. 11

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position; 9 years in last position; thorough knowledge traffic and export business; capable correspondent and general office man; moderate salary to start; best references. STANLEY BROOKS, 463 West 159th st., New York. 11

YOUNG SCOTCH MAN would like place with good Christian family; wait table; willing to help out with light duties; good reference. GAVIN HEWITSON, Library Inn, 55 Church st., Montclair, N. J. 12

YOUNG MAN (20) wishes position with some New York concern as a salesman or a solicitor. JOHN F. HENRY, 534 Palisade av., Weehawken Heights, N. J. 12

YOUNG MAN (25, German), knowledge of English, desires position with chance of advancement; references. ADOLPH STERN, 321 W. 22d st., New York. 16

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

AMERICAN LADY, unencumbered, desires position as managing housekeeper; good market woman, neat, energetic; will go anywhere; fond of children. CLAIRE PHILLIPS, 320 West 111th st., New York. 12

A REFINED ENGLISH WOMAN desires position as either traveling companion, house companion, managing housekeeper or any position of trust; has best of references and would not object to leaving New York. MISS PAYNE, care Mrs. C. M. Bouggy, 480 Broadway, Flushing, L. I., New York. 16

CAPABLE YOUNG LADY seeks position as housekeeper; good manager; would prefer small family. V. T. BARTLETT, 212 E. 46th st., New York. 16

COOK—A1 French-German cook desires position in a first-class family where kitchen maid is kept in or outside of New York. ELIZABETH ULPIGKAIT, 6210 49th av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 14

COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN with 5 years' experience as bookkeeper and general office assistant desires position in Boston or vicinity; references. MISS MARY A. MURRAY, 73 Glenn av., Troy, N. Y. 16

DRESSMAKER, first-class, 7 years' successful experience, desires work by the day, cutting, fitting and remodeling; city reference. MRS. E. GARDNER, 16 W. 31st st., New York. 12

DRESSMAKER desires employment by day; fashionable perfect fitter; references. MRS. S. SCHOLEN, 575 West 130th st., New York. 12

DRESSMAKER, thoroughly competent, wishes employment by day. MISS EMMA V. DUNN, 48 W. 135st st., New York; phone Harlem 1156; apt. 21. 14

DRESSMAKER, first-class, 7 years' successful experience, desires work by the day, cutting, fitting and remodeling; city reference. MRS. E. GARDNER, 16 W. 31st st., New York. 16

ENGLISH WOMAN (24) would like position with light duties; good home in family preferred to high wages; New Jersey preferred. GRACE M. ROBERTS, 31 Brunswick rd., Montclair, N. Y. 10

GOOD COLORED LAUNDRESS wishes family washing at home; best references. B. BEEKMAN, 40 West 131st st., New York city. 16

HOMEMAKER, good cook, desires position with business or professional woman, New York or vicinity; cultured woman with good references. MISS J. DENBY, care Box 80, Maplewood, New Jersey. 16

LADY desires position as managing housekeeper, companion and secretary or chaperone; has taken entire supervising charge of house and children; congenial position more desirable than high salary; best references. MISS JEANETTE BARTLETTE, 509 W. 122d st., New York. 10

LADY OF REFINEMENT, and capable, wishes position as nursery governess or as companion to lady; wages $40; best references. MRS. M. L. KORTH, rm. 539, Junior League House, 78 St. East End av., New York. 16

LAUNDRESS wants work to take home; 50c a dozen; also day's work. JULIA BARNUELL, 230 W. 62nd st., New York. 11

POSITION WANTED as attendant and companion to travel; A1 references. MISS F. KENNEY, 111 West 104th st., New York. 11

RESPECTABLE COLORED WOMAN would like cleaning; good cook, washer and ironer; work part day; references. ESTHER EDGERTON, 2411 Redner st., Philadelphia, Pa. 11

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires permanent position; capable of taking responsibilities. MISS E. L. GOLDEY, 102 W. 37th st., New York.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, expert, copying manuscripts, etc., wishes engagements for working out evenings; reasonable. MISS NEWFIELD, 600 W. 157th st., New York. 14

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, 10 years' mercantile experience, thoroughly familiar with office routine, desires position; minimum salary $18 per week. MISS M. E. JONES, 235 W. 148th st., New York City. 12

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, wishes position as busines correspondent, private secretary, or othe clerical work; New York or elsewhere. LAURA SHERMAN, 127 W. 83rd st., New York city. 12

TEACHER of several years' experience wishes stenographer secretary's position in or near New York; office experience rather than large salary desired. MISS BARROWS, 4241 Broadway, New York; tel. Audubon 1700. 14

VISITING TEACHER or supervisor for young piano students; young girl desires employment; compensation moderate. MARGUERITE E. WOENIGER, 484 Halsey st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

VISITING GOVERNESS—French lady desires employment from 1 to 4:30 p. m.; best references. MADAME E. BRADSTREET, 216 W. 69th st., New York city. 10

WANTED—By experienced girl, day's work or general housework; best of reference. ESTELLE COATES, 504 Lenox av., care Terrell, New York. 14

WANTED—By experienced young woman work by the day sweeping or cleaning; $1.50 and carfares, 8 hours. MISS ETTA LAURA MATHEWSON, R. F. D. 4, Syracuse, N. Y. 14

WANTED—Position by a refined, middle-aged woman as mother's helper or to do plain sewing and all kinds of mending by the day. MRS. JOSEPHINE MILLS-PAUGH, Greenmeadow Farm, Arlington R. O., Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 14

YOUNG LADY wishes position as mother's helper, companion or attendant; good appearance and excellent references. MISS MURIEL STRAUGHN, care Mrs. Grady, 111 Pierrepont st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 11

YOUNG LADY desires position as filing clerk; experienced, competent; can handle typewriter and care for correspondence. Address M. V. KENAY, 99 Orient av., Jersey City, N. J. 12

YOUNG LADY wishes position as clerical work, or as private switchboard operator. LORETTA B. REICHARD, 123 W. 98th st., New York. 10

YOUNG LADY of refinement, city personal references, seeks position; generally useful, companion to lady; city or country. Address MISS VERA T. BARTLETT, 212 E. 46th st., New York. 16

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, educational and research experience, desires editorial, social, secretarial (no stenography), research or executive work; all or part time. MISS MARION CONWAY, 3305 Arch st., Philadelphia. 14

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, experienced as high school instructor and research worker desires tutoring in history or mathematics. MISS MARION CONWAY, 3305 Arch st., Philadelphia. 14

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CLERICAL, COMMERCIAL and technical positions in Chicago may be obtained through the Chicago Y. M. C. A. Write to the employment and vocational secretary, CENTRAL Y. M. C. A., 19 South LaSalle st., Chicago. 10

JUNIOR OPERATOR wanted who can take care of machine and assist on jobs and ads; steady work to right man. GAZETTE, Sabula, Ia. 16

WANTED—Boy, 16 or over, for light office work and errands; wages $4.50 per week to start. F. C. HOPKINS, 326 West Madison st., Chicago. 11

WANTED—Man and wife on small country place; man to milk, etc., woman for housework; good home and wages. W. B. TEMPLETON, Golf Lane, Wheaton (near Chicago), Ill. 11

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

CASHIER for high-class temperance restaurant; no Sunday work. IDA FOSTER CRONE, 221 So. Wabash av., Chicago. 11

COOK—Wanted, girl under 40 to do cooking, downstairs work and wait on table; wages $25; near St. Louis. MRS. F. A. HILL, Algonquin Lane, Kirkwood, Mo. Tel. Webster-912. 12

LARGE MIDDLE-WESTERN JOBBING MILLINERY CONCERN has opening for 2 A1 designers; good salaries and yearly positions to right parties. Address LIEBSTADTER MILLINERY CO., 907 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo. 16

MAID WANTED for general housework and laundry in family of four adults, in five-room heated apartment. M. HARRIET WADSWORTH, 14 W. Gilman st., Madison, Wis. 1

WANTED—Girl not over 16 to care for children. MRS. GEO. M. DAVIS, 363 West Sawyer st., Decatur, Ill. 11

WANTED—Some one to keep house for man and wife, wife needing some care. Address MRS. RENNEKER, 3561 Paxton rd., Cincinnati, O.; tel. E. 1108-R. 11

WANTED—Reliable girl for general housework; small flat; or work part of days; to go home nights. MRS. HERMAN, 1327 E. 52nd st., Chicago. 14

WANTED—Young woman to assist with housework; good home. MRS. GEORGE SUTTON, 5434 Lakewood av., Edgewater, Ill.; phone Edgewater 6201. 10

WANTED—Mother's helper; two children, girl (6) and boy (4); write, stating qualifications and salary expected. A. E. GORDON, 1256 Logan av., Canton, O. 10

WANTED—Reliable girl to assist with general housework; 2 in family; new flat; Protestant. MRS. F. L. PETERSON, 209 So. 5th av., Maywood, Ill. 12

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISING AND MAIL-ORDER SALES MANAGER—Been successful in handling some difficult propositions; 10 years' experience; first-class reference; samples of work on request; go anywhere; 35; married; best of habits. H. D. HUGHES, Terre Haute, Ind. 16

BOOKKEEPER—Young man (24), competent stenographer and bookkeeper; best of reference as to ability and character. Address HOOVER GRAVES, Kansas City, Mo., Gen. Del. 11

BUTLER-HOUSEMAN, English, desires situation; moderate salary; excellent references. HARRY HOLDEN COLPUS, 539 Rush st., Chicago. 10

CAPABLE, HIGH-GRADE BUSINESS MAN with clean, successful record desires position where first-class services are required; forceful, capable executive, thoroughly experienced management of traffic and sales; best of references. J. M. TEMPLE, 4124 Jackson blvd., Chicago. 12

CHEESEMAKER — Experienced young man desires steady position; Michigan or central states preferred. IVAN HODGES, 180 South av, Rochester, N. Y. 10

COMPETENT CHAUFFEUR, with 12 years' experience, desires position; can drive and keep any car in first-class condition. C. ALMSTROM, 4620 Calumet av., Apt. E, Chicago. Tel. Drexel 8416. 10

EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN about to settle in England desires to represent or connect with some reliable firm who want live, aggressive representation. Address WM. G. HIMES, 3855 W. 44th st., Cleveland, O. 11

JANITOR—Position desired by married man; can furnish best references as to work and character. JOHN H. ROBINSON, 6053 Ada st., Chicago. 16

LITHOGRAPH OPERATOR — Young man, 3 years' experience, would like position; central states preferred. HARRY DESELMS, Delevan st., Rochester, N. Y. 11

MARRIED MAN wishes work on farm in Oregon; would take small wages to start; temperate, reliable and industrious. LOUIS ANGUS, 1644 Superior st., Cleveland, O. 16

POSITION as salesman; wish to hear from wholesale firm needing representative in Indiana and surrounding territory; large acquaintance throughout adjoining territory; bank reference or bond. DUDLEY H. JACKSON, 220 East 28th st., Indianapolis, Ind. 16

PRIVATE SECRETARY OR RIGHT-HAND MAN—Educated English gentleman, married (35), of good appearance, seeks a connection where opportunity to make good for a big place lies ahead of initiative; traveled in Europe and U. S.; well fitted for the position; will go anywhere. If you can consider a profitable investment address M. BRODRICK GREEN, 308 West st., Findlay, O. 11

SALESMAN who has sold grocery and hardware trade wants position; can speak 4 languages and show sales record. J. F. KRIBER, 353 Liberty st., Conneaut, O. 16

SALES MANAGER AND ASSISTANT, well versed in advertising; present contract expires Jan. 1, 1913; open for negotiation; salary and commission; fine references. F. A. HARRINGTON, 6017 Calumet av., Chicago. Tel. Normal 1279. 11

SHORT ORDER COOK — Temperate young man desires steady position; central states preferred. ADON WOODBURY, 180 South av., Rochester, N. Y. 11

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

SITUATION wanted by young man (31), married, who has filled the following positions with success: Chief clerk, traffic manager and purchasing agent for a large Chicago corporation; can furnish best of refs. C. A. LIEDBERG, 854 Ash st., Winnetka, Ill. 16

TWO YOUNG MEN of proved ability desiring to locate, one in northwestern Canada and the other in southern California, would represent eastern

Real Estate Market News ✪ T Wharf Activities ✪ Sailings

REAL ESTATE NEWS

ROXBURY TRANSACTION

Benson B. Banker is the new owner of a single frame dwelling house situated 16 Linwood square, near Linwood street, assessed in the name of Alice M. Price for $5900. There is a good sized lot of ground containing 7136 square feet, which carries $2900 of this assessment.

DORCHESTER CONVEYANCE

The single frame residence located 3 Evandale terrace, near Savin Hill avenue, formerly owned by Martha A. Foster, has passed into the possession of Gertrude Roberts. The property is assessed for $3700, of which $700 is upon the 4282 square feet of land.

SALE IN THE SOUTH END

Jacob Berkowitz, the owner of a four story brick building located 9 Camden place near Washington street, has sold the premises to Hyman Purzon. The lot contains 1055 square feet of land taxed for $1100, and the improvements for $1000 more.

SOUTH BOSTON PURCHASE

Michael J. Fraher has placed a deed on record covering his purchase of the improved property located 220 Dorchester avenue, at the junction of Telegraph street, consisting of a single frame house standing on 759 square feet of land, all taxed for $2700. Land value is $1100. Mary E. Palmer conveyed the title.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Charlotte T. Brown to Harold H. Brown, Commonwealth av.; q.; $1.

Same to same, Pearl and Gridley sts.; q.; $1.

Jacob Berkowitz to Hyman Pruzon, Camden pl.; w.; $1.

Conveyancers Title Ins. Co., mtgee., to Agnes Wallace, Cherry st.; d.; $4400.

SOUTH BOSTON

Mary A. Patten et al. to Margaret Coffey, I st.; q.; $1.

Annie M. Sullivan to Julia A. Sullivan, Bowery st.; q.; $1.

Mary E. Palmer to Michael J. Fraher, Dorchester st.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

Henry Currie to Domenick Scarfone et ux., Saratoga st.; w.; $1.

Joseph P. Hamlin est. to Laura E. Cashman, London st.; d.; $4400.

ROXBURY

Federal Associates, mtgee., to Peter J. McDonald, Cedar st.; d.; $40.

Peter J. McDonald to Federal Associates, Cedar st.; q.; $1.

Alice M. Price to Benson B. Banker, Linwood st.; q.; $1.

Charlotte J. Burridge to Lena C. Beck, Roxbury st.; w.; $1.

Mary E. Smith to Simone K. Greene, Mt. Pleasant av.; q.; $1.

Daniel J. A'Hern to David H. Greenhood, Albany and Randall sts.; q.; $1.

Levy Fishman to David H. Greenhood, Albany and Randall sts.; q.; $1.

DORCHESTER

William Hong to William J. Sarsfield, Coleman st.; q.; $1.

William H. Hardy to Katherine M. Cronin, Draper rd.; q.; $1.

John F. Graham to Eleanor M. Dunican, Ashmont st.; w.; $1.

Chester A. Coffin to Mary A. Young, Chester st. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.; q.; $1.

Martha A Foster to Gertrude Roberts, Evandale ter.; w.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Charles J. Bonnemort et al. to James Burke; q.; $1.

BRIGHTON

Livingstone Cushing to Susie Gregoire, Tip Top st.; rel.; $1.

Merchants Cooperative Bank, Mtgee., to Henry W. Bullard, Seattle st.; d.; $300.

CHARLESTOWN

Frank T. Horgan, mtgee., to Frank T. Horgan, Belmont st.; d.; $75.

CHELSEA

Lemuel Davenport est. to Sophie M. Feinberg, Bloomingdale st.; d.; $2000.

Charles L. Davenport et al. to Sophie M. Feinberg, Bloomingdale st.; rel.; $1.

Jacob Trachtenberg, mtgee., to Jacob Trachtenberg, Grove st., Grove st.; d.; $1000.

WINTHROP

George H. Prior et al. to Bertha M. Whitman, Washington av., Irwin st.; q.; $1.

Bertha M. Whitman to Fannie F. Prior, Washington av., Irwin st.; q.; $1.

George H. Prior et al. to Cordelia P. Freeman, Washington av.; q.; $1.

Same to Annie W. Munday, Ocean av.; q.; $1.

Same to Georgiana Hamelton, Ocean av., psg.; q.; $1.

REVERE

M. Lena Boynton to Robert G. Boynton et al., State rd.; w.; $1.

Willard Welsh to John W. Fermoyle, Avalar rd.; q.; $1.

Katherine G. Fenley to Frank P. Costello, Brondway; w.; $1.

Fannie M. Morrill to William J. Burke, Beach st.; w.; $1.

BUILDING PERMITS

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Cambridge st., 617, ward 25; Corporation of the Congregation of Sisters of St. Joseph, Edward T. P. Graham; brick boiler plant.

Quincy st., 72, ward 21; Nathan First; brick storage.

Atlantic av., 299,303, Stover st., 6 India sq. and India st., 52-53, ward 7; Wigglesworth R. E. Trust, Kendall, Taylor & Co.; brick mercantile.

Colonial av., 42, ward 24; Gilbert O. Gandy; frame dwelling.

Nonantum rd., 4, 23, 27, 31, 32, 36, ward 25; N. J. Soderlund; frame dwelling.

Park st., 297, rear, ward 23; George E. Hall; frame auto storage.

Staniford st., 119, ward 8; est. of William K. Porter; fire store and dwelling.

Warren st., 24, and 3-5 Taber st., ward 17; N. E. Tel. & Tel. Co., lessees; alter telephone exchange.

Hanover st., 465, ward 6; Joseph Daniels et al., F. A. Norcross; alter store and tenements.

Havre st., 277, ward 1; A. Shulman; alter dwelling.

Minot st., 18, ward 8; S. Goldman, Silverman Eng. Co.; alter store and tenements.

Columbus av., 567, ward 12; J. B. Pierce; alter store and tenements.

Grove st., 18, ward 11; Philip Rosenthal; alter tenements.

EXPERT STARTS TO "SPACE" ANNEX TO CITY HALL

Ralph Comfort, the New York "space" expert employed by the city to study the floor plans of the new city hall annex and map out the location of offices and interior facilities that they may be used with maximum results and no waste of space, began his work today. All the plans of the buildings are at his disposal.

Mr. Comfort has told the city council that his services will cost about $9000 and $5000 has been appropriated. The remainder, it is expected, will be forthcoming later.

Mr. Comfort comes to Boston at the request of Mayor Fitzgerald. It is understood that when the expert took up his work in New York, the city hall was short of space by many thousands of feet.

PHILLIPS EXETER ALUMNI TO HOLD ANNUAL DINNER

The New England Association of the Alumni of the Phillips Exeter Academy will hold its annual dinner at the American house tomorrow evening. The business meeting will be at 6 o'clock.

Those to be at the guest table and speak include Harlan Page Amen, principal of the academy, Alexander Meiklejohn, president of Amherst College; the Rev. George H. Reed, Joseph Walker, James M. Morton, Jr., judge of the United States district court, Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., Lee McClung, former treasurer of the United States, Henry Pennypacker, headmaster of the Boston Latin school, and Edwin Fay Rice, who has just given a valuable library to the academy.

N. Y. COMPANY BUYS CAR LINE

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—The properties of the St. Joseph Street Railway, Light, Heat & Power Company have been sold by E. W. Clark & Co. of Philadelphia to Henry L. Doherty & Co. of New York, according to a recent announcement.

Doherty & Co., who own gas and electric properties at Joplin and Denver, have purchased all the outstanding common stock, valued at $3,500,000 at $60 a share.

The company has just been granted four valuable franchises, one of which furnishes entrance into the heart of the city for the Kansas City, Clay County & St. Joseph Interurban railway and another which performs similar service for the St. Joseph & Savannah Interurban railway.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK IS PRAISED

At the monthly meeting of the Sunday School Superintendents Union of Boston and vicinity, held at Ford hall last evening, the address of chief importance was given by the Rev. James Austin Richards, pastor of the Mt. Vernon church. Mr. Richards spoke on "Evangelism in the Sunday School."

He said there were three methods by which the recruiting of religious forces is attempted—the revival method, natural working of religious influences and personal evangelism.

WORK STARTS ON GLASS PLANT

TOLEDO, O.—Work has been started on the new $350,000 bottle manufacturing plant to be built by the Toledo Glass Company across the city boulevard from Central Grove park. The new Toledo bottle manufacturing plant will be unique in that all work, from the delivery of raw materials in freight cars to the packing of finished products will be done by machinery.

YOUTH INVENTS VALUABLE DEVICE

DENVER—A toy made by Henry Knight, a boy, which took first prize at an exhibition of house-made toys at the Wolcott school under the auspices of the Colorado Congress of Mothers, has attracted unusual attention.

The boy made a truck which operates on a track and which can not overturn on account of a specially-devised flange arrangement on the wheels. Educators who have seen the toy say that it possesses wonderful possibilities.

LINER CAPTAIN HELD IN $100

Capt. Frederick Shepherd of the Leyland line steamer Winifredian was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hayes on a charge of violating the wireless code this morning in the Federal building and held in $100, which was furnished, for appearance at a hearing three weeks from now when the vessel is next in port. The customs office charge that when the Winnifredian sailed from this port Oct. 5 the required connection between the bridge and the wireless room was not in legal working order.

SWIMMERS TO MEET AT REVERE

The Brookline Gymnasium and the Brookline swimming clubs will hold a dual swimming meet Jan. 13 at Ocean Pier, Revere. The events will be the same as are held at the A. A. U. national championships.

"IMMIGRANTS" IS TOPIC

Dr. Peter Roberts and Dr. George W. Tupper will lecture at the Young Men's Christian Association this evening on "The Immigrant and His Assimilation," with David M. Claghorn, director of social work, presiding.

PROJECT FOR CANADA TO BUY GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC BONDS URGED

Important Resolution Prepared by Minister of Finance White for Expenditure of Part of Surplus

TO SAVE A LOSS

OTTAWA—Notice has been given of an important resolution by the Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance, by which he proposes to devote part of the $15,000,000 or $20,000,000 surplus to be announced this year to the purchase of Grand Trunk Pacific bonds. By this method the millions of dollars which go to the Grand Trunk Pacific Company through the famous "implementing" clause become an interest-bearing investment instead of a loss to the country.

This clause provided that the difference between the selling price of the company's bonds and par should be paid by the Dominion government. This was the famous "joker" in the Laurier argument. So far, bonds have been issued for £7,200,000. They are guaranteed by the Dominion as to principal and interest, and, not being a direct liability, have not brought very high prices on the money market. At present they stand at 78. So far, as a result of this clause, the government has paid to the Grand Trunk Pacific no less than $4,994,000. This sum of approximately $5,000,000 has gone into the coffers of the company as a direct gift and it is lost to the country.

There remains to be issued within the next two or three years $6,800,000 of these bonds, says the Mail and Empire. After allowing for commission, etc., these bonds would on the basis of the present market price realize net about 74, thus leaving 26 points, or some $8,000,000 to be made good. Under the original arrangement this sum would be handed outright to the company and lost to the public. What Mr. White proposes to do is, from time to time, to buy these bonds which as stated above, are guaranteed absolutely as to principal and interest by the Dominion government. This year there will be a surplus of $15,000,000 to $20,000,000 after defraying all charges, current and capital. Part of this surplus will be devoted to purchasing these bonds, and in the ensuing two or three years the remainder will be taken up. Thus the Grand Trunk Pacific will get its money and the country, instead of making a free gift of $8,000,000 in addition to the $5,000,000 already paid over, will invest its surplus and receive 3 per cent on its money.

The result should also be to strengthen all Dominion guaranteed securities on the London market. The full text of Mr. White's resolution is as follows: "That it is expedient to authorize the Governor-General-in-Council to purchase at par from the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company such of the 3 per cent bonds of the company, the issue and sale of which is provided for by chapter 98 of the statutes of 1903, and the deed of trust set forth in schedule 'A' to said chapter 98, as may be unsold at the time of the passing of an act that may be founded on this resolution."

NEW LIBRARY IS NEARLY FINISHED

PORTLAND, Ore.—The new Carnegie Library at Oregon City will be completed in a few weeks. The structure will be very attractive in appearance. The exterior will be of red and white brick. The building will contain a large reading room, assembly hall and librarian's office, in addition to the general library department. In the basement will be the heating plant and work room, with a book lift to the upper floor. The building is situated on the hill above the main part of the city.

WITNESSES AVER LOSS OF LINES

ST. PAUL, Minn.—S. H. E. Porter, sales manager for an independent harvester company at Minneapolis, and M. H. Gibbs, connected with a twine manufacturing company of Xenia, O., testified in the Harvester hearing here Monday that the six corporations absorbed by the International Harvester Company in 1902 were doing from 90 to 95 per cent of the business in the sale of binders, mowers and rakes in the states of Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Wisconsin, Missouri, Texas and Oklahoma.

NEW ARCHDEACON FOR KINGSTON

KINGSTON, Ont.—The bishop of Ontario has transferred the Ven. Archdeacon Carey, D. C. L., from the archdeaconry of Ontario and has appointed the Rev. O. G. Dobbs, rector of St. Pauls, Brookville, to be archdeacon of Kingston.

SENATE CONFIRMS MR. THOMPSON

WASHINGTON—The appointment of Carmi Thompson, who was formerly secretary to President Taft, as treasurer of the United States was unanimously confirmed by the Senate Monday.

CAPTAIN OF PRINCETON RUNNERS

PRINCETON, N. J.—D. W. Morrison, '15, of Big Run, Pa., was elected captain of the Princeton cross-country team Monday night for next year. He prepared at the Mt. Herman school

SHIPPING NEWS

Fresh groundfish continues scarce, prices continue high, and quietness reigns at T wharf. Today's arrivals included three of the steam trawlers and two schooners. The schooner James W. Parker had her jib sail blown to pieces and other sails damaged early Monday when the craft was about 70 miles east of the harbor, inbound from Cape Shore. The Belbina P. Domingoes also reported torn sails, while the steam trawlers were coated white. Arrivals: Str Surf 41,000 pounds, str Foam 35,100, str Ripple 30,200, schooner James W. Parker 53,000, and Belbina P. Domingoes 6700. Dealers quoted: Steak cod $10.25 per hundredweight, market cod $6, haddock $7, pollock, $2.60, large hake $7.75, medium hake $4.75, and cusk $3.75.

Fifty-four hours after sailing from Nantasket roads, the schooner Rebecca J. Moulton, Captain Black, dropped anchor at Bridgewater, N. S. This is said to eclipse all previous records for a sailing vessel.

Notification has been made by the Hamburg-American line that the cruise to the Orient on the steamship Cincinnati has been withdrawn from their program owing to the recent conditions in the Balkan states. The steamer will be pressed in the Panama canal service, leaving New York on Feb. 1 for a 29 day cruise.

American and German marine postal clerks will soon be assigned to the steamship George Washington of the North German Lloyd line. Arrangements have been completed for the new service with the postal officials of both countries.

While inward bound from the fishing grounds early today, the schooner Juno, Captain Goodwin, went ashore near Governor's island and remained there until about noon when the tug Sadie Ross succeeded in releasing her. The Juno had about 8000 pounds of fish on board and was undamaged. She came in to T wharf to discharge this afternoon.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str Hoyle Bank (Br), Porter, Buenos Aires, ia St Lucia and Bermuda.

Str Seaconnet, Smith, Sewalls Point.

Str Everett, Giles, Baltimore.

Str Camden, Brown, Bangor, Me.

Str Bay State, Strout, Portland, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester, Mass.

Tg Pallas, Ford, Rockport, Mass.

Tg Vesta, Kenn, Lynn, twg bg L & W C Co No 10, for New York.

Cleared

Str Tuscan, Thacher, Philadelphia.

Str Kershaw, Johnson, Norfolk.

Str Bay State, Strout, Portland.

Str Camden, Brown, Bangor.

Sailed

Steam lighters Reliance, Newburyport; Hercules, do; tgs Joshua Lovett, twg bgs Clara and Bessie, Sewalls Point; Neptune and Pallas, twg lighter Walnut; Vesta, Lynn; Eureka, New York, twg bgs Cardenas, Coaklale and Nesquehoning; Swatara, Philadelphia, twg bgs Marion, Hammond, and Brookside; schr Barbara, Jacksonville; strs Lingan (Br), Louisburg, C B; Boston (Br), Yarmouth, N S; City of Memphis, Savannah; Kershaw, Norfolk; Geo Hawley, Sewalls Point; Tuscan, Philadelphia; Berenfels (Ger), New York; James S Whitney, do.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs Huron, Jacksonville and Charleston, S C; Manna Hata, Baltimore; sch Mary Hendry, Geldert, South Amboy for Halifax, N S.

CANADIAN PORT DEVELOPING FAST

FORT WILLIAM, Ont.—With five new industries established this year the population of this city is expected to increase 10,000 within the next 12 months. In anticipation of this growth the council has set aside portions of property purchased at a low figure, as playgrounds and parks, and at the present time Fort William has no fewer than eight public parks and playgrounds scattered throughout its territory.

The population is now about 25,000, having risen to this mark from 13,882 in 1907. There are 10 schools, including a collegiate institute, the staff of teachers numbering nearly 50.

The harbor is now one of the best in America, great improvements having taken place since Fort William became a national harbor. The terminals of the three great transcontinental lines at Fort William have over 175 miles of trackage, and this is being found inadequate for the increasing traffic.

MONTICELLO MEASURE BALKED

WASHINGTON—The movement to have the government acquire "Monticello," the home of Thomas Jefferson, received a setback when the House by a vote of 101 to 41 refused to adopt a special rule providing for consideration of the Senate resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee to inquire into the wisdom and cost of purchasing the property from its present owner, Representative Levy of New York.

PEACE PRIZE NOT AWARDED

NEW YORK—A Christiania, Norway, despatch to the New York Sun says that the Nobel peace prize will not be awarded this year as there has been "no work deserving of the prize." It has been recommended that the prize, approximating $40,000, shall be retained for the benefit of the foundation fund.

CHAIRMAN M'COMBS IS READY TO NAME INAUGURAL MANAGER

NEW YORK—William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic national committee, who is here today after a two days conference with party leaders in Washington, is to make known this afternoon the name of the chairman of the inaugural committee, which will have charge of preparations for the display connected with President-elect Wilson's induction into office.

Mr. McCombs lunched Monday with Charles D. Hilles, President Taft's secretary and chairman of the Republican national committee, and later conferred at the Capitol with Speaker Clark, Representative Oscar W. Underwood, Senators Stones and Gore and other Democrats.

Mr. McCombs met Democratic leaders from many states, including National Committeeman Roger Sullivan of Illinois, Josephus Daniels of North Carolina, Edward Goltra of Missouri, former Governor Francis of that state, Treasurer Rolla Wells of the national committee, Thomas M. Honan, attorney general of Indiana, and many members of the Senate and House.

TARIFF REVISION PLANS ARRANGED BY DEMOCRATS

WASHINGTON—The ways and means committee met today to ratify the action of the sub-committee Monday in arranging for hearings on the tariff every Monday, Wednesday and Friday in January beginning Jan. 6.

One day will be devoted to each schedule, though, if necessary in any case, not exceeding two days will be allowed. There are 15 schedules, but by merging two or three of the minor schedules with the adjoining important schedules the committee expects to get through with the hearings by the end of January. The schedule will be considered in their regular sequence in the present tariff law.

NEW OFFICERS IN MIZPAH LODGE

George H. Payne was installed the twenty-fourth master of Mizpah lodge, A. F. and A. M., in Cambridge last evening. He was inducted by James A. Stinson, whom he succeeded as master. The organization for the year is: George H. Payne, worshipful master; Herbert M. Chase, senior warden; Frank H. Hilton, junior warden; Charles H. Montague, treasurer; Charles W. B. Duroy, secretary; the Rev. Herbert Walker, chaplain; Frank W. Peckham, marshal; Frederick W. Turner, senior deacon; Roy C. Angus, junior deacon; Allen K. Sweet, senior steward; George W. Ladd, junior steward; Sidney J. B. Stoddard, inside sentinel; Claude E. Saunier, organist; Fred L. Churchill, tyler.

"DAKOTA DAN" FINISHES CASE

William R. Scharton, attorney for "Dakota Dan," in the Russell case, concluded his side of the case at East Cambridge today when he found that several witnesses he expected had not appeared. In the course of his presentation of the case he has produced a large number of witnesses who reside or formerly resided in Melrose in his effort to show that his client is the real heir.

As soon as Attorney Scharton closed Robert Nason, attorney for the estate, put William Collins, a stenographer, who took notes at the trial in the probate court, on the stand to testify. It is expected that this witness will take several days to complete his testimony.

TAYLOR SYSTEM RESULTS SHOWN

WASHINGTON—The premium system among workmen and economic shop management, inaugurated within the last two years in United States armories and arsenals, saved the government $363,251 during the last fiscal year, according to the report of Gen. William Crozier, chief of ordnance, made public today.

Reviewing the result of the "Taylor" system, the installation of which was alleged to have caused the strike at the Watertown armory that led to a congressional investigation, General Crozier says it raised the individual excellence and extent of each workman two and a half times over the old day system.

SENATE ACTS ON INAUGURATION

WASHINGTON—A joint congressional inauguration committee would be authorized by a resolution adopted by the Senate Monday at the instance of Senator Overman of North Carolina, providing for the appointment of three members of the Senate and the same number from the House of Representatives to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of President-elect Wilson on March 4. The resolution has not yet been acted upon by the House. The congressional committee is separate from the Washington local committee.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

This schedule is compiled from advance lists and is subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

Koenigin Luise, for Bremen	Dec. 10
*United States, for Copenhagen	Dec. 10
*New Amsterdam, for Rotterdam	Dec. 10
*Sant' Anna, for Naples	Dec. 10
*Zeeland, for Dover-Antwerp	Dec. 11
Verona, for Naples-Genoa	Dec. 11
*Cedric, for Liverpool	Dec. 12
*La Lorraine, for Havre	Dec. 12
*Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for Hamburg	Dec. 12
Chicago, for Havre	Dec. 14
*Krinprinzessin Cecilie, for Bremen	Dec. 14
Caledonia, for Glasgow	Dec. 14
Czar, for Rotterdam	Dec. 14
Minnetonka, for London	Dec. 14
*St. Paul, for Southampton	Dec. 14
*Oceanic, for Southampton	Dec. 14
Caronia, for Liverpool	Dec. 14
Roma, for Naples	Dec. 16
*Noordam, for Rotterdam	Dec. 17
*Mauretania, for Liverpool	Dec. 17
*Finland, for Dover-Antwerp	Dec. 18
*France, for Havre	Dec. 19
*Barbarossa, for Bremen	Dec. 19
*Baltic, for Liverpool	Dec. 19
Floride, for Havre	Dec. 21
*Pennsylvania, for Hamburg	Dec. 21
Columbia, for Glasgow	Dec. 21
Mesaba, for London	Dec. 21
*Philadelphia, for Southampton	Dec. 21
*Alice, for Naples-Trieste	Dec. 21
*Friedrich der Grosse, for Bremen	Dec. 24
*Ryndam, for Rotterdam	Dec. 24
*Lusitania, for Liverpool	Dec. 24
*Megantic, for Liverpool	Dec. 24
*Vaderland, for Dover-Antwerp	Dec. 25
*La Provence, for Havre	Dec. 26
*President Lincoln, for Hamburg	Dec. 28
Virginie, for Havre	Dec. 28
Niagara, for Havre	Dec. 28
Minneapolis, for London	Dec. 28
*Majestic, for Southampton	Dec. 28
*Martha Washington, for Naples-Trieste	Dec. 28
Russia, for Rotterdam	Dec. 28

Sailings from Boston

*Saxonia, for Liverpool	Dec. 10
*Canopic, for Mediterranean ports	Dec. 12
Winifredian, for Liverpool	Dec. 14
*Arabic, for Liverpool	Dec. 17
Carthaginian, for Glasgow	Dec. 19
*Carpathia, for Liverpool	Dec. 21
Devonian, for Liverpool	Dec. 21
Canadian, for Liverpool	Dec. 28

Sailings from Philadelphia

Marquette, for Antwerp	Dec. 20
*Merion, for Liverpool	Dec. 21

Sailings from Portland, Me.

Scandinavian, for Glasgow	Dec. 12
Tgutonic, for Liverpool	Dec. 14
Canada, for Liverpool	Dec. 21
Pretorian, for Glasgow	Dec. 26
Dominion, for Liverpool	Dec. 28

Sailings from Montreal

All sailings from St. John, Halifax or Portland, Me., during winter.

Sailings from St. John

Empress of Britain, for Liverpool	Dec. 13

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Megantic, for New York	Dec. 10
Haverford, for Philadelphia	Dec. 11
Canadian, for Boston	Dec. 12
Dominion, for Halifax	Dec. 12
Lusitania, for New York	Dec. 14
Celtic, for New York	Dec. 19
Campania, for New York	Dec. 21
Laurentic, for New York	Dec. 24
Carmania, for New York	Dec. 28
Arabic, for Boston	Dec. 31

Sailings from London

Minnehaha, for New York	Dec. 16
Minnewaska, for New York	Dec. 21
Minnetonka, for New York	Dec. 28

Sailings from Southampton

Philadelphia, for New York	Dec. 11
Minneapolis, for New York	Dec. 14
Amerika, for New York	Dec. 15
George Washington, for New York	Dec. 15
Majestic, for New York	Dec. 18
New York, for New York	Dec. 21
Oceanic, for New York	Dec. 25
President Grant, for New York	Dec. 29

Sailings from Glasgow

Sicilian, for Boston	Dec. 14
Cameronia, for New York	Dec. 21
Ionian, for Portland	Dec. 21
California, for New York	Dec. 28
Numidian, for Boston	Dec. 28

Sailings from Hamburg

Amerika, for New York	Dec. 14
Patricia, for New York	Dec. 21
President Grant, for New York	Dec. 28
Victoria Luise, for New York	Jan. 31

Sailings from Bremen

George Washington, for New York	Dec. 14
Neckar, for New York	Dec. 21
Breslau, for New York	Dec. 28

Sailings from Havre

La Provence, for New York	Dec. 14
Niagara, for New York	Dec. 14
La Touraine, for New York	Dec. 21
La Lorraine, for New York	Dec. 28
Rochambeau, for New York	Dec. 28

Sailings form Antwerp

Menominee, for Boston	Dec. 12
Lapland, for New York	Dec. 14
Kroonland, for New York	Dec. 21
Manitou, for Boston	Dec. 26
Zeeland, for New York	Dec. 28

Sailings from Rotterdam

Rotterdam, for New York	Dec. 14
Potsdam, for New York	Dec. 21

Sailings from Genoa

Adriatic, for New York	Dec. 18
America, for New York	Dec. 18
Stampalia, for New York	Dec. 25
Duca D'Aosta for New York	Dec. 30

Sailings from Trieste

Franconia, for New York	Dec. 18
Oceania, for New York	Dec. 21
Ultonia, for New York	Dec. 28

Sailings from Fiume

Franconia, for New York	Dec. 24

Sailings from Copenhagen

Helling Olav, for New York	Dec. 15

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Lurline, for Honolulu	Dec. 11
*Tahiti, for Sydney	Dec. 11
*Tenyo Maru, for Hongkong	Dec. 13
*Sonoma, for Sydney	Dec. 17
*Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	Dec. 18
*Persia, for Hongkong	Dec. 21
*Honolulan, for Honolulu	Dec. 24
*Korea, for Hongkong	Dec. 27
*Sierra, for Sydney	Dec. 31

Sailings from Seattle

*Minnesota, for Hongkong	Dec. 16
*Yokohama Maru, for Hongkong	Dec. 17
*Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Dec. 23
*Talthybius, for Hongkong	Dec. 23
*Zealandia, for Sydney	Dec. 23
*Lord Curzon, for Hongkong	Dec. 30
*Inaba Maru, for Hongkong	Dec. 30

Sailings from Tacoma

*Seattle Maru, for Hongkong	Dec. 10
Talthybius, for Hongkong	Dec. 23
*Mexico Maru, for Hongkong	Dec. 24

Sailings from Vancouver

Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Dec. 23
Zealandia, for Sydney	Dec. 23

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong

China, for San Francisco	Dec. 10
Monteagle, for Vancouver	Dec. 14
Manchuria, for San Francisco	Dec. 17
Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Dec. 17
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Dec. 17
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Dec. 21
Awa Maru, for Seattle	Dec. 31
Nile, for San Francisco	Dec. 31

Sailings from Yokohama

Siberia, for San Francisco	Dec. 14
Shidzuoka Maru, for Seattle	Dec. 18
China, for San Francisco	Dec. 24
Monteagle, for Vancouver	Dec. 22
Manchuria, for San Francisco	Dec. 28
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Dec. 31
Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Dec. 31

Sailings from Honolulu

Korea, for San Francisco	Dec. 10
Honolulan, for San Francisco	Dec. 11
Sierra, for San Francisco	Dec. 14
Shinyo Maru, for San Francisco	Dec. 17
Lurline, for San Francisco	Dec. 24
Siberia, for San Francisco	Dec. 24
Ventura, for San Francisco	Dec. 27
China, for San Francisco	Dec. 31
Marama, for Vancouver	Dec. 31

Sailings from Sydney

Ventura, for San Francisco	Dec. 14
Marama, for Vancouver	Dec. 16
Aorangi, for San Francisco	Dec. 28

*Carries United States mails.

Incoming Steamships at Boston

DUE TODAY

Corinthian	Glasgow	Nov. 30
Michigan	Liverpool	Nov. 30
Hoylebank	Buenos Ayres, etc., via Bermuda	

DUE WEDNESDAY

Arkansas	Copenhagen via Shields	Nov. 25

DUE THURSDAY

Boston	Yarmouth, N. S.	
Arabic	Liverpool	Dec. 3
Marquette	Antwerp	Nov. 28
Lancastrian	London	Nov. 30
Iberian	Manchester via Liverpool	Dec. 1
Calvin Austin	St. John via Maine ports	

DUE FRIDAY

Cearense	Progreso	Dec. 6

DUE SUNDAY

Indrani	China and Japan	
Bulgaria	Hamburg	Nov. 27
Pathan	Yokohama, etc., via Gibraltar	Dec. 2
Calvin Austin	St. John, N. B.	
Devonian	Liverpool	Dec. 5
Boston	Yarmouth, N. S.	

DUE MONDAY

Esparta	Port Limon	Dec. 8

DUE TUESDAY

Scharzfels	Calcutta	Nov. 7
Dania	Copenhagen	Nov. 24

By Wireless

SS Arabic, Liverpool and Queenstown, for Boston, was 1058 miles east of Boston light at 10 AM yesterday; docks late Thursday or early Friday morning.

SS Marquette, Antwerp for Boston and Philadelphia, was 210 miles southwest of Cape Race at 8 AM yesterday; probably dock Thursday morning.

SS Noordam, Rotterdam for New York, 515 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; dock 8:30 AM tomorrow.

SS Prinz Adalbert, Hamburg for Philadelphia, 314 miles east of Cape Henlopen at noon yesterday.

SS Montreal, Antwerp for St John, N B, 110 miles south of Cape Race at 11 AM yesterday.

SS Ivernia, Boston for Queenstown and Liverpool, 114 miles west of Brow Head at 11 AM yesterday; due Queenstown midnight.

SS Finland, Antwerp for New York, was 643 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 PM yesterday; dock about 2:30 PM tomorrow.

NO CABINET PLACE HAS BEEN SETTLED

HAMILTON, Bermuda—Governor Wilson, whenever approached by newspaper men, declares that he has not settled a single cabinet place.

"I simply wrote Mr. Bryan that I wanted to meet and talk with him after my return," he says. "Of course selections have been running through my head, but I have come to no conclusions."

Governor Wilson expects to arrive in New York Monday and will speak to the Southern Society the next day. He attends his Anniversary celebration in Staunton, Va., Dec. 28 and a dinner in Chicago Jan. 11, the extent of his speaking engagements.

CYCLISTS STILL BETTER RECORD

NEW YORK—Miles ahead of the record and riding strong, the riders in the international six-day race at Madison Square Garden entered the second day of the contest last night. At 12 o'clock today they had ridden 752 miles and 1 lap and were nearly nine miles ahead of the record.

TEACHERS' WORK HONORED

NATICK, Mass.—Miss Emma F. Chater and Mrs. Eliza W. Hathaway will be guests at a reception, tonight, given by the citizens, in honor of their faithful work as teachers in this town for the past 40 years.

RAILROADS TO ABOLISH PASSES

DENVER—All Colorado railroads will follow the lead of the Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado & Southern and abolish the free pass in this state except those provided for by the interstate commerce law.

NEXT PRESIDENT STRONG FOR PEACE SAYS MR. CARNEGIE

NEW YORK—"Infinite reliance can be placed on Governor Wilson whenever international peace is concerned," said Andrew Carnegie, presiding over a dinner of the New York Peace Society at the Hotel Astor last night.

Baroness Bertha von Suttner of Vienna, a distinguished woman in the international peace movement, was the guest of honor at the dinner. President Butler of Columbia, Joseph H. Choate and Mrs. Anna Garlin Spencer were the other speakers.

TRADE PAPER MEN ON STAND

NEW YORK—The testimony at Monday's session of the Julian Hawthorne trial was devoted largely to government witnesses employed on trade papers who testified as to various articles laudatory of many properties in the Hawthorne group. One witness said two such articles were printed through arrangement with Dr. Freeman, one of the defendants.

COMMON TOWELS ABOLISHED

WASHINGTON—The common towel was ordered abolished from railroad cars, vessels, all other interstate vehicles and from stations by Secretary MacVeagh of the treasury department today in an amendment to the interstate quarantine regulations.

ESTATE ALLEGED UNDERVALUED

NEW YORK—Surrogate John P. Cohalan Monday rejected the transfer tax report made recently on the estate of the late Joseph Pulitzer, alleging the total value of the estate given in the report as $13,563,404 is an undervaluation.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

SUBJECTS of general interest are dealt with in the editorial comments presented today.

TOLEDO BLADE—Of about 100 bills and resolutions introduced in the House of Representatives on the opening day, only five were of national scope or touched upon interstate business. They called for a continuance of the investigation of the "money trust" for an investigation of the Grand Trunk "and other railroads," for a reform of the federal judiciary and for changes in the system of electing Presidents and members of Congress. Two river improvement bills of the "pork barrel" brand were introduced, six public building bills, one asking the government to lend the state of New York a brass howitzer, another calling for a report on a certain type of marine engine, and still another providing for a system for pensioning ex-Presidents. Of the bills affecting individuals one is to restore a retired naval officer to the active list, one is to correct the war record of a citizen so he can apply for a pension, three have to do with war claims and 83 are for pensions, or for increases in pensions for persons who cannot meet the requirements of the general pension laws. This ratio of private and local bills to public bills holds good throughout a session of Congress. It explains not only the high cost of government but also the slowness with which measures of countrywide importance make progress.

CINCINNATI TIMES-STAR—Independence hall, Philadelphia's most treasured relic and the patriotic shrine to which hundreds of thousands of American pilgrims have journeyed, is to have new caretakers. The historic edifice has been placed in the hands of a commission, which has promised, not only to keep it in better repair but to restore and beautify it so that it shall become as attractive outwardly as it is in its associations. It is also promised that certain practises that have been going on for years, according to common report, will be stopped. In many homes throughout the country "relics" from Independence hall are numbered among the owners' proudest possessions. Some of them are bits of wood, some fragments of brick, others nails, screws and even door hinges. If all of them were genuine Independence hall would have disappeared long ago. In fact, these alleged "relics," surreptitiously secured by visitors possessing only a faint appreciation of the distinction between patriotism and vandalism, are believed to be so numerous that if all of them were collected they would more than fill the old building, leaving not even room for the liberty bell. The suppression of the kind of graft which sells at exorbitant prices these fake relics to visitors, who are themselves not overscrupulous, is one of the tasks to which the new caretakers will address themselves. It is to be sincerely hoped that they succeed. Graft of any kind should not be associated with the building that saw the birth of the nation. Commercializing patriotism and turning patriotic impulses to a profit form a trade too contemptible to be tolerated.

WASHINGTON POST—Would it not be well for Secretary MacVeagh to go slow with respect to his proposed changes in the size and design of American currency? There are some features worthy of serious attention. As for the selection of Kenyon Cox, the New York illustrator, there can be no fault found, for he is an artist of established reputation, and his work is familiar to thousands of people who will never have an opportunity to see any of it on the back of a $20 bill; but the design which he has prepared, symbolic of prosperity and peace, need not be the only theme of decoration of our paper notes. Would it not be well to consider the advisability of choosing also a patriotic theme? The pen is mightier than the sword, and melted cannon make excellent plows. Nevertheless the people of the United States have constant reminders of peace and prosperity. Every field of corn, every spiral of smoke curling from the chimneys of our factories, every hustling throng of men and women going to and from their shops, stores and offices proclaims them. Would not the back of a $1 bill, which passes constantly from hand to hand, be a good place for a reminder of some stirring and significant event in our history?

MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL—A promotion commissioner from the Panama exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, will be on hand when the state legislature meets to ask for an appropriation of $50,000 or more for a Minnesota building and exhibit. Just what value the state is to get out of this expenditure, if it is decided to make it, is rather problematical. Possibly an exhibit cannot be defended on the lines of value. A man often has to give money to a cause or for the general benefit, not hoping for any direct return, but from broad-minded good-fellowship. It would scarcely be gratifying to state pride to be represented by a blank at San Francisco. The Nebraska State Journal, noting that its own state is in the same position so far as any probable return in dollars, cents or immigrants goes, calls for somebody to come forward with a bright idea for a San Francisco exhibit. This demand is a bright idea in itself. How, if the state is to spend this money, are we to get the state into the limelight in the best way? That's the problem. Now is the time for somebody with the bright idea to dust it off and bring it out. We are going to need it.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

SHARON

The Farther Lights Society of the Baptist church met last night.

Washington Cook, chairman of the school committee, is candidate for selectman. Alfred C. Sampson, chairman of the selectmen, is a candidate for re-election.

The men's clubs of the Baptist, Congregational, and Episcopal churches have formed one club called the Federated Men's Club. The club will meet at the Congregational church Friday evening.

WINCHESTER

The boys debating society of the high school, the Philomathean Society, has elected: President, Francis Getty; vice-president, E. Langworthy Burwell; secretary and treasurer, Wray Rohrmann.

At the meeting of the selectmen last evening a plan was submitted by Clarence J. Allen for the town to fill in the low land between Spruce street and Winchester place for the purpose of constructing a roadway from the Swanton-street section to the center of the town.

WHITMAN

The Woman's Club will hold a meeting at the town hall tomorrow afternoon.

The Brotherhood of the Congregational church will meet in the vestry this evening to elect officers.

The annual meeting of the W. R. C. will be held this evening.

Principal Whitmarsh of the high school has invited parents to visit the school Wednesday mornings from 8 to 9 o'clock during the singing period.

NEWTON

"A Gentleman From Mississippi" was staged last evening in Players' hall, West Newton, by the Players. The performance will be repeated this evening, Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Blanche C. Hyde, an instructor in the Newton Technical High school, delivered a lecture on household arts at a meeting of the Monday Club yesterday with Mrs. H. M. Chase, 59 Lakewood road, Newton Highlands.

ROCKLAND

Rose Standish Rebekah lodge, I. O. O. F., will entertain Grand Master John W. Roberts and the officers of the Massachusetts Rebekah assembly in Odd Fellows Hall this evening.

The annual roll-call and banquet of the members of the Baptist church will be held in the vestry this evening.

JAMAICA PLAIN

The Men's Club of St. Johns church will meet this evening. James Burns of the Cunard Steamship Company will speak on "Travel."

A mock trial was held last evening at the German M. E. church under the auspices of the Epworth League, assisted by the Men's Club and the Women's Missionary Society.

ARLINGTON

The Arlington branch of W. C. T. U. meets this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Warren A. Peirce on Academy street.

The Kensington Park Study Club meets this afternoon with Mrs. Frank Clark to resume the study of English history, art and literature.

CHELSEA

Sigma Delta Sigma will hold an "at home" at the residence of Miss Maud Freeman, Dec. 18.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of Mt. Bellingham church will meet at the home of Mrs. J. M. Currier on Tudor street Wednesday afternoon for the study of "China's New Day."

MILTON

The Huntington F. Wolcott corps, W. R. C., has elected: President, Mrs. Nettie Palmer; senior vice-president, Mrs. Caroline W. Cook; junior vice-president, Mrs. Harry Hargraves; treasurer, Mrs. Nellie B. Mitchell; chaplain, Mrs. Sarah Tuckerman; conductor, Mrs. Emma Littlefield.

MEDFORD

The total registration of the city entitled to take part in today's city election consists of 4694 men and 480 women.

Medford Mothers council will meet tomorrow afternoon in the First Methodist church parlors, when Mrs. Mabel Smardon will be the speaker.

RANDOLPH

The Ladies Library Association meets in Jonathan Belcher hall this evening.

The Ladies Benevolent Society of the Church of the Unity holds a Christmas sale in the church parlors Wednesday afternoon and evening.

REVERE

The Crescent Girls Club meets this afternoon at the home of Miss Mabel Airola.

The Junior guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church meets in the parish hall this afternoon.

ABINGTON

The Mission circle of the North Baptist church held a meeting in the vestry Monday evening.

Pilgrim chapter, R. A. M., held a convocation in Masonic hall last evening.

HANOVER

The Ladies auxiliary of the South Hanover fire company, No. 5, holds a sale today in Perry hall.

WINTHROP

The ladies of the Union Congregational church hold a sale in the vestry this afternoon.

WAKEFIELD

Quannapowitt council, Royal Arcanum, held its annual election last night with the following result: Regent, Harvey S. Parker; vice-regent, C. E. Carlson; orator, F. W. Smith; past regent, I. M. Berg; secretary, Albert D. Oxley; collector, Andrew G. Anderson; treasurer, Willis S. Mason; chaplain, Charles F. Derrick; guide, Oscar Anderson; warden, William J. Taggart; sentinel, Otto Anderson; trustees, J. W. Derrick, J. W. Farwell, Edwin A. McDiffie.

These officers were chosen last night by Julia Ward Howe tent, Daughters of Veterans: President, Miss Grace Barber; senior vice-president, Miss E. Frances Baird; junior vice-president, Mrs. Mae Eldredge; chaplain, Mrs. Emma Packard; treasurer, Mrs. Emily A. Wilkins; patriotic instructor, Mrs. H. Luella Eaton; trustees, Mrs. Lucy Sedgley, Miss Blanche M. Sanborn, Mrs. Hattie Hawes.

READING

The Woman's Relief Corps has elected: President, Mrs. Minnie K. Eames; senior vice-president, Mrs. Mary F. Smith; junior vice-president, Mrs. Helen Reinhardt; chaplain, Mrs. Mary E. Griggs; treasurer, Mrs. A. Belle Bancroft; conductor, Mrs. Abbie McIntire; guard, Mrs. Isabelle Glover; delegates, Mrs. Etta Nichols, Mrs. Mary Smith; alternates, Mrs. Helen Reinhardt, Mrs. Abbie McIntire.

Officers elected by the Reading Club are: President, Archer R. Prentiss; vice-president, George L. Pratt; secretary, Edward W. Briggs; treasurer, Charles F. Reid.

WEST BRIDGEWATER

The new officers of West Bridgewater grange are: Master, Anna S. LeLacheur; overseer, Howard B. Wilbur; lecturer, Henry J. LeLacheur; treasurer, Edward B. Maglathlin; secretary, Rhoda F. Wilbur; steward, Edwin H. Thayer; lady assistant steward, Etta J. Bradley; Pomona, Bessie L. Wilbur; Ceres, Etta Pratt; Flora, Emma Turner; executive committee, Davis Copeland, E. B. Wilbur, E. H. Thayer.

Miss Nola M. Richards of Brockton will succeed Miss Agnes Shannon as teacher of the Center grammar school.

MIDDLEBORO

E. W. Pierce Post, G. A. R., has elected: Commander, Thomas Perkins; senior vice-commander, George B. Leonard; junior vice commander, Augustus Varney; surgeon, Robert Lashures; chaplain, Alvin C. Howes; officer of the guard, C. G. Andrews; delegates to department encampment Walter Smith, Grover Bennett, Charles Starkey; alternates, Edgar D. Wood and John Merrick.

The annual fire district meeting will be held Dec. 18.

QUINCY

Abigail Phillips chapter, D. A. R., met at the home of Mrs. H. H. Ralph, 39 Elm avenue, Monday afternoon.

The Junior Alliance of the First Unitarian church held a meeting in the chapel Monday evening.

The East Norfolk Christian Endeavor Union held its annual social in the chapel of the Bethany Congregational church Monday evening. The affair was in charge of a committee, of which Miss Agnes A. Fisher was chairman.

ROXBURY

The new officers of the Eliot council Royal Arcanum are: Regent, James Upton; collector, Charles E. Seaverns; chaplain, J. A. Cassidy; warden, Walter Wilson; vice-regent, John Pollock; secretary, James A. Smith; treasurer, A. B. Putnam; guide, F. A. Ball; sentry, Howard Williams.

The Woman's Club is observing president's day this afternoon. Donald M. Macmillan, the explorer, delivers an illustrated lecture on Labrador.

STONEHAM

Stoneham lodge, K. of P., will receive a visit tomorrow night from several of the grand lodge officers and the second rank will be worked on several candidates.

Myles Standish colony, U. O. P. F., will have a social and entertainment at tonight's meeting and the deputy supreme governor and other officers of the supreme lodge will attend.

BRIDGEWATER

Bridgewater grange will hold a series of lectures at the town hall, the first on Thursday evening, with Prof. Wade of Amherst College speaking on "Building Up Soil Fertility."

The alliance of the Unitarian church will hold a sale in the vestry Thursday.

LEXINGTON

The Historical Society will meet this evening in the Hancock-Clarke house. A paper entitled "Some Ministers I Have Known" will be read by A. W. Stevens.

A current events meeting will be held this afternoon by the ladies of the Outlook Club in the Old Belfry Club hall.

MELROSE

At the meeting of the Men's Club of the First Congregational church this evening, William U. Swan, city editor of the Associated Press at Boston, will speak upon the gathering and distribution of news.

WEBSTER

The quarters of the First National Bank are to be enlarged. The alterations will commence this week. Architect Thomas M. James of Boston has nearly completed the plans. The exterior will be doubled in size.

MALDEN

Councilman Hugh L. Walker yesterday resigned the treasurership of the campaign committee for mayoralty candidate Frank M. Sawtell. John W. Drake was elected in his place.

The Rev. Edwin S. Tasker, formerly assistant pastor of the Center Methodist church of this city, has been appointed pastor of the new Central Methodist church at Lawrence which was dedicated Sunday.

EVERETT

Members of the junior and senior classes of the high school entertained the members of the faculty at the school last evening. Jackson Cannell, president of the junior class, presided and addresses were made by William Alcott and members of the faculty.

DORCHESTER

Columbia Lodge, N. E. O. P., nominated: Warden, Mrs. Lillian Worden; vice warden, Mrs. Elizabeth Marvin; chaplain, E. P. Dowing; secretary, A. F. Heald; financial secretary, G. W. Miller; treasurer, A. V. Heald.

CONCORD

Mrs. Margaret Deland gave readings from the "Old Chester Tales," Monday afternoon before the West Acton Woman's Club at the West Acton Baptist church.

MAYNARD

The Maynard Woman's Club is meeting this afternoon in Masonic hall.

The Men's Fraternal League of the Congregational church will observe guests' night this evening.

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising.

Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office, Suites 6029-6031 Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, Suite 750 People's Gas Bldg., Michigan Ave. and Adams St.

REAL ESTATE—CANADA

GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Why farm on high priced, worn out lands when the richest virgin soil is waiting for you in MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN and ALBERTA, the great Prairie Provinces of Western Canada. The first prize of $1000 for the best wheat in the world was awarded to a Western Canada farmer at the New York Land Show. Any one can own land in Western Canada. Go where you too can prosper, where you will find perfect comfort, where you can earn a farm and a home in a few years' time at most. LAND FROM $10 TO $30 AN ACRE—TEN YEARS IN WHICH TO PAY. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company offers you the finest irrigated and non-irrigated land along its lines at low figures, and on long terms of payment—lands adapted to grain growing, to poultry raising, dairying, mixed farming, and to cattle, hog, sheep and horse raising. Ask for our free book today on Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. A postal card or a letter will bring you by return mail full information, handsome illustrated books and maps. No cost to you—no obligation—but a big opportunity. Write and investigate today.

B. J. THORNTON, Colonization Commissioner.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, Colonization Dept., 112 West Adams st., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE—FLORIDA

FOR SALE—Two most desirable orange groves, situated in one of the best sections of Florida: $5000, 60 acres, 10 acres bearing orange grove, 12 acres peaches, 38 acres open land, no waste; $30,000, 98 acres, 20 acres bearing orange grove, 40 acres young grove 2 years old, 18 acres peaches, 20 acres open land, no waste, two dwelling houses, two packing houses; these are thoroughly reliable properties, producing good income. For location, production and all information address C. H. CHILDS, 139 W. Ashley st., Jacksonville, Fla.

OCEAN VIEW at Cocoanut Grove—Lots on dredged channel to deep water; best boating facilities on Biscayne Bay; map; description; terms. R. L. STEWART, Cocoanut Grove, Fla.

ORANGE GROVE—11 acres, 6 -room dwelling, 8 acres oranges and grapefruit, bearing; 400 ft. depot, P. O.; $9500; terms. ED. R. LIST, Sarasota, Fla.

FINANCIAL

GOOD BUSINESS MAN, 40 years, would like to invest up to $5000 in some manufacturing or other good business, if possible near New York; must stand strict investigation. Address H-12, 6030 Metropolitan bldg., New York.

REAL ESTATE—CALIFORNIA

California Country Lands

63,000 acres in Santa Clara and Merced counties, Cal., all in one tract, 20,000 acres fruit and alfalfa, bottom land, abundant supply of water, hall land rich grazing and timber, 500,000 cords of oak wood $7 a cord at R. R.; splendid improvements; dwellings, barns, corrals, etc.; improvements cost $60,000; price $7 an acre, very easy terms; best buy in California. KIMBALL & SOMERS, 507 Syndicate bldg., Oakland, Cal.

SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

An apartment house of seven apartments; unusual homelike features, strictly residence; location best; finest shade trees; three blocks to the State Normal school; two car lines; pays 8% net on $19,000. Address W. E. BEAN, 96 S. 10th st., San Jose, Cal.

CALIFORNIA LANDS

RELIABLE reports and plans furnished to intending purchasers and investors in California lands by a civil engineer of 25 yrs. exp.; refer to any San Francisco bank. DAVENPORT BROMFIELD, Bankers Investment building, San Francisco.

REAL ESTATE—ARKANSAS

ARKANSAS.

LARGE rice farm for sale; new wire fences; equipped complete for rice; best flowing well; threshing rice now; come and see and deal with owner; other business compels my selling now. Write
H. V. CLUTTER (Owner)
STUTTGART, ARKANSAS.

ROOMS—OHIO

FOR RENT—Elegant rooms artistically furnished with private baths; first class; central residential location. MRS. DE GARMO, 116 No. Ludlow st., Dayton, Ohio.

ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—Small outside room, furnished, on or near Huntington ave.; references exchanged. Address Box K-84, Monitor office.

OFFICES—NEW YORK

FOR RENT—(Furnished) practitioner's office, 2 to 5 p. m. Room 1124, Marbridge bldg., 47 W. 34th st., New York city.

HOTELS

GALVESTON FOR THE WINTER

Descriptive literature free. Address Hotel Galvez or Galveston Com'l Association. For Travel Information write W. S. St. George, 315 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

EUROPEAN ADVT'S

RESTAURANTS—MANCHESTER, ENG.

MANCHESTER
MACLURKIN'S
GENUINE SCOTCH SHORTBREAD
2s. 6d. tins, by post 2s. 10d.
THE REAL THING
Address: New Royalty Restaurant
41 Princess St., Manchester, Eng.
Lunches and Teas Always Ready

RESTAURANTS—ENGLAND

THE TOKIO CAFE AND RESTAURANT CO. Ltd
Bradford, Yorkshire, England.
PIECE HALL YARD—NEAR EXCHANGE

MILLINERY—LONDON

Smart Millinery
FROM £1.1.0
Miss Threadingham
188 SLOANE STREET, LONDON, S. W.
(Over Best's Trunk Shop)



MILLINERY Smart French hats for all occasions. Original and up-to-date. Always a large selection at moderate prices. Lightness and comfort a special study. Renovations. Petticoats and various oddments.
"Llerraf"
29A Alfred Pl. West, So. Kensington Sta., London, S. W.

LAUNDRY—LONDON

Old Oak Farm Laundry
3 BLOEMFONTEIN AVE.,
SHEPHERDS BUSH, LONDON, W.
Good Class Family Laundry
D. Keown, Proprietor
Mr. and Mrs. Purdy, Management.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHY—ENGLAND

Typewriting and Shorthand Offices. Legal, literary, commercial copying; personal letter advertising. MISS WILKINSON, Union Bldgs., 45, Fountain st., Manchester, Eng. Tel. City 1645.

SITUATIONS WANTED

TRAVELER for first-class firm; age 37; married; 14 years with present company (insurance); highest references. J. TOWNSEND, 119 Oakhill rd., E. Putney, London, Eng.

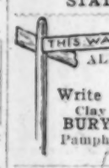
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. European Office, Amberley House, Norfolk st., Strand, London. Telephone 9723 Central.

DRESSMAKING—LONDON

Odette, Costumiers
46 BAKER STREET, LONDON, W.
Telephone 4770 Mayfair
HANDSOME MODEL GOWNS AND COSTUMES
Ready to Wear From £3.3.0
DRESS AGENCY

BARGAINS. Paquin, Lucille and others; Parisian model costumes, third cost; superior chic garments purchased. Address 147A Park Mansions Arcade, nearly facing Knightsbridge tube.

STATIONERS—ENGLAND



FOR ALL KINDS OF Stationery and Printing
Write to G. IKIN & CO., Ltd., Clay Bank Works, Fletcher St., BURY, nr. MANCHESTER, ENG.
Pamphlets, Statements, Memorandums, etc.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS—LONDON

MISS ISOBEL PURDON, A. R. C. M., Diplomee of the Brussels Conservatoire, receives pupils for violin, viola, and accompaniment lessons; quartette and ensemble class weekly. Address 20, Twyford Mansions, London, W.

MR. WHITNEY TEW
VOCAL STUDIO
53 Cadogan st., Sloane sq., S. W.
Available for concerts and at homes.
Telephone Kensington 2398

GIRLS' SCHOOL

SEASIDE HOME SCHOOL in Brittany for Girls in beautiful situation; thorough course of education; special conversational opportunities; entire charge of children from abroad; tennis, bathing, etc; American references. Address principal, KER LOIS, Val Andre, Pleneuf.

RESIDENCE BOARD—LONDON

YOUNG MARRIED LADY (certificated teacher German-English) wishes to take paying guests; modern house tastefully furnished; every convenience; ½ hour LONDON; English thoroughly taught; terms from 25s. weekly. MRS ELLIOTT, "Merton," Eardley road, Sevenoaks.

London, W. C., 113 Gower st.—Comfortable home. Full board and residence from 18s. 6d. to 25s.; partial board 16s. 6d. to 21s. 6d.

BOARD AND ROOMS—ENGLAND

BOURNEMOUTH, ENGLAND—fine position on celebrated West Cliff. Old established. Crag Hall, first-class liberal Pension. Good drawing, dining and bed rooms. Electric throughout. Moderate terms. Illustrated tariff. HINE, Proprietor. Telegrams: Cragged, Bournemouth; telephone 269 Bournemouth.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED BY FEB. 1ST.

Reliable woman as good, plain cook-housekeeper, a mother with a daughter suitable for work of between-maid preferred; family consists of two; four servants kept. Apply stating wages, reference and necessary particulars to MRS FOWLER, Westgate, Louth, Lincolnshire, England.

CHRISTMAS CARDS

THE THRILLING WORDS OF "THE LORD'S PRAYER"

These words associated with the Cross and Crown emblem have been exquisitely engraved from steel die and plate on heavy white card, bevel edged and mounted on grey suede leather as a hanger. Gold, Real Mother of Pearl and a perfect color scheme give to the Hanger formed by their combination a charm that gratifies all who love distinctiveness and refinement. A charming Christmastide remembrance. Post free 35 cents. "Write for Ideal Creations" sent post paid to all applicants.

BUNDE & UPMEYER CO. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

CHRISTMAS
Toys, Dolls
Novelties

An unusual opportunity to select a large assortment and a great variety of IMPORTER'S samples, which cannot be found elsewhere, at exceptionally low prices.

Come early for best selections.

George R. Tucker Company
Formerly of Peabody, Whitney Co.
69 PEARL STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

ARTS AND CRAFTS

SEND TO
A. B. HOLMES
4328 W. Monroe St., Chicago
for the beautiful and helpful
My Prayer, framed in brass.....50c
Good-for-You (Booklet).....35c
Omnipresence (Motto).....25c
or the 3 for $1.00 postpaid.
If not satisfactory money refunded.

BOOKS

CASH ON THE SPOT and highest prices paid for Stoddard Lectures, Century Dictionaries, New International Encyclopedias, complete libraries in any number of vols. purchased from any part of world. Correspondence invited. WILLIAMS BOOK STORE, 349 Washington st., Boston

TOURS

EUROPE—Wanted, chaperon to assist securing party and secure the tour for services rendered; splendid comprehensive tour sailing June 18 by Mediterranean; $500. Write today for booklet and terms. J. A. BOLENDER, 383 N. Main st., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

ROOMS—CHICAGO

FOR RENT—Front room, sunny, light, steam heat; 2 blocks from Garfield Park "L;" gentlemen preferred; telephone Garfield 2062. 4218 Van Buren st., 2nd apt.

LAWYERS

JOHN R. WATTS
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
55 Liberty St., New York City

ROY I. GUTHMAN
COUNSELOR AT LAW
320 Broadway. Phone Worth 3796. N.Y.City

WILLIAM C. MAYNE
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
Mutual Life Bldg. Philadelphia, Pa.

CLEMENT V. HULL
Attorney-at-Law
406 Engineers Bldg. Cleveland, O.

FRANK C. ROGERS
Attorney-at-law
5 North La Salle Street, CHICAGO

COWAN & HOLLIS
Attorneys-at-Law
601 Otis Building, Chicago

ELIJAH C. WOOD
Attorney and Counsellor
29 SOUTH LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO

JOHN C. HIGDON
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
Central National Bank Bldg., St. Louis

G. G. RIPLEY, Lawyer
PEYTON BUILDING, SPOKANE, WASH.

De Forest M. Neice Herbert W. Packard
NEICE AND PACKARD, LAWYERS
627-9 Merchants Trust bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

PATENTS

PATENTS PROCURED, ideas developed. C. B. SMITH & CO., 411-12 Prospect Hippodrome, Cleveland, O. Main 3665.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

OTTO F. HAHN, Painting and Decorating. Paints, glass, wall paper. 1230 Clybourn ave., Chicago, Ill. Phone North 1635.

PIANOS

WANTED—A piano by a business woman in exchange for storage and perfect care. Address Q-84 Monitor office.

DRESSMAKERS

PARISIAN DRESSMAKER — Special gowns; desires work home or go out by the day; best ref. POUILLON, 745 Tremont st. Tel. Tremont 2172O.

DENTISTRY

DR. AUSTIN MACD. LOWRIE
4624 Chester Avenue
Phone Woodland 3830 W. Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. JOHN C. PURDIE
5015 N. Clark Street
Phone Edgewater 2551 Chicago

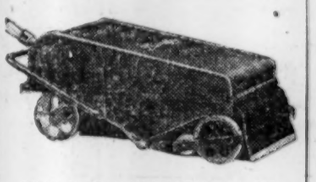
DR. G. FRANKLIN HARTT
1006 Masonic Temple
Phone Central 5891 CHICAGO

DR. AVA B. H NUMBERS
306 Frost Building
A-2103 LOS ANGELES, CAL. B'dway 1506

Advertisements
Intended to appear in all editions of
Saturday's Monitor
Should reach The Monitor office
Not Later Than Friday Afternoon
To insure proper Classification.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

DUNTLEY PNEUMATIC SWEEPERS



Made in Two Sizes, Nos. 1 and 2. The DUNTLEY is the only sweeper with both the SUCTION and also a REVOLVING BRUSH and one can therefore both VACUUM CLEAN rugs and carpets and pick up all LINT, THREADS, PINS, ETC. IN ONE OPERATION.

EASILY EMPTIED—Dust compartment in form of a drawer. FULLY GUARANTEED for one year against any defects whatever in workmanship or material.



HIGHLY EFFICIENT
Get all dirt and litter IN ONE OPERATION. LIGHT IN WEIGHT. LOW IN PRICE. AGENTS WANTED.

Works like an old-fashioned Carpet Sweeper.

DUNTLEY PNEUMATIC SWEEPER CO.
6501 STATE STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SALE—For cash or on royalty, secret process and formula for the manufacture of a preparation for washing clothes without the washboard. Simply boil the clothes and rinse in the usual way. It makes laces, curtains, embroideries and fine fabrics look like new. Saves clothes, time, strength, labor, and money. No rubbing, no hard work. The preparation has been thoroughly tested by many users for the past two years and the only reason for selling is lack of capital to establish the business. Proof of all the above gladly furnished.
VIRGIL H. CLYMER, Attorney, 626 Gurney bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

PARTNER WANTED with $10,000 to $25,000 to take an interest in flour and feed business, well established and making money; must be willing to work; would take part in good property; will not accept a man who is not financially interested. Further particulars write W. E. DOWNEN, 110 Madison st., Oneida, N. Y.

ORGANIZER

COMMERCIAL SECRETARIES, Attention!—A class A1 expert in upbuilding of commercial organizations, a man who has the system of increasing membership down to a fine point is ready to boost the membership of your organization 200 per cent. Plans of organization developed along definitely progressive lines. Carefully worked out plans for campaign and organization may be had of him at nominal cost. If you prefer it, you may have services of one of his trained experts right on the job in your city. Ask about it. F. W. BENDER, Champaign, Illinois.

AGENTS WANTED

ENERGETIC men and women in every locality to demonstrate and sell the YAXLEY Vacuum Cleaner (carpet sweeper type), the most efficient machine made; easiest to operate; backed by guarantee bond; exclusive territory, substantial advertising and full cooperation; liberal commission; quick sales; one man sold 6 in 6 hours; two novices sold 11 in a day; extra low price to general agents; write now for particulars. YAXLEY MANUFACTURING CO., 1025 Washington boulevard, Chicago.

HAVE YOU a few hours to spare? We want man or woman in each town. No capital needed. An hour's work shows dollars earned in spare time. Pocket sample 400 per cent profit. G. C. MFG. CO. (Dept. 360), 20 Warren st., N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CLOTHING MAN

With 20 years' experience, 10 with present firm, wants position as buyer of men's clothing; knows much about clothing; good store service and salesmanship; open for engagement Jan. 1. Address M. D. F., Monitor office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—NEW YORK

EXECUTIVE POSITION desired by mature, cultured woman, used to travel, to shop and to handle funds. Good stenographer and typist, and of musical and literary tastes. 1-12, 6030 Metropolitan bldg., New York.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

NEW LOW PRICES AGAIN SCORED IN ALMOST ALL OF THE LEADERS

Fairly Substantial Recovery Comes Around Noon, and Market Continues to Harden Further

COPPERS SELL OFF

Except for intermittent recoveries, the New York stock market was extremely weak again today, and stocks were thrown upon the market extensively enough to force prices down to new low quotations. Trading was active and attended at times by a good deal of excitement. The greatest declines were recorded in some of the specialties such as National Biscuit, which went below 115; Underwood, which sold off several points, and Sears, Roebuck, which went well under 200, but the speculative favorites and usual market leaders as a whole sustained serious losses. United States Steel nearly touched 64, Union Pacific sold at 161 at one time, and Lehigh Valley and Brooklyn Rapid Transit were other weak features.

Amalgamated was quoted at 75¼ in the morning. Reading made a vigorous stand against the general current of the market and aggressive buying was apparent in the stock, although it fluctuated rather widely and irregularly. About midday the market had a period of relief from the heavy selling, which it had experienced most of the morning and prices rallied to their best figures in some stocks, including Steel. As the session drew to a close the declines were gradually reduced as a general thing.

The Boston coppers had one of the worst slumps in months and they were dumped on the market in large amounts. Calumet & Arizona was one of the weakest on the list, but Butte & Superior, Copper Range, Calumet & Hecla, Superior, Nevada and, in fact, all sustained large declines. United States Smelting sold at 40 at one time. North Butte was well supported and in the afternoon went above 31, and the general list hardened.

One thing which caused trouble in New York was the attitude of the banks in discriminating regarding collateral and borrowers. Only gilt-edge securities could command either a hearing or needed money and as a result many speculators were unable to keep up their margins. Others were compelled to dispose of surplus bonds to get the money to make their trades good.

As an example of the heavy selling movement the report for the first hour was interesting. During that period 386,290 shares of stock were sold as compared with 130,210 for the corresponding period yesterday and $777,000 in bonds as compared with $378,000 yesterday.

Mixed up with the selling movement there was some decidedly discriminating buying by brokers who are known to represent the biggest houses on the street and who have a reputation of pulling out bargains. This group seemed to be partial to the standard shares, such as Reading, Steel, Union Pacific and some of the specialties.

LONDON—The securities market here today closed weak at the lowest prices. Movements were narrow. Consols were affected and home rails declined on account of the strike conditions.

The decline in American railway shares had been resumed at the end of the day, influenced by New York.

Rumors of Austrian preparations for military movements unsettled foreigners and mines. There were intimations of a £5,000,000 Argentine loan impending. De Beers declined ⅜ to 29¾, and Rio Tintos were ½ lower at 73⅝.

Paris was rallying at the close, but Berlin continued weak.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair tonight and Wednesday; warmer tonight; colder Wednesday afternoon or night; brisk to high westerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Fair tonight and Wednesday; warmer tonight, colder Wednesday; brisk high southwesterly winds.

A well defined area of low pressure central this morning over upper Michigan is causing cloudy and unsettled weather in the northern portions of the lake region, but has not yet produced much rain or snow. Pleasant weather prevails in all other districts east of the Rocky mountains. The temperature is rising slowly in the central districts but continues low in the eastern and southern districts. Frosts were reported as far south as Florida. The greatest depth of snow on the ground last night was 10 inches, at Houston, Mich.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m. ..... 29 | 12 noon 40

Average temperature yesterday, 24 11-24.

IN OTHER CITIES
(Maximum)

New York	30	Portland Me.	24
Washington	32	Albany	30
Nantucket	28	Pittsburgh	26
Buffalo	32	Des Moines	44
Philadelphia	34	Chicago	34
Kansas City	42	Denver	50
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	38
San Francisco	50		

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises	7:03	High water,	
Sun sets	4:12	12:10 a.m.	12:18 p.m.
Length of day	9:09		

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m.:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Allis-Chal pf 2 pd	6½	6¼	6½	6½
Amalgamated	76	77⅜	75⅛	77⅜
Am Ag Chem	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼
Am B S & Fy Co	98	98	98	98
Am Beet Sugar	50	50	49	49¾
Am Can	26½	28	26	27⅞
Am Can pf	114	114½	113	114
*Am Car Fndry	54¼	54¼	52⅜	53⅞
*Am Car Fndry pf	116	116	116	116
Am Cities	51⅜	51⅜	51	51
Am Cotton Oil	54⅜	56½	54⅜	56½
Am H & L	5	5	5	5
Am Ice	18	18	18	18
Am Linseed Oil	11	11¼	10⅞	11
Am Linseed Oil pf	31	31	31	31
Am Loco	41¼	41¾	41¼	41⅝
Am Loco pf	107	107	106½	106½
Am Smelting	69	70½	68⅝	70¼
Am Smelting pf	104	104	104	104
Am Steel Fndry	34½	34½	34½	34½
Am Sugar	115	115	114¾	116
Am T & T	138½	138½	138	138⅜
Am Woolen	20	20¼	19⅝	19⅝
Am Woolen pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
Am Writing Pa pf	30	30	30	30
Anaconda	39	39⅝	38	39⅜
Atchison	104⅝	105⅜	104⅜	105¼
Atchison pf	102⅜	102⅜	102	102
At Coast Line	136¾	138⅛	136½	138
Baldwin Loco	49	50⅞	49	50⅞
Balt & Ohio	103	104¼	102⅞	104
Beth Steel	35½	36⅜	33⅝	35¾
Beth Steel pf	64	64	60½	64
B R T	87⅛	87⅝	86	87⅝
Brooklyn Union	140	141	140	141
Butterick	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
Cal Petroleum	60¾	61¼	59½	61¼
Cal Petroleum pf	88	88	86⅞	87
Ca Pacific	261½	262¾	261⅛	262½
Cent Leather	25⅞	27¼	25⅞	27¼
*Cent Leather pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
Ches & Ohio	77	78⅜	76⅝	78¼
Chicago & Alton	18	18	18	18
Chi Gt West	16⅜	16⅞	16½	16¾
Chi Gt West pf	31	31	31	31
Chi M & St P	110¼	111½	109⅝	111½
Chi & N'west	134½	135¾	134	135¾
Chino	41	42½	40¼	42½
Col Fuel	30¼	31½	29¾	31½
Con Cas	137	138½	136¾	138½
Corn Prod	14	14	13½	14
Corn Prod pf	75½	75½	75½	75½
Del & Hudson	163⅝	163⅝	162⅞	162⅞
Del & Lack	550	555	545	550
Denver	20	20	20	20
Denver pf	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜
D SS & A pf	14	14	14	14
Erie	31⅝	31⅞	31	31⅜
Erie 1st pf	48½	48⅞	48¼	48⅞
Fed M & S Co	14	14	14	14
Gen Chemical pf	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜
Gen Electric	182	182¼	181⅞	182¼
Gen Motor pf	78	78	78	78
Goldfield Con	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Goodrich Co	65⅜	65⅜	62½	63¼
Gt Nor pf	132¼	133⅞	131½	133⅜
Gt Nor Ore	40	41	40	41
Gug Ex Co	50⅞	50⅞	50½	50⅝
Harvester	110	110½	109⅜	110½
Ill Central	125	125	125	125
Inspiration	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛
Inter-Met	16⅞	17⅛	16½	17⅛
Inter-Met pf	60¾	61	59½	60⅞
Int Marine	4½	4½	4½	4½
Int Paper	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛
Int Paper pf	48½	48½	47⅛	47⅛
Int Pump	17	18	17	18
Int Pump pf	74	74	74	74
Iowa Cent pf	22	22	22	22
Kan City So	26½	26½	26½	26½
Kan & Tex	26	26½	25⅞	26¾
Kan & Tex pf	60¾	61¼	60¾	61¼
Kayyser Co	91	91	90	90
Kresge Co	76½	76½	75	75½
Kresge Co pf	100	100	100	100
Lackawanna Steel	48	48	46	47
Laclede Gas	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
Lake E & West pf	35	35	35	35
Lehigh Valley	169½	169½	167	169½
L-W B Co	37¾	38	37⅛	37¾
L & N	141½	141½	140⅛	141
Manhattan	131	131	131	131
May Co	77	77	77	77
May Company pf	105	105	105	105
Mex Petroleum	79	80½	77	80
Miami	25¾	25¾	25	25½
M & St L	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
M St P & S Ste M	138¾	140¼	138½	140¼
Mo Pacific	40½	41	39¾	40⅞
Nevada Con	19	19⅜	18½	19⅜
Nat Biscuit	120	120	114	119
Nat Enameling	17	17	15⅜	17
Nat Lead	54⅞	54⅞	54¾	54¾
*N Y N H & H	127	127	127	127
N R of Mex 2d pf	27½	27½	27½	27½
N Y Air Brake	77	77	75	75
N Y Central	103½	103¾	103½	103¾
North American	80½	80½	80½	80½
Northern Pacific	118⅛	119⅜	118	119⅝
Norfolk & Western	111½	112¼	111⅛	111½
Ontario & Western	31⅛	31⅜	31⅛	31⅜
Pacific Mail	30½	30½	30	30½
Pacific T&T	46⅛	46⅛	46	46⅛
Pennsylvania	120	120⅜	120	120⅜
Peoples Gas	111	111	109¼	110
Pittsburg Coal	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
Pittsburg Coal pf	85⅜	86½	85	86½
Pressed Steel Car	34	35	33½	35
Pressed Steel pr	100	100	99½	9?½
Pullman	159¾	160	159¾	160
Quicksilver Min	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Ry Steel Spring pf	100	100	100	100
Ry Steel Spring	34	34	34	34
Ray Con	19¾	19⅞	19⅜	19⅞
Reading	166½	167¾	165¼	167¾
Republic Steel	24	24	23½	23½
Republic Steel pf	86	86	85	85⅝
Rock Island	22½	23⅛	22½	23⅛
Rock Island pf	43⅛	44⅛	43⅛	44⅛
Seaboard A L	19⅜	19⅞	19⅜	19⅞
Seaboard A L pf	46½	46¾	46½	46¾
Sears Roebuck	204	204	197	200
Sloss-Shef pf	97	97	97	97
Sloss-Shef S & I	45	45	44	45
Southern Pacific	103¾	108	106⅛	107½
Southern Ry	27⅛	27⅞	27½	27½
Southern Ry pf	79½	79½	79½	79½
St L Southwestern	35⅝	35⅝	35½	35½
St L Southwest'n pf	76½	76½	75	75
Standard Milling	31⅜	31⅜	31	31
Standard Milling pf	62½	62½	61½	62½
Studebaker	37½	38	37½	38
Tennessee Copper	37⅛	37⅛	35	36½
Texas Pacific	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
The Texas Co	109½	109½	108	108½
Third Av	34	34½	33½	34½
Toledo Rys & Lt	2½	2½	2½	2½
T St L & W	11	12	11	12
Underwood	99¼	99¼	95	95
Underwood pr	113	113	113	113
Union Pacific	162	162¾	161	161¾
Union Pacific pf	91	91	91	91
Union Bag & P	6⅛	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞
Union B & P pf	36	36¼	36	36¼
United Ry Inv Co	37	37	36½	36½
Un Ry Inv pf	66	66	65	65
Utah	59¾	58¾	57¼	58½
U S Realty C & I	73	74	73	74
U S Rubber	60¾	63	60¾	62¾
U S Rubber 1st pf	106	106¼	106	106¼
U S Rubber 2nd pf	77⅛	77½	77¼	77½
U S Steel	64⅞	66½	64⅛	66¼
U S Steel pf	107½	108	107½	107½
Va I, C & C	57	57	57	57
Va-Carolina Chem	40¾	42½	40¾	42¼
Va-Caro Chem pf	115	115	115	115
Wabash	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
Wabash pf	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
WesternUnion	73	73¼	72½	73¼
West Maryland	50⅞	52	50⅞	52
West Maryland pf	71½	71½	71½	71½
Westinghouse	76¾	77	76¼	77
Westinghouse pf	121½	121½	121½	121½
W & L E 1st p	27½	27½	27½	27½
Wisconsin Cent	50	50	50	50
Woolworth	105¼	106¼	104⅛	106¼
Woolworth pf	113½	113½	113½	113½

*Ex-dividend

PRODUCE

Arrivals

Str Gloucester, from Norfolk, with 280 bags peanuts, 580 bxs oranges.

Str Canopic from Mediterranean ports, had in addition to the 575 bxs lemons already reported, 200 cs, 89 bags chestnuts, 240 bags beans, 21 cs 4 bbls figs, 25 bags filberts, 149 cs 403 bbls 200 bags walnuts, 40,867 bx macaroni.

Str Winifredian from Liverpool, brought 17 bags figs, 300 bags beans, 79 bbls grapes, 189 cs 201 half cs 200 cts onions.

Str Saxonia from Liverpool brought 3 cs figs, 200 cs raisins, 56 bbls grapes, 725 bags beans, 375 bags walnuts, 200 bags almonds.

Strs James S Whitney, from New York, brought 865 bags beans, 75 bxs grapefruit, 448 bxs oranges, 25 bxs raisins, 53 bxs figs, 920 bxs dates, 31 cts pineapples, 817 bxs 30 bbls macaroni; H F Dimock, from New York, brought 50 bxs grapefruit, 804 bxs oranges, 10 bxs lemons, 80 bxs raisins, 45 bxs figs, 22 bbls grapes, 35 bxs dates, 19 cts pineapples, 210 bxs macaroni; Herman Winter, from New York, brought 50 bxs lemons, 431 bgs beans, 14 bxs oranges, 65 bxs raisins, 80 bxs figs, 340 bxs dates, 9 cts pineapples, 671 bxs macaroni.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Receipts for the day—Apples 4239 bbls 1992 bxs, cranberries 112 bbls, Florida oranges 5052 bxs, California oranges 830 bxs, lemons 835 bxs, California fruit 1 car, pineapples 59 crts, grapes 167 bbls 945 carriers, raisins 2170 bxs, figs 233 pkgs dates 2370 bxs, peanuts 280 bgs, potatoes 12,738 bu, sweet potatoes 300 bbls, onions 10,569 bu.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today, 3159 pkgs; last year, 4218 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—Spring patents $4.60@5, winter patents $5.10@5.35, winter straights $5@$5.15, Kansas, in sacks, $4.20 @4.60, winter clears, new $4.60@4.90, spring clears new $4.60@4.80, spring clears, in sacks, $3.75@4.15, in wood $4.25@4.60.

Millfeed—Spring bran $23@23.50, winter bran $23.50@24, red dog $28, middlings $23@27, cottonseed meal $31.25, mixed feed $24@27.50.

Corn—Spot, No. 2 yellow 70c, No. 3 yellow 69½c, steamer yellow 69½c, new No. 3 yellow 61c, ship new No. 3 yellow 57½@58c, new yellow 56½@57c.

Oats—No. 1 clipped white 41@42c, No. 2 clipped white 40@40½c, No. 3 clipped white 39½@40c, ship fancy 40 lbs 41@41½c, 38 lbs 40½@41c, reg 38 lbs 39½@40c, reg 36 lbs 39@39½c.

Hay—Choice $24.50, No. 1 $23@23.50, No. 2 $21@22, No. 3 $18@18.50.

Straw—Oat $11.50@12.50, rye $18@19.

Eggs—Fancy, nearby henneries, 46@48c; eastern, extra, 44@45c; western, best, 34@36c.

Butter—Northern creamery, 36@37c; western, best, 35c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu., $2.80@2.90; California, small white, $3.30@3.35; yellow eyes, best, $2.80@2.85; red kidneys, $2.80@2.90.

Cornmeal—Bag meal, $1.30@1.32; granulated, $3.40@3.45; bolted, $3.35@3.40.

Lard, pure, in tierces, 12¾c; rendered, 14¾c; loose raw leaf, 14½c.

Potatoes—Maine, 2-bu. bag, $1.40@1.45; sweet potatoes, Jersey, per bskt, $1@1.25.

Onions—Native, per bu box, 65@75c; Conn. valley, per 100-lb bag, 75c@$1; Spanish, per case, $2.25@2.50.

Apples—Per bbl., $1.50@4.

Fruit—Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl, $7@7.50 (late varieties); per crate, $2@2.25; grapes, per bskt, 8@10c.

Sugar—American Sugar Refining Company's net quotations; Crystal dominoes, 7.55c; eagle tablets, 6.45c; cubes, 5.40c; cutloaf, 5.95c; crushed, 5.05c; XXXX powdered, 5.20c; granulated, fine, bbls and 100-lb bags, 5.05c; granulated, 25 lb bags and under, 5.10@5.35c; diamond A, 5.05c; Ontario A, 4.85c; Empire A, 4.85c; extra Cs, 4.60@4.80c; yellow Cs, 4.30@4.55c.

Sugar—Wholesale grocery prices: Granulated, fine, bbls and 100-lb bags, 5.20c; granulated, 25-lb bags and under, 5.30@5.50c.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today 5377 pkgs butter, 3195 bxs cheese, 9275 cs eggs; 1911 9852 pkgs butter, 1521 bxs cheese, 5187 cs eggs.

Other Markets

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 9—Egg mkt higher at 28½c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—Bttr stdy, ex 35½ to 36, No. 1 pkg stk 23 to 23½, rects 4290, eggs stdy, 1sts 26 to 27, rects 1946.

Liverpool Cheese

Canadian, new white, 62.6; new colored, 63.6.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON—The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Adventure	5	5	5	5
Ahmeek	330	330	330	330
Algomah	2½	2½	2½	2½
Allouez	36	36	35	36
Amalgamated	75½	77¼	75½	77¼
Am Ag Chem	55	55	54	54
Am Ag Chem pf	98¾	99¾	98¾	99¾
Amoskeag	75	75	75	75
Am Pneumatic	4	4	4	4
Am Pneumatic pf	21	21½	20¼	21½
Am Sugar	116	116½	115¼	116
Am Sugar pf	116¼	116¼	115	115½
American Tel	138½	138¾	138	138⅝
Am Woolen pf	80¼	80⅞	80¼	80⅞
Am Zinc	27¾	27¾	27	27¼
Ariz Com	3	3¼	3	3
Atl Gulf & W I	5	5	5	5
Atl Gulf & W I pf	13	13	13	13
Boston & Albany	213	213	212	212
Boston & Corbin	4½	4½	4½	4½
Boston Elevated	120	120	120	120
Boston & Maine	95½	95½	95	95
Butte & Balaklava	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
Butte & Sup	39	39½	37¼	39½
Butte & Sup 1st pf	16	16	16	16
Calumet & Ariz	69½	69½	66¾	68
Calumet & Hecla	525	525	515	520
Chicago June pf	103	108	108	103
Chino	41	41⅝	40¼	41⅝
Copper Range	49½	50	48½	49½
Daly West	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
East Boston	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
East Butte	13½	14½	13½	14
Edison Elec	279	280	279	280
Fitchburg pf	120	120	120	120
Franklin	8¼	8½	8	8
General Elec	182¼	183	182¼	183
Giroux	3⅞	3⅞	3¼	3¼
Granby	64	64	62	63¼
Greene-Cananea	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8¾
Hancock	22½	23	22	23
Helvetia	70c	70c	70c	70c
Indiana	14	14	13⅝	13⅝
Inspiration	17¼	17⅞	17¼	17⅞
Isl Creek Coal	53	53	52½	52½
Isle Royale	30	30	29	29½
Lake Copper	24¼	25	24	24¼
La Salle	4¾	5	4¾	5
Mason Valley	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Mass	5	5	5	5
Mass Elec	16	16	16	16
Mass El pf stpd	74	74	73	73
Mass Gas	90	90½	89½	90¼
Mass Gas pf	94¼	94¼	93	93
Mayflower	13	14½	13	14½
Miami	25	25¾	25	25¼
Michigan	2	2	2	2
Mohawk	61	61	58	59
N E Cot Yarn	96	96	96	96
N E Cot Yarn pf	97	97	97	97
Nevada Cons	19¼	19¼	18½	19
New England Tel	152	152	150	152
*N Y N H & H	128	128	127	127½
Nipissing	8⅞	8⅞	8¼	8¼
North Butte	30	31⅜	30	31⅜
North Lake	3	3	2⅞	2⅞
Ojibway	2½	2⅝	2	2⅛
Old Colony	175¼	175¼	175¼	175¼
Old Colony Mining	7½	8	7¼	8
*Old Dominion	53½	53½	52	53¼
Osceola	102	102	100	102
Pond Creek Coal	25	25	24	24¾
Pullman	160	160	160	160
Quincy	76	76	74	76
Ray Cons	19½	19½	19¼	19½
Reece Button	15½	15½	15½	15½
Rotary Ring	1½	1½	1½	1½
Santa Fe	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾
Shannon	12¼	12⅜	12	12⅜
Shattuck & Ariz	29	29	28	28½
Sup & Boston	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Superior	36¼	36¼	35	36
*Swift & Co	104½	104¾	103	104
Tamarack	33	33	33	33
Torrington	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Trinity	4¼	4¼	4⅛	4¼
Tuolumne	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
Union Copper Land	2	2	2	2
Union Pacific	162⅞	162⅞	162⅞	162⅞
United Fruit	176¼	177	175	176½
Uni Shoe Mac	49¼	49¼	48	48½
Uni Shoe Mac pf	28	28	28	28
U S Smelting	41¼	41¼	40	41⅛
U S Smelting pf	49½	49¾	49¼	49¾
U S Steel	64½	66¾	64¼	66¾
U S Steel pf	108	108¼	107½	108¼
Utah Cons	10	10¼	10	10¼
Utah Copper	58⅝	58⅝	58	58
Victoria	2	2	2	2
W H McElwain	107	107	107	107
Wolverine	70	70	69½	69½
Wyandot	1¼	1¼	1	1

*Ex-dividend †Assessment paid

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Am Agri Chem 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
Am Tel & Tel 4s	89	89	89
Atl Gulf & W I 5s	63	63	63
Mass Gas 4½s	96	96	96
N H con 6s	124⅛	124	124
Shannon & Ariz 6s	95	95	95
Western Tel 5s	99⅝	99½	99⅝

THE LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

		Advance
Consols money	75	*¼
do account	75⅛	*⅛
Anaconda	38⅝	*⅝
Atchison	104⅞	⅞
Canadian Pacific	236⅜	1
St. Paul	111½	⅝
Erie	34½	¼
Illinois Central	126½	1½
Louisville & Nashville	141½	½
New York Central	110	1
Pennsylvania	120⅝	½
Reading	167¼	¾
Southern Pacific	102⅝	¼
United States Steel	67⅝	*¼
do pf	107⅝	¼
Exchange	4.84½	

Money 3½@4½, short bills 4⅛, three months 4¾.

*Decline.

LOCAL MONEY MARKET

The local money market remains very firm. There is an absolute scarcity of funds in Boston. It is not so much a question of rates as it is of supply. The general rate for call money is 8 per cent.

New York funds sold at the clearing house today at par.

Exchanges and balance compare as follows:

	1912.	1911.
Exchanges	$28,360,289	$32,877,221
Balances	1,691,322	1,884,508

The United States sub-treasury was a debtor at the clearing house to the extent of $245,690.

YULETIDE TREES SUBJECT

How Yuletide trees came to be used, and their significance was told to the members of the Woman's Club of the Park street church by Mrs. Justus Trant of New Britain, Conn., last evening.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY ENJOYING PERIOD OF MARKED ACTIVITY

Newest Substitute for Silk Comes From Marine Depths and Is of Good Commercial Value

LINENS ARE HIGH

With the advent of the holiday season general activity is the rule throughout the textile industry and the demand for all lines of merchandise is generally good. The call for staple cottons, knit goods, carpets and rugs is extraordinary and prices are high and well established.

Much activity is noted in the silk market, especially in novelty weaves and the trade is much interested in a new silk substitute manufactured from a marine product, which, it is stated, will in time replace the silkworm. The newest silk substitute is called "sea silk," and is said to have as much commercial value as other artificial silk products now on the market. It is obtained from certain marine mollusks which are found in profusion on the coasts of Calabria and Sicily. These mollusks are generally found attached to the rocks by means of stout threads. When harvested the mollusks are combed subjected to other processes. Three parts of the material will give about one part of a fiber that has a golden luster. It is generally found in varying lengths from 1¾ to 3¼ inches.

Prices in linens are now 10 to 15 per cent higher than they were during July and still continue to move upward. Manufacturers are making every effort to turn out imitations of these goods. Seven-ounce Osnaburgs have been taken and piece dyed to represent ramie linens. However, the American women prefer to pay the difference which enables them to secure the genuine article. Little business on dress fabrics will be added to what has already been booked until the first of the year, since linen manufacturers have disposed of the ramie linens to the extent that several lines have been withdrawn from sale.

Reports from flax centers abroad show that there is little chance of prices ever going back to the former low level. Although on the subject of linens it is interesting to note that it is not Ireland nor Belgium, but Russia which is the largest producer of linen in the world, exporting annually fiber to the value of $40,000,000, and contributing in fact 75 per cent to 80 per cent of the entire amount of flax fiber required by the European linen industries. The movement of wools is fairly active but sales continue to be small.

Returns of the cotton export trade during the nine months ended with September of the current year, compiled by the British Board of Trade, show the following changes, now available. In the nine months the exports were as follows:

	1912	Increase
Germany	£14,008,000	£1,216,000
Belgium	2,797,000	470,000
France	11,137,000	1,267,000
United Kingdom	77,398,000	1,600,000

Waste and yarns are excluded from these figures.

The export of stockings and socks from Germany is still below what it was some years ago, before the imposition of the American Payne tariff. The principal German increases are in lace and embroidery. The cotton industry of France appears to have recovered from the depression of the last few years.

In the seven months ended July, Italian exports were £3,486,000, as compared with £4,164,000 in 1911, a decrease of £678,000.

COMMERCE GRAIN BOARD TO FORM

Organization of the grain board of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will be advanced by the election of officers and a committee on organization at the meeting of the executive committee in the chamber today. A chairman and vice-chairman will be elected. James A. McKibben, secretary of the chamber, is secretary of the board by the rules of the chamber. It is probable that committees will be selected to take over the control of the floor of the traderoom and the general welfare of the grain trade.

AUSTRALIA AGAINST TRUSTS
(By the United Press)

MELBOURNE, Vic—A bill aiming at giving the government of the commonwealth power to regulate trusts and monopolies was passed today in the Australian house of representatives by 41 to 26.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON COMING

Mayor Fitzgerald received a communication today from Sir Thomas Lipton informing him that Sir Thomas would visit Boston Saturday or Monday and call on the mayor. As the mayor will be in Buffalo at that time he has asked Sir Thomas to postpone the visit until Tuesday.

ADVERTISING IS DISCUSSED

W. Y. Dennison addressed about 75 members of the Pilgrim Publicity Association at a luncheon this noon at the American house. He discussed advertising and salesmanship as helps in business.

NEW YORK BONDS

Following are the transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	High	Low	Last
Am T & T col	89	89	89
Armour 4½s	91¼	91¼	91¼
Atchison gen 4s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
Atch cv 4s 1960	102½	102	102⅛
Atchison cv 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
Atlantic C L & N col 4	91½	91½	91½
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
Brooklyn 4s	88	88	88
Central Leather 5s	82½	82¼	82½
Ches & Ohio cv	92⅝	92½	92½
G B & W deb B	13½	13½	13½
Interboro Met 4½s	79	78⅞	78⅞
Japan 4½s	91	91	91
Kansas Southern 3s	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
N Y N H & H 4s	124⅛	124⅛	124⅛
NYRy 4s	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛
NY Ry 5s	53¼	52	53¼
N Y City 4¼s	100	100	100
N Y City 4½s	104	104	104
N Y 4s 1957	96	96	96
N Y City 4s 1953	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
N YCity 1859	96¼	96¼	96¼
Norfolk & Western cv	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜
Penn cv	96½	96½	66½
Reading gen 4s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
Rock Island 4s	64⅝	64½

Latest Market Reports :-: Investment News

BETWEEN-SEASON PERIOD IN SHOES MAKES FOR QUIETUDE

Shoe & Leather Association Working Hard to Retain Import Duty on Footwear—All Shoe Factories Busy With Some Declining Orders—Leather in Demand

There is a quiet undertone to the shoe market incident to the closing of the affairs of one year and the opening of those of another. Mail orders for early shipments are averaging small, and what activity there is to the December business may be credited to the men now on the road.

The major portion of those selling the wholesale trade are still away and the few who have returned report a satisfactory trip with future prospects excellent.

Prices were subject to contentions which made the business end of the trip difficult, and not for many seasons has the experience in handling customers been so advantageous to the salesmen as this one, featured as it has been by the new combinations formulated to meet the demands of the buyers which are conspicuous in the sample orders thus far received.

There is an element of caution underlying the optimistic attitude of the entire shoe trade, attributable to the uncertainty of what the dominant political party may do, as changes, whether good or otherwise, have their effects, particularly on a business which is being done on the small margin of profits as is that of boots and shoes.

The New England Shoe & Leather Association is in constant communication with its friends in Washington and is tireless in its endeavors to prevent the nullification of the present small import duty on footwear. It is this doubt of the ability of those in sympathy with this great industry to bring about a satisfactory termination which is causing more or less unrest in the shoe trade.

Aside from this disturbing contingency the business of 1913 gives evidence of signal success, commerce is universally good and hardly a cloud is on the mercantile horizon.

All shoe factories are busy, not a few running up to capacity, and some declining business from new houses.

Makers of high grade shoes report business holding well; the advance has not substantially affected the volume of business of this line as the class it is intended for are willing to pay for quality. However, the wholesalers handling it have substituted a lower grade to a considerable extent. This fact brought additional business to the medium priced lines and partly accounts for the excellent run which such factories are now having.

The better grades of working men's shoes cut from elk, chrome sides and heavy calf are leading all men"s footwear in point of activity, and considering that the increased cost shows a higher percentage than any of the others is significant of the fact that the consumers have learned the value of reliable goods.

The cheaper lines cut largely from splits are fully as busy, the difficulty in getting stock promptly being its chief detering factor.

The prices for boys' and youths' shoes have reached figures which have checked operating for future needs and the road men are doing little beyond a sample business and goods for present use. However, the factories are running to capacity on back orders.

Manufacturers of ladies' footwear report conditions satisfactory. The men in the field are doing well sending in case orders along with those for samples. A salesman securing an order for 36,000 pairs made a hurried return home so that the factory buyer might be better informed in regard to getting stock to cover the same. This fact illustrates the generally good conditions now prevailing. Barring adverse circumstances a busy season is expected.

Misses' and children's shoes are having a steady trade, the receipt of orders up to Dec. 1 being a little in excess of the output. Although new business had fallen off some of late a reserve is held sufficient to run the factories full.

Leather sales have not been conspicuous for their size or number the past week, yet fully up to former December buying. Operators are difficult to persuade into dealings beyond actual needs and are not tempted by offers of January dating to any extent.

A moderate but steady business was reported by hemlock sole leather dealers. Receipts are not large, therefore the warehouse surplus shows no gain. The cable business improved some, one tanner receiving orders for 18,000 sides.

Union backs felt the effect of the sole cutters strike, but it was not noticed in the shipments, and gave the tanners a chance to gain on promised deliveries. The strength of this market is unremitting, therefore top prices rule.

Oak sole leather is sold ahead of the output, receipts are applied to orders, so it is almost useless to expect to find anything in stock.

Black calf skins continue slow of sale, yet the price is held firmly, dealers looking for an improvement after Jan. 1. Colors sell freely, the business in this finish having kept up remarkably well. Some of the reputable grades are ordered ahead.

Chrome side leather is active and dealers are considerably behind in deliveries. The demand for tans is particularly good, and is expected to increase when the business for 1913 gets under way. The improved tannage of this leather has made it a prime substitute for the high-priced calf which became too expensive to use when applied to heavy serviceable shoes. This is much appreciated, as but a few years back there was nothing between calf and buff leather to be had, and buff leather is now obsolete, as are other finishes once popular.

The split leather market is very strong. The production is below the demand, and no immediate increase is probable. Statements of the dealers show all grades of stock short; therefore, urging deliveries avails but little.

Japanners report that the call for patent side leather has improved, some claiming a surplus of business over the present output. The lighter weights sell freely, and make up the larger part of the demand. Patent colt is active, orders for ladies' patent calf shoes have gone beyond expectations, so manufacturers are short, which gives the finishing shops plenty to do.

Glazed kid occupies the same relation regarding light weight upper leather as does chrome side leather to heavy shoe stock. As the cost is the primary object of the factory buyers, the demand for medium to low grades of kid is large, and has run such stocks low. Whether this improvement in the business will extend to the finer lines of kid is a question, as the price of those skins approach closely to the popular varieties of calf, which at present have the preference over kid.

An upward trend is predicted for kid, owing to the advance in goat skins. Dealers view this report as likely to damage the revival of the kid business, for, as a matter of fact, the present activity is largely due to the opportunity the trade now has to obtain good stock at reasonable values, which a rise in prices would practically annul.

DIVIDENDS

The Nipe Bay Company has declared a dividend of 1 per cent on the preferred stock, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Dec. 24.

The British Columbia Copper Company, Ltd., has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Jan. 2.

The Louisville Traction Company has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on its common stock, payable Jan. 1. Books close Dec. 10 and reopen Dec. 17.

The Ames Holden, McCready, Ltd., has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 20.

The directors of the State Street Trust Company of Boston have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent a share, payable Jan. 1to stock of record Dec. 23.

The directors of the Boston Wharf Company of Boston have declared a regular semi-annual dividend of $2.25 a share, payable Dec. 31 to stockholders of record Dec. 16.

The Sherwin-Williams Company of Canada has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Jan. 1 to holders of record Dec. 15.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Dec. 10)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Baltimore, Md.—Wm. McDonough of Baltimore Bargain House; Adams.
Chicago, Ill.—W. H. Rood of Groves & Rood; U. S.
Covington, Ky.—L. Leverman; Essex.
Dallas, Tex.—B. Aranoff of Dallas Jobbing House.
Havana, Cuba—J. M. Otero of Fernandex Valdes & Co.; U. S.
Havana, Cuba—F. E. Pons and F. P. Bogen; Lenox.
Los Angeles, Cal.—William Sandler of Golden States Shoe Co.; Essex.
Philadelphia, Pa.—P. Barnet of Barnet Shoe Co.; U. S.
Pittsburgh, Pa.—A. M. Bribro of K. Solomon; Essex.
Plattsburg, N. Y.—F. C. McDougall and E. G. Moore of E. G. Moore & Co.; Adams
Portland, Ore.—O. E. Krause; U. S.
Rome, Ga.—A. S. Burney; U. S.

LEATHER BUYERS

Davenport, Ia.—I. L. Vandersllce of The Star Shoe Co.; U. S.
Milwaukee, Wis.—A. H. Weinbrenner and Thomas Scholls of Weinbrenner & Co.; Essex.

BOND PARAGRAPHS

The city of Lynn, Mass., has awarded $174,500 4 per cent serial bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1912, to R. L. Day & Co. at 100.159. Other bids were N. W. Harris & Co., 100.124; Estabrook & Co., 100.04.

New Bedford, Mass., will receive bids until Dec. 11 at 7.45 p. m., for the purchase of $45,000 4 per cent municipal bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1912, and payable 1913 to 1922, inclusive.

Pawtucket, R. I., will receive bids until 12 o'clock Dec. 17 for a total of $350,000 bonds issued for various purposes, all dated Dec. 1, 1912, and payable at various dates.

Stone & Webster of Boston are offering a new issue of $800,000 Eastern Texas Electric Company first mortgage collateral trust 5 per cent bonds due Nov. 1, 1942, at 94 and interest, to yield 5.40 per cent.

INTERVIEW WITH R. R. OFFICIAL TELLS HOW WEST IS FLOURISHING

Crops of Various Kinds Are Big and Canal Opening Is Expected to Prove a Boon Says Mr. McCormick

THE EXPOSITION

E. O. McCormick, vice-president of the Southern Pacific company, in a recent interview, said that business conditions throughout the West were sound; that the outturn of crops had been very large and up to considerably more than the average year, and that a generally good feeling existed on the part of business interests throughout the entire West and especially on the Pacific coast. In California, he said, great preparations were now being made for the Panama exposition, which is to be held in 1915 and that everything would be in readiness for the opening of the exposition on the scheduled date.

Mr. McCormick said that the movement of business over the lines of the Southern Pacific company was heavy, as had been the case for some time past and that he looked forward to an excellent business for the company for a long time to come. He said that the greatest difficulty with which the company had had to contend has been in the return of its empty cars. The management is now cooperating with other lines in an endeavor to obtain a more prompt return of cars in order that any serious car shortage may be overcome.

Mr. McCormick said: "In the West, generally good conditions prevail, the crops are moving freely and money is pouring into that territory as the result. Freight traffic has been increasing very heavily and everything points to a continuance of this large movement. Passenger traffic is considerably ahead of last year and it is confidently expected that improvement will be shown with the general progress that is being made in that territory. In the principal cities and even in the smaller towns of the western states, building operations are being carried on at an unprecedently lively rate. Land sub-divisions, irrigation projects, reclamation projects, new business enterprises, municipal improvements, as well as public utilities, are all showing marked development and advancement in the western territory.

"In California, especially in the cities of San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sacramento and the valley towns, merchants express themselves as well pleased with the outlook. In Portland, as well as the entire state of Oregon, conditions are splendid, while in Arizona the crops and mining conditions have been fine, which has made business good and prospects bright for the future. In Nevada, conditions are extremely good. They have had a prosperous season with deciduous fruits. In California the prune crop has been harvested, and is well up to expectations and growers are holding their products for higher prices. Dried and canned fruits are moving freely and there has been a steady and increasing demand for all these Pacific coast products. A normal crop of raisins was also grown this year. The apple crop in the West, although not quite up to expectations, nor as heavy as was expected, is of good quality and is now moving freely to market. The olive crop is of finer quality than in many years. While there is a small shortage in this crop, its excellent quality more than makes up for the loss in this respect.

"It is estimated that the total movement of California oranges, lemons and grapefruit for the coming season will be about 55,000 cars. The first shipment of the navel oranges this year was made from Rocklin, Cal., on Oct. 23. Each car carries approximately 400 boxes, with an average of over 100 oranges per box. It may be figured roughly that this means about 24 oranges to each person in the United States. California will also have the largest crop of almonds ever harvested in that state.

"The output of sugar beets this year in California has been most satisfactory and the percentage of sugar contained is as good as last year and in some territory very much better. Farmers in Nevada have also realized most satisfactory returns from their crop of sugar beets this year. In many instances growers have netted as high as $100 per acre from this crop.

"Live stock conditions throughout the entire West are exceptionally good and the outlook is favorable, while there has been a remarkable improvement in the lumber industry, with bright prospects for the future. Shipments of fuel oil continue heavy and are increasing in each month. The mining industry in California and Oregon for some little time past has shown a tendency toward improvement and shipments of mining products are increasing.

"In San Francisco large amounts of money are being expended in various improvements in anticipation of the exposition which is to be held in 1915. This, together with the civic center plans, the harbor plans, the tunnel project, and the state highway plans, are a source of congratulation to the people there and will add much to the attractiveness of the city for the occasion of holding the exposition. The amount of money that has been set aside for the improvement of the state highways may be roughly placed at $20,000,000.

"It is expected that the opening up of the Panama canal will prove of great importance to not only the Southern Pacific, but to all the large railroad systems that touch the Pacific coast territory. All the railroads are now making preparations to care for this additional business, which, it is expected, will result in marked development of the entire Pacific coast territory."

PRESIDENT FORDYCE OF HOUSTON OIL CO. ISSUES STATEMENT

NEW YORK—S. D. Fordyce, president of Houston Oil Company, has sent to the stockholders a statement of the year's operations and a balance sheet. In the letter he reviews the recent readjustment of the company's finances and then gives the estimated surplus of yellow pine timber, after fulfilling the Kirby Lumber Company contract at 372,931,558 feet, valued at $5 per 1000 feet, $1,864,657; timber land owned in fee, 801,696.07 acres at $5.25 per acre, $4,212,462; hardwoods not included in stumpage contract, 510,081,000 feet of hardwood at $2.50 per 1000 feet, $1,275,202; 2,347,306 ties at 10c. each $234,730, making a total of $30,679,465, including over $22,000,000 to be received under the Kirby Lumber contract until 1925. Other assets mentioned include investments in oil and other properties, valued by the directors at $808,400. Among these are: Corsicana Oil field interests, Higgins Oil & Fuel Company stock, 11,335 shares, valued at $40 per share, $453,400; 3052 shares of stock of the Southwestern Oil Company, valued at $5000 and 51 per cent interest in 14,757.26 acres of the Sabine Pass property.

Discussing the development work on the property, President Fordyce says:

"The practical field men in the company's employ have already designated five or six points where oil indications are found, which justify the expenditure of the funds necessa to a thorough emploitation of the oil possibilities. Two wells are now in course of boring and a third will be started in the immediate future.

"Plans have been formulated for clearing a tract of cut-over lands, upon which a demonstration farm will attract attention to the fertility of these lands and facilitate their rapid sale for agricultural purposes. An organization for placing these lands on the market and securing a desirable class of settlers will be perfected as rapidly as possible."

WESTINGHOUSE GROSS AT RECORD POINT, BUT NET TO BE CUT DOWN

Gross sales of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company for the last three months have been running at record figures. The monthly average has been $3,500,000, or at the rate of $42,000,000 per annum. This is $4,000,000 more business than the company ever handled in the very best year in its history—1911—when the gross overturn was $38,119,312. It is also about $8,000,000, or 23 per cent, more than the total sales of $34,196,446 billed in the 12 months to March 31, 1912.

Westinghouse Electric has now completed the first eight months of its fiscal year and by Dec. 31 will have entered the final quarter. Although the earlier months saw a gross running at a somewhat lower rate than the $42,000,000 which has prevailed in the last three months, there is every reason to expect that the full year will see at least $40,000,000 of goods billed out, particularly as new orders taken have shown a larger increase than the orders shipped out. In other words shipments for eight months this year are between 12 and 15 per cent ahead of the same period last year. The increase in orders taken in has been even greater.

Probably not so much can be said for net as for gross, for the reason that prices have ruled rather lower than for the corresponding period of last year, notwithstanding a considerable increase in cost of materials. It would not be surprising, therefore, if the full year showed that most of the very satisfactory gain in gross had been consumed in meeting higher cost of production and a slightly lower average of selling price.

And this in turn is bound to have its effect upon the policy directors follow in making any further increase during the 1913 year in the common dividend rate above the present 4 per cent.

WILL PAY OFF BONDS

The Continental mills of Lewiston, Me., will pay off through the International Trust Company, Boston, the total amount of bonds outstanding at the present time, namely, $300,000, due Jan. 1, 1913. This has been arranged through the sinking fund and does not increase the debt of the company.

NO EXTRA HOLIDAYS

Members of the New York cotton exchange have voted not to make Dec. 24 and 26 holidays.

RECOVERY IN NEW YORK CENTRAL EARNINGS PROMISES TO BE BIG

No Great Concern Felt Over Falling Off on Net For Ten Months — Equipment at Best

HEAVIER RAILS

The power of the New York Central to recover in the subject of earnings toward the close of the calendar year is proverbial, says the Wall Street Journal, and promises to be even more conspicuous this year than usual. For that reason, and also for certain reasons to be found in the causes behind the high operating expenses this year, the management feels no great concern over the falling off of $1,267,000 in net earnings in 10 months, in the face of somewhat higher fixed charges.

In only one month of this year, April, have the gross earnings of the New York Central failed to show an increase over the corresponding month of last year, and for the other nine months thus far reported the gains have varied from 3 per cent to 11 per cent. In six out of the 10 months net earnings have decreased and at the end of October, despite the advance of $405,000, or almost 20 per cent, in that month alone, the net earnings after taxes for the year 1912 were still more than a million behind the same portion of 1911.

This means that operating expenses and taxes have increased so far this year by more than $5,300,000, since gross revenues of the 10 months were ahead by $4,162,000. The chief factors in the big increase in expenses, as derived from figures submitted to the interstate commerce commission, are the following: Maintenance of way increased $767,143, maintenance of equipment increased $2,010,088, transportation expenses increased $1,679,472, taxes increased $610,491; total $5,067,194.

Taxes are put in here merely for convenience, and that they may not be lost sight of. They are something that the management has practically no control over, and as a rule they rise in response to increased investment much more promptly than earnings do.

It is obvious that maintenance expenditures have played a large part in bringing about the loss of net earnings that the Central shows in the figures thus far reported. Maintenance of equipment alone called for half the gain in gross, and a fourth again as much as the increase in transportation expenses consequent upon the heaviest season's business the road ever carried.

With the rising tide of traffic in October, outlay on maintenance eased off somewhat, although even then $450,000 out of $950,000 greater revenues went into the two property accounts. The figures for November and December are expected to show a still further recession of the maintenance expenditures toward what may be called a normal level, not only because of the pressure to move the tonnage, but also because of what the summer's expenditures have accomplished. President Brown remarked the other day that the Central had never gone into the winter with its equipment in as good shape as this year.

The Central's management is adopting, as opportunities present themselves, standards of maintenance which look to the ultimate reduction of upkeep expenses, without regard to their immediate effect. An instance is the use of process ties, which is responsible for much of the higher cost of maintenance of way this year.

The benefit of this higher expenditure will not be realized for approximately seven years, the usual life of the ordinary ties. The process ties last from 15 to 20 years. As far as these new ties themselves are concerned, their cost is enormously greater, but they not only last from two to three times as long, but they save the great labor cost of at least one whole replacement.

Another instance of higher standard is the fact that the Central's rails, for main line, are now rolled 105 pounds to the yard, instead of 100 pounds. The extra 5 per cent of metal has been put on along the bottom of the "web," and the top of the base, a portion of the rail which the studies of Dr. Dudley, the Central's metallurgist, have shown to be more susceptible to causes of fracture than the remainder of the rail section. This added metal, together with constantly improving methods of inspection at the mill, is relied upon to reduce rail troubles substantially.

COPPER METAL SITUATION

Henry R. Merton & Co. of London cable the Boston News Bureau as follows:

"We consider producers' statistics excellent. European stocks decreased during November 4085 tons (9,150,400 pounds). The world's stock therefore remains unchanged, notwithstanding the extreme reserve shown by consumers.

"We believe stocks in manufacturers' hands entirely depleted."

BUFFALO GENERAL ELECTRIC

The Buffalo General Electric Company reports the following statement of its financial operations for the 10 months ended Oct. 31 last:

	1912	Increase
Oper rev	$1,081,338	$111,602
Net earnings	440,912	42,705
Surp after charges	306,287	33,643

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS
(Established 1888)
Members Boston, New York, Chicago Stock Exchanges
Commission orders executed in all markets.
We reach by wire every important city in country.
60 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON
New York Chicago Detroit Providence

SPEYER TRACTION INTERESTS TAKE OVER TWOPENNY TUBE

Many Rumors of a Deal but Latest Developments Come Somewhat Unexpectedly—Hints of Monopoly of London Traffic

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The city was not altogether surprised at the latest development of traffic matter in London, for there had been many rumors as to an impending "deal." But the announcement that the Central London railway (known in its early days as the twopenny tube) and the City & South London railway were being taken over by the Speyer group of traction interests "gives furiously to think."

In the first place, a great traffic monopoly appears to be near its consummation. The London Electric Railways and its allied concerns now embrace all the underground lines except the old Metropolitan railway, and the two modern tubes, Great Northern & City and Waterloo & City; it has taken over the London General Omnibus Company, and so controls nearly all the buses; and it also holds in its wide embrace all the tramways except those run by the London county council. This unification and combination take the place of cut-throat competition, and a well ordered monopoly comes to supplant a disorderly chaos of conflicting interests.

Of course there are advantages and disadvantages. If monopoly may mean a harmonious consideration of all the interests concerned, and a resulting policy of justice to the public as well as dividends to the shareholders, all will benefit. On the other hand a purely selfish policy would bring grave disadvantages to the public, which would, however, probably be found strong enough to stand up for its own interests, and force in some way a revision of fares. We do not, however, contemplate any such happenings. Parliamentary regulations will probably be found sufficient, if need be, to curb undue greed, but in any case we believe the Speyer group to be sufficiently enlightened to understand that the public interests and their own are not divorced, but one.

Apart from this, the advantages of unification of management are at once apparent. As a matter of fact, nothing is more noticeable, even now with several independent systems, than the present spirit of harmony and readiness to recognize each other's existence, as compared with the aloofness and jealousy with which some years ago London's various means of transit regarded each other. Twenty-six years ago, when the present writer first came to London, the only public means of transit in the internal area, were the two old underground railways—the Metropolitan and the Metropolitan District—and the old lumbering horse buses. The former were unpleasant, sulphurous, subterranean passages and the latter were veritable slow coaches, straw on floor, door at back, a perpendicular ladder for roof access. The two railways fought like cat and dog; together they formed the "inner circle," and at their two points of contiguity their rival ticket offices gesticulated with printed fingers of indication, and clamored with emphatic statements as to the route which the hesitating passenger would the more wisely pursue.

Gone are these rivalries, and gone are the smoke and steam in which they were bred. In 1890 the first electric railway—the City and South London—was born. This, the first of many tubes, was built of too small a diameter to provide a comfortably ventilated atmosphere (it is now proposed to widen the tube throughout so as to allow access to and from the Hampstead and Highgate line). The, too, it led to an unfashionable district, and Londoners generally knew it not. Later came the Waterloo & City Railway—merely to convey the suburban dwellers on the Southwestern line under the Thames to the city. But Londoners did not as a whole understand and appreciate what "tubes" were to do for them till the Central London was built (about 1900). In thick succession came the Baker street and Waterloo (a title portmanteaued by some genius into "Bakerloo," a word now officially adopted), the Hampstead and Charing Cross, the Finsbury Park, Piccadilly and Hammersmith, and the Great Northern and City. Meanwhile the District and the Metropolitan had dropped steam and adopted electricity, and had discarded the bone shaking pokey carriages of the worst English type, for the long open saloons of the American type.

As this transformation scene was progressing underground, the motor bus above ground was struggling into existence. Scorned at first by the lusty old-fashioned horse-driver as one of "them new-fangled stink pots," they gradually improved themselves under adversity, till the horse-bus was absolutely "out of it." A year ago the London General Omnibus Company sold the last of its few remaining horse buses. At the best the bus business was a precarious one in the horse days, especially when the swift tubes began to compete. But when the all-conquering motor lent its aid to the bus the tables were turned. The buses were speedy and frequent. The services were conspicuously numbered and well-organized. It was pleasanter to travel above ground than underground, and the fickle public began to forsake the tubes for the buses. Bus stock began to look up. The bus companies had their roads provided for them at the public expense—the tubes had to provide and repair their own roads. The competition was not fair, and when bus stock had gone to 300 (after being a few years before far below 100), the Speyer group bought it up, to work the service in with their tubes.

What will be the result financially of the present amalgamation? At present the tubes as a whole pay only meager dividends. The Central London has paid 3 per cent for the last three years; on the other hand the City and South London dividend has been a diminishing quantity, and last year was only at the rate of 1¾. The price of the former is 82 and the latter 39. Present Central London stockholders will get a guaranteed dividend of 4 per cent, which may be increased in certain circumstances, whilst the City and South London stockholders for each £100 of stock will get £40 preferred stock and £25 ordinary stock in the London Electric Railways.

On the other hand the buses have been paying 33 per cent on the capital employed. True, the yield on the capital spent by the "combine" in buying them up would be very much . If it were reduced to 10 per cent, it would seem that the increased facilities and enlarged turnover caused by combination should give handsome rewards to the enterprising group of capitalists whilst producing a better service to the publi

SHORT REVIEW OF BOND MARKET

PHILADELPHIA—Edward B. Smith & Co. say of the bond market:

"The comparative apathy of bond investors at this time is doubtless due to a feeling of uncertainty respecting the future of the bond market. It is pretty generally known that there are several hundred millions of securities, principally steam railroad obligations in the shape of bonds, notes and equipment trusts, that will have to be refunded this year.

"The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. has recently refunded maturing 4 per cent obligations on better than a 5 per cent basis, and the money actually cost the company 6 per cent. As this railroad has always enjoyed a high standard of credit, and does today, if this instance of new financing can be accepted as a criterion of what is to follow the explanation of the present attitude of investors in bonds is apparent.

"Some months ago high-grade railroad bonds began to decline in price, and these declines in some instances at the present time have amounted to several points. This is especially true of steam railroad issues.

"Any change in market conditions is usually indicated in the price of bonds first and followed later by a movement in the same direction in the stock market. Already, there is an improving demand for many bonds at present level, and this is particularly true of the high-grade public service issues. We feel that this demand will broaden out perceptibly within a reasonable time."

STEEL ORDERS INCREASE

The United States Steel Corporation in its monthly statement showed unfilled orders on its books as of Nov. 30, last, of 7,852,883 tons, compared with 7,594,381 tons on Oct. 31, an increase of 258,502 tons.

UNITED FRUIT DIVIDEND

The United Fruit Company has declared its regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record at close of business Dec. 24. Books will not close.

NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

TARIFF REFORM AIM IS EMPHASIZED BY UNIONIST LEADERS

Lord Lansdowne and Bonar Law Both Maintain That Much Disputed Plank Has a Front Place in Program

PARTY IS UNITED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—For the first time since the two great parties pledged to Unionism had set out to work together on a common basis the two leaders met at the same political gathering, the great Unionist meeting at the Albert hall, and as Lord Lansdowne and Bonar Law stepped on to the platform the enthusiasm reached its height.

Lord Lansdowne, who left the Liberal party twenty-five years ago at the time of the great secession on the home rule question, had naturally much to say on the subject, and he said it, but he had also something to say on the subject of tariff reform. What he said in this connection and on the subject which has always been so much associated with it, namely, the referendum, is of special interest at a moment when all questions are being subordinated to that of home rule.

Lord Lansdowne left no doubt in the minds of his hearers that tariff reform was still a living proposition with the Unionist party and that they had no intention of regulating it to the back pages of their program.

"We are convinced," he said, "that the soundest foundation for a closer union of the empire is to be found in the closer commercial relations of the empire. And that is why we have put on tariff reform. That is why we give tariff reform a foremost place in our policy. That is why we desire that it should keep that place. I insist upon that because I have seen it said that we are weakening on tariff reform, and that we want to side-track tariff reform."

There was a point arising out of tariff reform which he wanted to make quite clear to them, and that was the question of the referendum. At the time of the last general election Mr. Balfour had, in that building, given a pledge that before they brought in any measure of tariff reform the question should be submitted to a referendum. At that time they were putting forward the referendum as a way of settling difficulties between the two houses. The government had since found their own means of doing this and the position today was different. The Liberals had scouted the idea of a referendum—if they were returned to power at the next general election they would be bound by no such obligation, and he was there to say that neither would the Unionist party. It would not be a business proposition.

"If we win," said Lord Lansdowne, "we must come in free to raise taxation, which will be necessary to meet the enormous obligations which we shall inherit from the present government, liabilities which you will remember they invariably and grossly underestimate."

Bonar Law lost no time in making it clear that he was in complete agreement with Lord Lansdowne. He concurred with every word he said. Tariff reform had been described and truly, for years, as the Unionist's first constructive plank. It was a subject upon which he had made more speeches than upon any other. After speaking for some time, Bonar Law paid a generous tribute to Mr. Balfour "still the greatest parliamentary figure of his time," concluded his speech with a stirring affirmation of party unity.

"We are, in my opinion," he said, "more united at this moment than any political party has been at any time. And we are, in my belief, it is not merely the wish, it is my conviction, moving and moving rapidly to an inevitable victory."

TEMPERANCE MEASURE CALLED FOR IN ENGLAND

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A convention of the United Kingdom Alliance and the National Temperance Federation was held in Westminster recently to demand "the promised temperance measure in the session of 1913." The chair was taken by Leif Jones, M. P., president of the United Kingdom Alliance.

The gathering was representative of nearly every county in England and Wales, Scotland and Ireland also sending delegates. The deputation which it had been decided should wait on the prime minister would, said the president represent millions of the people of the country, and the demand it would present would be more than an inspiration it would be the formulation of a conviction.

It had been borne in upon the conscience of the country that the only way to break the liquor domination was to confront it with the power of the people themselves; to put the limitation, or if they would, the suppression of that trade in their own hands. The repeated assurances on the part of the government that temperance legislation would have a place in their program, made it a matter of honor and interest that their pledge should be carried out.

TASMANIAN FISH MAY BE SALMON

(Special to the Monitor)

HOBART, Tas., Aus.—At various times in bygone years salmon fry have been hatched at Hobart from ova obtained from England, America and New Zealand, and liberated in the Derwent and other rivers, but none have ever returned. During the last few years, however, it has been reported that the Pieman river (west coast) and its contributaries were full of large fish which might be salmon, and the fisheries commissioners have recently instituted inquiries which have proved beyond doubt that there are large fish which annually go up the Pieman river to near the headquarters of the tributaries of the Wilson, Huskisson, Murchison and Mackintosh rivers.

These fish leap like salmon, and they also exist in the Big Henty and Gordon rivers. It has been proved that one fish caught in the Pieman weighed 35 pounds, whilst other fish seen have been estimated to weigh from 50 to 60 pounds in weight. Now that attention has been called to the subject, and also that the Pieman can be reached by rail from Zeehan in an hour, the identity of the fish will probably be inquired into during the coming summer.

SOCIALISTS WIN ALTONA ELECTION

(Special to the Monitor)

ALTONA, Schleswig-Holstein—The municipal elections in Altona have resulted in a sweeping victory for the Socialists. There were five vacancies in the town, and for all five Socialist candidates were put forward. The result in each case was a large majority for the people's candidates. This result is all the more remarkable for the fact that in Germany municipalities can restrict or extend their franchise, and that the Conservatives have taken advantage of this to make it as difficult as possible for a Socialist to be elected to the municipal board.

MARINE OIL ENGINES ORDERED

(Special to the Monitor)

GREENOCK, Scotland—The admiralty has placed contracts for two sets of marine oil engines with Clyde firms. Scott's Shipbuilding Company of Greenock already have on hand machinery of this type for the submarine which they are constructing, but the contract they have now received is the first for oil engines for an ordinary sea-going vessel. To the Fairfield Shipbuilding Company of Glasgow, who are to supply Nurnberg-Diesel machinery for the Deveonport oil tank vessel, the work will be entirely new. These two firms bring the total of Clyde firms constructing marine oil engines up to five.

ITALIAN COLONIAL MINISTER FOR TRIPOLI AND CYRENAICA

(Special to the Monitor)

ROME, Italy—The first Italian colonial minister has been appointed. According to the royal decree published recently, Signor Bertolini, who was formerly minister for public works and was one of the delegates at the peace negotiations held in Switzerland, is the first minister appointed to that office. The creation of the post has been necessitated by the recent war between Italy and Turkey, and as soon as practical Signor Bertolini will take over the administration of Tripoli and Cyrenaica from the ministers of war and marine.

OFFER OF PARK AT CHARLTON IS MADE TO LONDON

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—At a recent meeting of the London county council, at which Lord Cheylesmore presided, it was announced that Sir Spencer Maryon-Wilson had offered a quantity of land at Charlton to be used as a public park. The question was referred to the parks and open spaces committee for consideration and report.

Sir Spencer Maryon-Wilson himself lives at Charlton, which is close to Woolwich, and it is needless to point out that should Sir Spencer's gift be accepted it would be much appreciated by the large numbers of men and women employed not only in the great arsenal at Woolwich, but at the numerous private factories which abound on the banks of the Thames in that neighborhood.

ADELAIDE WOOL BIDDING SPIRITED

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, S. Aus.—The second of this season's series of wool sales was held in Adelaide early in October. There was a large attendance of buyers and the market proved very firm, the bidding being spirited throughout.

Most of the wool was in excellent condition and of fine quality, a feature being that there was apparently less yolk and sand, especially in the clips from the back country, than has been the case for some time. A total of 18,183 bales were offered, and of these 17,538 bales were sold.

Continental buyers secured most of the wool, French operators being much more in evidence than on the occasion of the opening sale. The highest price for greasy merino—12½d.; as compared with 11½d. at the initial sale in September, was obtained for 26 bales of AA combing wethers and five bales of AA combing ewe hoggets wool, which formed portion of a clip from the River Murray.

COAL FOUND IN CONGO STATE

(Special to the Monitor)

BRUSSELS, Belgium—According to reports which have appeared in the Belgian newspapers, extensive coal deposits have been discovered in the Katanga district, in the south of the Congo State, on the banks of the Lukuga. The seams are said to be of considerable thickness, with outcropping from the surface.



(Copyright by Exclusive News Agency)
SIGNOR BERTOLINI
First minister appointed to new office necessitated by war

FOREIGNERS MARK CHINESE RAILWAY

(Special to the Monitor)

CHANG-SHA-FU, Hunan—Work has been resumed on the Hunan section of the Canton-Hankow railway and survey parties of foreign engineers are at work. The interruption in the work of construction, which has been a very lengthy one, was due to the revolution.

A meeting of the native shareholders was held receatly at which the superintendent from Wuchang explained that in previous provincial railway construction there had been a great waste of money, and that in the Canton-Hankow railway foreign engineers and foreign money must be employed. This announcement was heartily indorsed by the Tutu, who presided, and the shareholders.

DISORDER OCCURS IN N. S. W. HOUSE

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aus.—Considerable disorder occurred in the legislative Assembly owing to the speaker, the Hon. H. Willis, naming J. Perry for returning to the Chamber in defiance of a previous order for his removal.

A motion was passed by the House finding Mr. Perry guilty of contempt. The motion, however, was opposed by several ministerialists. A motion put forward by the premier, that Mr. Perry should be suspended for a week, produced great excitement, and several members were peremptorily removed. Finally the House adjourned without concluding the debate.

POLISH EXPANSION OPPOSED

Denationalization Scheme Rebounds on Germans Who Form Society and Ask Help From Government

(Special to the Monitor)

DUSSELDORF, Germany—The formation, under the title of the German Society of the Western Marches, of an organization with the exclusive purpose of bringing before the authorities in Berlin the necessity of combating and resisting Polish expansion, is the outcome of an experiment in denationalizati a embarked on by the German government a few years ago.

The reason for the experiment lay in the promotion of national strength and unity, and the means adopted to insure this end was the Germanization of non-Teutonic races by suppressing their language, altering the Slavonic and Lithuanian names to a German form, and the removal of families and communities from one province to another.

The results have been, specially in the case of the Poles, the antithesis of what was expected. In Westphalia they have not only preserved their characteristics and language, but through their superior abilities and mechanical skill they are taking the place of the native Germans in the workshops. In Dusseldorf and in Essen they have a firm footing, and are employed in some of the tasks requiring the highest efficiency. Their linguistic powers have made them contemptuous of the enforced German education which they imbibe without in any way losing their native culture and conversation.

The situation has grown so acute that the Germans of the district are reproaching the government for having so overlooked their interests as to plant in their midst, a body of immigrants who, far from merging into German life and civilization, are gradually widening their own sphere of influence and usefulness. These complaints have taken concrete shape in the formation of the Society of the Western Marches with a membership of over 50,000 and a subscribed capital of about £50,000.

RAILWAY BRIDGE OVER GANGES OPEN

(Special to the Monitor)

ALLAHABAD, India—The Bengal and North-Western railway's new bridge over the Ganges at Jhusi was opened recently by Sir James Meston, lieutenant-governor of the United Provinces. It is 6380 feet in length, has taken three years to complete, and has cost about Rs. 4,000,000 (£266,667). It had been hoped to construct a combined road and railway bridge, but the idea had to be abandoned owing to the prohibitive cost, and the bridge which has just been opened carries no roadway. Had it proved possible to arrange for the latter the one important break in the Grand Trunk road would have been eliminated.

EXPORT OF N. S. W. COAL INCREASING

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aus.—The quantity of coal sent from the state's coal mines at Newcastle, N. S. W., to other states and countries so far this year shows an increase of 25 per cent, as compared with the amount sent for the first nine months of last year.

The increases are particularly noticeable in the supplies sent to other states and Chile, Sandwich Islands, Java and the Argentine. The Philippine islands and Straits Settlements received less coal this year from Newcastle, and the Japanese have probably gained the trade lost by New South Wales in these two places.

NAVAL DEFENSE OF SOUTH AFRICA NOW IS PRESSING TOPIC

(Special to the Monitor)

CAPE TOWN, S. Africa—The question of the formation of a South African navy has been gradually nearing the field of practical politics. Public references to the matter have been scant and guarded, and the question has been considered more or less entirely from the point of view of the defense of the country rather from that of imperial obligation.

In August the first ministerial pronouncement on the subject was made by General Botha at Frederikstad, when he declared that the 90,000,000 sterling which represented South African sea-borne trade must be protected, and that the union must be willing and ready to take an adequate share in that protection.

Subsequent references by other ministers proved the significance of General Botha's remarks, and the Kolkstem, formerly an advocate of the neutrality of the union in the case of an imperial war, changed its policy to one in favor of "the principle of a South African navy." The last ministerial allusion was that of Mr. Smuts who, at Pretoria recently, stated that a contribution of ships rather than money would be preferred.

It is now rumored that a scheme will shortly be discussed in ministerial circles by which six vessels should be built and stationed in South African waters, the ships being, for the time being, manned by the admiralty. Whether this scheme will mature into a definite national policy must depend, at present, on the reception accorded by public opinion to the including of naval defense in the ministerial program.

SILVER-LEAD MINE OUTPUT GREATER

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aus.—The annual report of the New South Wales department for mines, shows that the output of the silver-lead mines of New South Wales last year was valued at £4,067,528, being an increase of £667,854 on that of the previous year.

A notable event in this branch of mining was the resumption in February of underground work at the Broken Hill proprietary mine, where operations had been suspended during the whole of the previous year. The year 1911 was free from any industrial strife at Broken Hill, and this was an important factor in the gratifying increase disclosed by the returns from the field.

JAPAN'S NAVY REVIEWED

(Special to the Monitor)

TOKIO, Japan—The Japanese naval maneuvers having lasted three weeks, were brought to a close with a grand review of the fleet by the Emperor in Yokohama bay. It was the largest assemblage of Japanese warships ever brought together, about 200 vessels drawn up in line.

ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGNERS BEING DEBATED BY NATIONS

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—An international congress is now sitting in Paris for the purpose of determining some international plan for giving assistance to foreigners abroad. The idea is attracting much interest, and delegates from most of the important governments are attending the congress which has been formally opened by M. Steeg, minister of the interior, who welcomed the visitors on behalf of the French government.

The minister, in an able speech, said that they had met to consider a work of the greatest importance, and one which would add a new chapter to international law. They needed to exercise the most careful consideration and the most expert methods, for they had in view the most generous work in the interest of humanity that could possibly be undertaken. They were not seeking, he said, by a system of public assistance to foreigners to break the ties which still united a man to his country, but to establish between nations a fixed basis of help, the unquestionable equity of which could only command universal approval and assent.

The Swiss minister in Paris, M. Lardy, who is the doyen of the delegates attending the congress, outlined in his reply to M. Steeg's speech of welcome, the various questions to be dealt with at the congress. He said that on the grounds of humanity every one was surely agreed, but unfortunately when everybody was agreed in principle that was usually, as had been aptly expressed, the exact moment where there was no agreement with regard to action, and behind the humanitarian principle of assistance to foreigners, upon which all were in accord, there was the more prosaic question of ways and means.

The congress had to consider, he said, whether or not it was possible to find a common basis of agreement by which assistance would be given to foreigners by the country of residence without seeking reimbursement from the country of origin. An alternative idea was the universal legal recognition of the principle of reimbursement by the country of origin of the person assisted.

M. Lardy explained at some length the technical difficulties that had to be overcome, not only as affecting the questions that would arise as between one country and another, but also the still more difficult ones which arose between the various states and departments of any one country with regard to their particular liability in each case. He pointed out that the general trend of the governments of the world was to replace private initiative with direct state intervention in some of the broader social questions, particularly those relating to women and children, and this principle he believed would be largely extended in the future on an international base.

It was the duty of the present congress to try and solve some of these problems so important to humanity, and which would immeasurably advance the spirit of internationalism, and help to lift some of the larger and more complex questions between nations on to a higher plane.

IMPERIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE AT WORK

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—At the meeting of the imperial education conference held last year, it was decided to appoint an advisory committee to the conference consisting of the accredited agents in London of the various governments concerned, together with representatives of the several state departments.

The chief functions of this committee were to be to carry out the decisions of the conference and to consider the agenda to be submitted to future conferences and to help generally in facilitating the work.

Such a committee has now been appointed, and held its first meeting recently in London. The Right Hon. J. A. Pease welcomed the members of the committee on behalf of the board of education. The committee, after considering methods of procedure to be adopted at future meetings, proceeded to consider the findings of the conference of 1911, and to ascertain to what extent these findings had been carried out by the various bodies concerned.

These related chiefly to ways and means of obtaining the most efficient possible interchange of information between the several education departments of the empire, and the committee concerned itself mainly with the best methods of regularizing this interchange and systematizing the work generally.

STATUS OF INDIAN WOMEN TOLD

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Dr. A. K. Coomaraswamy, who read a paper on "Suttee: a Vindication of the Indian Woman," before the Sociological Society, is one of the most remarkable men of Indian birth now working in England. The son of the first Hindu to be called to the English bar, he holds the D. Sc. of London University and is one of the few first-class authorities in Europe on the art of India and Ceylon.

SOCIETY OF FREE WORKERS DEMANDING REGISTRATION

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The refusal of the treasury to register the National Society of Free Workers under the Friendly Societies act of 1896 was the cause of a protest meeting at the Whitehall rooms, presided over by Lord Ritchie of Dundee.

On stating the case of the National Society of Free Workers, the chairman said that considerable correspondence had passed between the society and the treasury on the subject of registration, and that the final letter declared that the rules of the organization were not definite enough to make the registration of the society desirable. A question having been asked in the House the same reply was given by Mr. Masterman, but it had been impossible to get any information as to why the rules were considered indefinite.

Lord Ritchie declared that he could only suppose that the action of the government was due to fear that the formation of the society constituted a menace to the leaders of trade unionism. The trade unionism of the present was no longer an organization whose aim was the improvement of the lot of the working man in regard to wages and conditions. It had fallen under the control of socialism and syndicalism and stood for methods of tyranny which must be repugnant to every lover of personal liberty.

The working man was prevented by terrorism from exercising his own free will, and even the employer was dictated to by the unions as to whom he should employ or not employ. It was against such tyranny those responsible for the formation of the society were working, and since the treasury refused to register the society, some other means must be found to obtain legal status.

G. Lancaster, a railway guard, moved that application should be made for incorporation by a license of the Board of Trade. He said that at the time that the government appointed the industrial council, he felt that injustice had been done to the non-union workmen, who numbered seven to one as compared with the trade unionists. Blame, however, could not be attached to the government, for if they had been in the mind to ask some one to represent the non-union workmen, whom could they have asked?

J. Howell, an inspector on the Great Eastern, said that the quarrel with trade unionism was on the ground of interference with personal liberty, and to that they did not feel disposed to submit.

Sir Graham Bower at the close of the meeting described the policy of the National Society of Free Workers as one which sought to preserve the industrial, political and, he was sorry to have to say it, the religious freedom of the workers.

SIR CHARLES MACARA TELLS OF NEW EGYPT

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Sir Charles Macara, on his return from the International Cotton Congress, held in Cairo, gave his views on the development of Egypt, under the administration of Lord Kitchener.

He said that it would be impossible to overvalue the influence for good which the practical genius of Lord Kitchener was exercising in the country. The betterment of the lot of the fellaheen, or peasantry, was his great desire, and he had already done much for them. To make it possible for them to know the current price prevailing in Alexandria in the cotton market, he had established local centers to which they could take their cotton and dispose of it on fair terms.

In order to educate the people to a higher level of living he had established experimental farms and built model dwellings for their use. Lord Kitchener, continued Sir Charles Macara, is also careful to hold in bounds those people who would take advantage of the agricultural operations conducted by Egyptians to raise to a paralyzing extent the value of the land.

One of the great present needs of Egypt, said Sir Charles Macara, was the advent of capitalists with a perception of the great future of the country as a vast cotton-producing area who would be willing in consequence to take a moderate return on their outlay. Vast opportunities still remained for the reclamation of further large tracts of the land of Egypt on the lines which have proved so successful in recent years.

Of the usefulness of the cotton congress, Sir Charles spoke very highly. As the result of the friendly intercourse between representatives of so many nationalities, and of the statistical returns now prepared by the International Cotton Federation and by the International Institute of Agriculture in Rome, a true knowledge of conditions in the cotton fields would be possible and the nefarious practises of exploiters rendered more and more difficult.



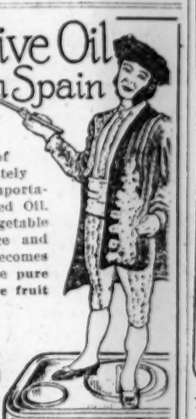
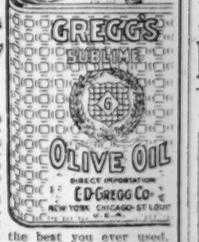
Christmas is the time for providing your good friends with some of the little luxuries and conveniences they are too busy or too unselfish to discover for themselves.
A Moore's fountain pen for instance. Nothing else you can think of will prove so useful and faithful a reminder of your thoughtfulness.
Moore's is the only fountain pen that can be carried anywhere or in any position. When not in use the pen point lies submerged in ink so that it's always moist and ready to write freely at the first stroke. No other pen is so easily and quickly filled. Just take off the cap and drop in the ink.
For the holiday season, the pens are put up in attractive Christmas boxes. Those who wish to make a more elaborate gift can select pens with gold and silver bands, filigree work and solid gold and silver overlay, ranging in price from $3.00 to $45.00. These are encased in special leather gift boxes lined with satin.
For Sale by Dealers Everywhere
American Fountain Pen Company
Adams, Cushing & Foster, Selling Agents
168 Devonshire Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Long JEWELER
Gold Bangles
$3.00 $5.00 $10.00 $12.50
The above cannot give any idea of the beauty of these gold bangles. The $3.00 bangle is plain roman gold, but the others are beautifully engraved.
MAIL ORDERS FILLED
41 SUMMER STREET

Read-rest DAMON'S THE BEACON HILL STATIONERS
For Students $3, $4, $5
— 38 — West Street
(Branch of 7 Pemberton Sq.)

Franklin Mills Flour
is the genuine Entire Wheat Flour. Very nutritious. Write us for Free Cook Book and recipe for Raisin Bread.
Franklin Mills Co., 131 State St., Boston

Greeting Cards
With seasonable sentiments. See our large assortment.
57-63 Franklin St. WARD'S

Pure Olive Oil comes from Spain

The only country in the Olive growing section of Europe that absolutely prohibits the importation of Cotton Seed Oil. Blending with vegetable oils, as in France and Italy, therefore becomes impossible and the pure oil from the native fruit is thus assured.
GREGG'S SUBLIME OLIVE OIL


Comes straight to us from our own plantations in Northern Spain. We guarantee it absolutely pure and the finest in the world.
Price per quart—full weight and measure—90c. Your money back if you don't find it the best you ever used. Send your order to us and we will see that you are supplied.
C. D. GREGG COMPANY
NEW YORK—76 Front Street
CHICAGO—172 North Michigan Avenue
ST. LOUIS—405 North Second Street

THE HOME FORUM

WANDERINGS OF ULYSSES

Short studies in Greek literature

ULYSSES recounts his wanderings to his hosts at Phaeacia, filling four books of Homer's epic with the story. He tells of the visit to the lotus eaters, the encounter with the Cyclops, and of the stratagem by which he and his comrades escaped from the cave of Polyphemus. He describes marvelous adventures when he fell under the sway of Circe and the final victory over her arts. He tells how he passed safe the songs of the sirens. The rough passage of Scylla and Charybdis is described, the coming to the land of Calypso and the final escape thence. Ulysses is then sent home by King Alcinous laden with rich gifts from all the Phaeacian chiefs. Homer says:

When Aurora, daughter of the dawn,
Looked rosy forth, each hastened to the bark
With his illustrious present, which the king
Alcinous, proceeding through the ship,
Safely, himself, beneath the seats bestow'd
Lest it should harm or hinder, while he toil'd
In rowing, some Phaeacian of the crew.

Fancy a princely host of today stowing his guest's luggage away thus with his own hand! Surely the books of Homer have lessons in plain living. Then we read:

At Ithaca, but from the public view
Sequestered far, there is a certain port
. . . . . .
Form'd by converging shores, abrupt alike
And prominent, which from the spacious bay
Exclude all boisterous winds; within it, ships
(The port once gained) uncabled ride secure.
An olive, at the haven's head, expands
Her branches wide, near to a pleasant cave
Umbrageous . . . Beakers in that cave and jars
Of stone are found; bees lodge their honey there;
And there on slender spindles of the rock
The nymphs of rivers weave their wond'rous robes.

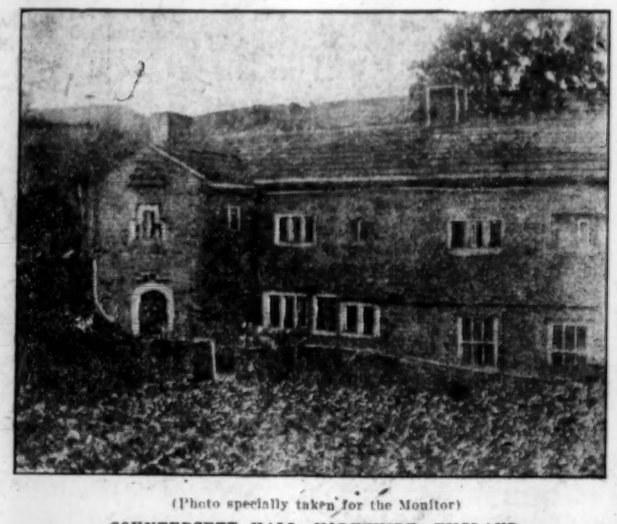
Ulysses has fallen asleep on this voyage and now the Phaeacians lift him gently forth "with the whole splendid couch whereon he lay" and place him "still fast-sleeping, on the sands."

With a treasure at his side
Of steel, of tissued raiment and of gold,
A store surpassing all that he had owned
Had he returned in peace.

Now the blue-eyed Pallas in the guise of a shepherd comes to the aid of Ulysses. Ulysses tells the supposed boy a trumped up story of himself. Pallas, revealing herself, laughs at him for being always Ulysses the wily one. He still further illustrates his passion for telling stories, fictional as well as true to fact, when he goes to the hut of the faithful swineherd. He is now in the guise of a beggar. The picture of the swineherd's hospitality and his labors is touched in with Homer's faithful descriptive care. The swineherd shelters the stranger, who concocts a story about how the brave Ulysses provided a cloak for him on one occasion, a story that is sheer digression, yet serves to paint the hero, too.

Telemachus now returns and comes to ask the swineherd news of his mother, Penelope, before approaching the house. Ulysses discovers himself to Telemachus and the two plan how to circumvent the greedy suitors and reinstate the true master.

WHERE GEORGE FOX LODGED



(Photo specially taken for the Monitor)

COUNTERSETT HALL, YORKSHIRE, ENGLAND

COUNTERSETT is a quaint hamlet to the northeast of Lake Semerwater, Yorkshire, England. Countersett hall was the abiding place of George Fox, founder of the "Friends," when he was traveling in that district. Above the semicircular doorway of the old porch can be seen the date 1650, whilst the old windows are curious and very interesting.

WASHINGTON'S REPUBLICAN COURT

DESCRIBING the first formal dinner at the house of the President of the United States—then the Franklin house in New York—a writer in the New York Sun says that on the second evening after Mrs. Washington's arrival she held her first drawing room, or levee, and contemporary chronicle records the fact that "the principal ladies of the city with the earliest attention and respect paid their devoirs to the amiable consort of our beloved President, viz., the lady of his excellency the Governor, Lady Mary Watts, Lady Kitty Duer, the mayoress, Mrs. Livingston of Clermont, Mrs. Chancellor Livingston, the Misses Bayard and a great number of other respectable characters."

Next day Mrs. Washington gave an informal dinner, among the guests being the Vice-President, John Adams; the Governor of New York, the ministers of France and Spain, the Governor of the Western Territory, the secretary for foreign affairs and the speaker of the House of Representatives. Paine Wingate, a senator from New Hampshire, describing the entertainment in a letter, wrote:

"It was the least showy dinner I ever saw at the President's. As there was no clergyman present, Washington himself said grace on taking his seat. He dined on a boiled leg of mutton, as it was his custom to eat of only one dish."

Thus it was that what came to be known in those days as the republican court was first established. It was governed in most respects by monarchical traditions and its etiquette was strictly on European lines. One should remember that the Washingtons were aristocrats, distinguished as such from the commonalty by a social barrier the like of which does not exist in these modern days and that they were surrounded by a typically aristocratic society composed of people who had position in this country because it belonged to them in England, whence they or their immediate forebears had come.

Mrs. Washington under the rulings of this etiquette quickly made it known that under ordinary circumstances she would not make calls—an exemption of social obligation which, by the way, is still claimed by the wives of the Presidents. When she did pay a visit she sent a footman in advance to give warning of her arrival. She and her husband drove in a cream colored coach with six horses and two postilions. Her levees were stately affairs and the company was dismissed at 10:30 p. m. sharp.

The levees, or drawing rooms, were always held on Friday evenings, and the President made it clearly understood that on these occasions Mrs. Washington and not himself was the person visited. He appeared as a private gentleman with neither hat nor sword.

GLORIES OF THE BERKSHIRES

ONE of the proud beauties of Massachusetts is the region of the Berkshire hills in the west of the state. A correspondent sends the Monitor some bits of description as follows:

As I sat on the boat club porch early one morning and looked out across the crystal lake before me, and at the beautiful hills beyond, I thought that these Berkshires were indeed beautiful. The black clouds of a rainy night had just dispersed, though silver clouds still lingered along the horizon and rested upon the mountain tops. A murky sky had closed in all around, as if to keep a sacred spot unpolluted. The lake still slept, a peaceful sleep, like that of children.

At another time I stood on the tower of Greylock, and gazed in all directions. Everywhere, mountain was piled on mountain, and all were interlaced by a marvelous network of valleys. The panorama undulated like the waves of the ocean. It was as though I were sailing on a choppy sea in a small boat, and suddenly mounting a giant wave and pausing there a moment, I could look out over all the other waves, catching for a moment the freedom of a bird. And these mountains rolled around me, wonderful as the ocean.

But all the beauties of the Berkshires are not so well known as these. Hidden away in a sequestered nook in the side of Greylock nestles a place called "The Heart." There four brooks tumble over four great ledges of rock, and, meeting in a tiny torrent, rush headlong down the mountain. An occasional ray of sunlight, stealing through a thick arbor of trees, and gilding the spray of the water, perfects the beauty of the place.

Not far from "The Heart" stands Sunset rock, a bold bare hill affording a western view. Toward evening the valley below gradually fills with an ocean of fog till nothing tangible remains in sight. Then the white clouds that hitherto have been breaking like surf all along the horizon slowly assume a more definite shape, and rubbing up against the great red sun become all touched with crimson, while here and there the heavens part, showing streaks of purest gold and lovely amethyst.

Americans

David Grayson, writing in the American Magazine, says that no country, after all, produces any better crop than its inhabitants. "I like to think of these brave, temperate, industrious, God-friendly American people," he observes and adds that his faith in his country is strengthened because "so many of them are still to be found upon the farms and in the towns of this land."

They who are alarmed lest virtue run into extreme good have not yet wholly embraced her.—Thoreau.

SPIRITUAL BIRTH

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE new birth is the putting off of a material sense of existence and the putting on of the spiritual sense of Life. This is not a painful experience, suddenly cutting the individual off from all that has made up his life, but a gradual and harmonious unfoldment of good. The emphasis of the reality of spiritual Life does not sweep away what is good and helpful in human existence, but shows one how to use temporal things so that they will not hinder one's progress toward eternal good.

Although every one knows that the dolls and playthings of childhood are but the mimicry of adult life, no wise or loving grown-up deprives the child of the things that give it innocent enjoyment. He rather rejoices in the child's happiness, and by the wise direction of its play teaches it lessons in unselfishness, kindness and love. He knows that with the increase of wisdom the child will naturally outgrow its liking for toys and transfer its happy interests to the affairs of mature life.

Later on, when the experiences of adult life are also seen to be but types and symbols of spiritual good, the wise person does not try to sever abruptly all connection with the outer world. He obeys the advice of the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, Mrs. Eddy, when she says: "Emerge gently from matter into Spirit. Think not to thwart the spiritual ultimate of all things, but come naturally into Spirit through better health and morals and as the result of spiritual growth" (Science and Health, p. 485). So one accepts gratefully all that is good in human experience. He rejoices in every upward tendency manifested. He learns from his daily work lessons in love, in peace and good-will toward all. He rejoices in steady progress toward perfection.

Mrs. Eddy, again, in speaking of the new birth, says: "It begins with moments, and goes on with years; moments of surrender to God, of childlike trust and joyful adoption of good; moments of self-abnegation, self-consecration, heaven-born hope, and spiritual love" (Miscellaneous Writings, p. 15).

The thought of "surrender to God," strangely enough, seems to arouse opposition in mortals, though its logical outcome should be "childlike trust and joyful adoption of good." It is probably because God has so commonly been regarded as the avenger of wrong-doing that mankind has felt so little inclined to draw near to Him. But when He is seen to be infinite Love, in whose presence both sin and its punishment disappear, hearts weary of evil and suffering gladly turn to Him for release. Sin, sickness and death are never in accord with God's will. It is right to trust that the goodness of divine Love will free us from evil and show us how to adopt the good into our lives.

Self-abnegation and self-consecration, in the passage quoted, are coupled with heaven-born hope and spiritual love. How much more inspiring this is than their frequent association with discomfort and privation! Service to others should not bring discomfort and loss, but a larger sense of good. He who helps to free his fellows, who naturally reflect good, from evil shadows, should share in the fruition of hope and love.

There may come a false fear that by complete self-abnegation—the surrendering of the human will and opinions to the divine Mind—one may lose something of his individuality. There is, however, no cause for apprehension, for man's true individuality was created and is upheld by God, and like Him is from everlasting to everlasting. The only thing one loses in conforming to the Christ model is an evanescent sense of personality. This is something that is altering continually in any case. Often some change in circumstance will make one act, as is frequently said, like a different person. Even hourly, people yield to varying moods which puzzle their friends. With a closer acquaintance with God, the vacillating, mortal personality is put off; there comes a steadiness, strength and poise, and one has a comfortable assurance that he will find the God-governed man always the same—no fits of blues, no ebullitions of temper, no wavering of purpose, but always cheerfulness, kindness, wisdom and stability.

Heaven-born hope is naturally associated with spiritual love. Human love is often close akin to grief and loss; a more spiritual love cannot be separated from joy. What God gives is never really lost. With the beginning of a more spiritual affection the temporary, mortal afflictions come less frequently until they disappear. When complete spiritualization of thought is attained there will come the glad time prophesied by the Revelator, when all tears shall be wiped away; there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying, nor any pain, and heaven-born hope will have its full and glad fruition.

WHATEVER COMES, BE STRONG.

—Sarah K. Bolton.

SOME KNOTTY PREPOSITIONS

BEN JONSON'S explanation of usage in English is as much to the point now as it was in his own day. He said: "Custom is the most certain mistress of language, as the public stamp makes the current money. But we must not be too frequent with the mint, every day coining, nor fetch words from the extreme and utmost ages; since the chief virtue of a style is perspicuity, and nothing is so vicious in it as to need an interpreter."

There are many usages in English which it is hard enough to account for by any logic of reasoning. An article by Professor Weston, an English critic, cites, for example, "I content myself with giving you this money," and "I content you by giving you this money." He says this is hard to explain, but may not one see here that an elusive impression of giving oneself with the money in the first case explains the use of with? In the second case the giver is plainly less concerned in the act.

We say "different from" but "disagree with." Perhaps the Latin originals here explain the difference. We may "bear away from" in differ, and "not agree with" in the other. Agree is from a word meaning at one's will and one we disagree with we do not "take pleasure with." We may say, "funds in his possession," but "funds at his disposal." But we may further trace in the phrase "in his possession" the possibility of resting or remaining in his hands; the other phrase, "at his disposal," connotes action, brings in the idea that he is going to do something with the funds—or to set them at work somewhere.

Often the Latin preposition included in a verb gives the clue to the preposition used after it in English. "Adverse to" has the to in the verb, in the Latin "ad." But we say "compassion for" another, though "con" means with and the word really means a feeling with another. But compassion has come to mean the attitude of one who has some power to benefit another, so this doubtless explains the preposition. It signifies that we have something to give another—something "for" him. Sympathy, the Greek word, requires "with" after it in English, and the prefix "syn" is Greek for with. Though compassion is the Latin synonym for sympathy, the difference in the modern meaning of these words indicates the reasons for the different prepositions used after them.

Use of Economy

NEAR akin to economy are frugality, miserliness, parsimony and prudence, but neither of these has as high or as noble a position as economy. Frugality is mere withholding, or sparing. Miserliness becomes hoarding for its own sake, and is thus a vice. Thrift is a long step nearer to economy, and includes earning as well as saving. But the head manager of all is economy—the planner, the thinker, the executive force. The question is, Do men and women employ this head manager, or do they drift along aimlessly, and let things "come out somehow"?—Out West.

Day and night I carry in my hand
The golden key to ope the golden door
Of golden home.
—Christina G. Rossetti.

Luther's advice to a young preacher was: "Stand up cheerfully; speak out manfully; leave off speedily."—Standard.

ARTISTS WITH A DIFFERENCE

DESCRIBING the paintings in the Hudson county court house, which stands on the heights overlooking Jersey City, Scribners magazine says that the two artists engaged in the work, Frank D. Millet and Charles Y. Turner, selected somewhat different theories and practises for the pictures on the third floor corridors. Mr. Millet sought the requisite distinction of tone and color by a tapestry effect, and Mr. Turner, by a greater brilliancy and forcefulness, which would hold its own in the absence of strong lighting and at the same time be not unmindful of the white marble walls and columns. Both of them gave their canvases a sufficient degree of finish and detail to please the too proximate spectator. All the architecture around them is of white marble with the exception of the walls of the mezzanine floor below them, which can be seen from this floor, and the interior of the dome above. The former are finished in rather brilliant, flat tones of buff and orange (on which are hung huge portraits in bronze frames of distinguished New Jersey jurists); and the curve of the dome presents long, upright, converging panels, dusky, luminous figures, arabesques and border on a dark-purple ground—a row of circular and oblong panels carrying the figures of the zodiac in white on a grayish-red ground running around the center. The circular glass skylight above is ornamented with a delicate pattern on a smaller scale.

To meet this white marble environment Mr. Turner chose sunny summer weather—his overarching sky is pale blue with rosy white clouds and his figures strongly relieved—warm tones with cold high lights—against this cheerful landscape; Mr. Millet filled the tops of his arches with monumental masses of somber foliage, pines and oaks, and his figures below in lighter and warmer tones but less positively defined. His sky, where it is seen, is a deep and luminous blue, the clouds alone—very white—seeming to consider the white marble; the waters of New York bay, seen in the background in both cases, also deep blue in color.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Ape Owe 'Em

When fur stews can this sill leer I'm
Toot rye tomb ache theme e'en ink
Lear,
Youth inked wood butt bee weigh sting
thyme;
Use eh, "It's imp lean on scents,
shear!"

Gnome attar; Anna lies align!
Nation mice lender verse says knot—
Fork rip tick poet real Ike mine.
How Aaron weal, demesnes allot.
—Deems Taylor in the Century.

Knew His Master's Boots

A man once owned a dog which was very much attached to him. When he was compelled to leave his country for a long sojourn abroad, the man took his devoted canine companion to the house of a friend. There the dog remained for about two years. Then the long-absent owner returned, and, arriving at his friend's house late at night, retired without having the dog called.

Early next morning the sleeping owner was awakened by the dog bursting into his bedroom, and leaping upon him with the wildest delight.

"How on earth did he know I had arrived?" asked the man.

"Oh, sir," the valet replied, "it is the most curious thing! As I was cleaning your boots, the dog recognized them, and I have not been able to quiet him till he saw where I was carrying them, and rushed along with me to your door."—Our Dumb Animals.

Picture Puzzle



What kind of meat?

ANSWERS TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

1. Back; 2. Ward; Backward.

Watch-Making

The rapidity with which watches are nowadays manufactured has been made possible by the ingenious machinery designed within recent years. The speed with which these various parts ar turned out is little short of marvelous. Great sheets of brass and steel are cut and rolled into ribbons and punched out into wheels at the rate of 10,000 a day from each punching-machine. Workers drill the 31 holes in the roof of the watch as fast as they can count.

Brass wire glides into a machine that measures off the length of a part, turns it, puts a screw thread on each end, and actually screws it in at the rate of 2000 a day. The screws are of such tiny size that 50 gross of them may be put in a woman's thimble, while of others there are 1000 gross to the pound.

Balances are cut from the solid steel ground down, worked up, and drilled with their 25 screw holes apiece at the rate of 100 wheels a day from each machine. Wheels have their teeth cut, a couple of dozen at a time, some with from 60 to 80 teeth, at the rate of 1200 wheels a day from each machine.—Harpers Weekly.

The difference between a cat and a comma is that the first has claws in its paws and the other has a pause its its clause.

Opinion of Modern Color Prints

"Interesting" is the word in use nowadays if one is not able to express unqualified approval or disapproval in the field of art. If you are shown a piece of pottery that looks like a kitchen bowl or an old broken pie plate, and are expected to say something, it is perfectly safe to exclaim "How interesting." It is interesting—interesting to know why any one should admire such an object, and interesting after a time to find yourself waxing enthusiastic over the same kind of thing. Anything can be interesting, says a writer in the Bellman, if you resolve to know all about it, so perhaps I might grow to love the modern English color prints. But as I feel today, give me one good black and white Whistler, or one fine impression of a Kyonaga, a Hokusai, a Harunobu, and you may have all the modern color prints ever printed.

Call to Work

"Opportunity really knocks at many a door."

"Then why don't more of us succeed better?"

"The trouble is that Opportunity wants us to go to work."—Pittsburgh Post.

The Christian Science Monitor

Published daily, except Sunday, by

The Christian Science Publishing Society

Falmouth and St. Paul Streets, BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

Publishers of "The Christian Science Journal," "Christian Science Sentinel," "Der Herold der Christian Science," and other publications pertaining to Christian Science.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN, *Editor-in-Chief.*
ALEXANDER DODDS, *Managing Editor.*

All communications pertaining to the conduct of this paper and articles for publication must be addressed to the Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

TERMS

Single copies, 2 cents. By carrier in the Greater Boston newspaper district, 12 cents the week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL PREPAID

In the United States, Canada and Mexico:

Daily, one year.....$5.00
Daily, six months.....3.00

In all other countries additional postage at the rate of $3.00 yearly is required.

All checks, money orders, etc., should be made payable to The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

The Christian Science Monitor will be found on sale at all newsstands in New England, and in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Rates for advertising will be furnished upon application to the business department.

The publishers reserve the right to reject any advertisement.

Long Distance Tel—Back Bay 4330. Eight Trunk Lines.

Eastern Advertising Offices, Suites 6029-6030 Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Ave., New York city.

Western Advertising Office, Suite 750, People's Gas Building, Michigan Ave. and Adams St., Chicago.

European Bureau, Amberley House, Norfolk St., London.

Science And Health With Key to the Scriptures

The Text Book of Christian Science by

MARY BAKER EDDY

A complete list of Mrs. Eddy's works on Christian Science with descriptions and prices will be sent upon application

ADDRESS

Allison V. Stewart
PUBLISHER

Falmouth and St. Paul Sts.

BOSTON, MASS.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, December 10, 1912

State Control of Town Finance

ONE of the interesting paradoxes of contemporary government is the limited independence from state control of towns and cities of Massachusetts. A region forever memorable for its original insistence on the town as the unit in government, in the course of time and changing necessity has come to be less favorable to home rule than many other regions of the country. The commonwealth dominates Massachusetts life today, and advocates of restoration of the primacy of the primitive unit are few and far between. Illustrative of the trend is the steadily increasing supervision of municipal finance by the state, a control made necessary by disclosures as to irregularity of methods and wastefulness of accounting conditions in many of the towns and the startling rise of town and city indebtedness, not to mention a menace from officials upon whom requisite checks could not be placed by local action.

The general condition of laxity having first become apparent to the bureau of statistics while it was engaged on other investigations, it was natural that as a reward for its vigilance and as an extension of its legitimate functions it should have been entrusted with the duty of making further collection of facts relative to the revenue, the debt and the fiscal methods of all communities in the state. Light being needed before reasonable action by the Legislature could follow, light was turned on. The fourth such illumination, or annual report, has just been made by Director Charles F. Gettemy, and it deserves careful reading by all students of trends in administration in American government.

Of course, in this field of reform as in everything else, the very fact of probing and of publicity at the command of the state has brought about bettered methods and higher ideals in the cities and towns, without further action by either the Legislature or the bureau. The comparative method of publicity at once forces a community to a standard of administration that it might not otherwise set for itself. After hostility to what was at first looked upon as "state interference" has followed friendliness of attitude on the part of many community officials, an attitude that is leading them to ask for an auditing of their accounts by the bureau and the installation of a model system of accounting. Steadily, also, the town note certification law is being made operative through joint action of local officials and the bureau, by which communities are insured, as it were, against that form of peculation on the part of officials which a few years ago forced the state to give supervisory power to the bureau.

Vast Expenditures on Public Works

TAKING for its text the recent recommendation by President Taft of an expenditure of $50,000,000 on Mississippi river waterway improvement, the New York Sun has compiled an elaborate article covering outlays upon other public works now under way in or in behalf of the United States. The matter is worthy of condensation and comment. Compared with the total, the item of $50,000,000 seems inconsiderable; it is small, indeed, compared even with some of the individual expenditures. The Panama canal, of course, takes the lead. This will cost $397,000,000. New York city alone is spending $277,186,000 on its new system of subways, while New York state is spending $101,000,000 on its principal canal. The latter has just voted to put as much into road improvement as President Taft would devote to the harnessing of the Mississippi.

The Mississippi river improvement scheme, however, is going to cost many times $50,000,000. This amount would cover only the beginnings of a system that would make for storage of the water, development of power and regular channel depths. The sum of $200,000,000 is at present timidly mentioned in this connection; it will be spoken boldly before long. The amount being expended upon reclamation and irrigation works probably comes within $100,000,000, but this is spread over a considerable length of time; the present rate of government expenditure upon waste land is placed at about $2,000,000 a month. The cost of rebuilding San Francisco has fallen in part upon the present year, as has also the cost of protecting Galveston. Combined these would make an item of several millions. The burden that San Francisco has had to shoulder alone in the last few years has run up to $100,000,000. Another expenditure that is spread over several years is that for New York's aqueduct extension, the estimated total cost of which is $162,000,000. Incidental to this is the development of the Croton supply at a cost of $90,000,000, and a new filtration plant to cost $8,000,000. New York city, as is well known, has gone during recent years very heavily into bridge and tunnel construction. The Williamsburg, Queensboro and Manhattan bridges cost respectively, $23,000,000, $17,250,000 and $26,000,000. The Hudson tubes cost $60,000,000, the Pennsylvania's tunnels about $50,000,000. The Pennsylvania terminals, including tunnels and station, have cost about $90,000,000; the Grand Central terminal and station about $180,000,000.

No mention is made here of the Detroit river tunnel and improvements, of the Cape Cod canal, of the Los Angeles aqueduct, of numerous and costly steel viaducts and bridges in the West, of the vast expenditures of the government in public buildings, or of expenditures upon highways. As the result of a running and somewhat casual summary, however, the grand total of $1,814,000,000, is found to represent the public works expenditures of a decade. This is surely far below the exact figure, but it is high enough to furnish another and a powerful object lesson of the nation's wonderful resources and no less wonderful activities.

IT NOW appears that President-elect Wilson is entirely agreeable to a 4th of March inauguration. There are some reasons why the festivities might be postponed, but, on the whole, it is as well to have them over with at the earliest date possible.

UNDER a new schedule it is six hours farther from New York to Chicago, and six hours farther from Chicago to New York than it used to be, but everything seems to be passing off without complaint on either side.

The Black Mountain

WHEN the old Servian empire fell before the Turks in the battle of Kossovo, some five centuries ago, Montenegro, its westernmost province, claimed its independence. It claimed it so determinedly and so persistently that, at the time of the congress of Berlin, Europe, being in a giving mood, at the expense of the Turk, agreed to admit the claim. A generation later the little principality proclaimed itself a kingdom, Europe smiling somewhat, and, provided with a public debt, an arsenal and other necessary adjuncts of civilization, embarked upon the career of a minor power. Possibly the thing which had helped her most in the past had been the fact that no one particularly wanted the Black mountain, that corner of the Balkan peninsula where the rocks are piled as thick as autumn leaves in Vallombrosa. All that was worth having in the neighborhood, the strip of coast on the Adriatic, had already been appropriated by Austria, that stickler for the phrase "the Balkans for the Balkan people."

Not Ruritania itself was a more curious freak than the Black Mountain, a kingdom smaller than an English county, and with a population not amounting to one thirtieth of that of London. Every man, however, who could guide a plow could handle a rifle, so that when the Black Mountain quarreled, she quarreled literally to a man, and King Nikita was always in the van, the elderly exponent of the argument of the clenched fist. With his Albanian neighbor the Black Mountain lived on terms of perpetual strife. They were both Christians, for the Mirdites lay along the frontier, but they were also Greek and Roman. Indeed, when the Montenegrin armies fought their way to Skutari, the Catholics of that place viewed their approach with even less favor than the Muhammadans.

If any one was asked what the trade of the Black Mountain had been in all these centuries, it might fairly be answered, a fighter of Turks. Now that that occupation shows signs of being brought to an end, King Nikita's subjects will be driven to look for a new employment. For the future, perhaps, the tiny squares of earth, stuck like postage stamps on the mountain rocks, will gain a little more attention, and so the Montenegrin turns his eyes towards the shores of Lake Skutari, a land flowing with milk and honey, where the vine and the mulberry grow. Still, the leopard does not change his spots—in a moment; nor is the Montenegrin likely to be found tomorrow tending silkworms in preference to cleaning his rifle.

Skilled Labor Under Civil Service

IT WILL surprise many to learn, no doubt, that notwithstanding the unquestionable progress made in the United States since civil service reform ceased to be wholly a dream and became largely a reality, in President Cleveland's time, all efforts to apply the merit system to the ranks of the skilled laborers employed in the navy yards and naval stations have until recently been defeated. There are 20,000, more or less, of these government employees. The great majority of them are trained and experienced in their calling. They have always been more or less subject to political influence. It has been possible, that is, to get some of them out to make room for others whom the local representatives of the administration, or those claiming to be its local representatives, desired to put in. The force has been used in the dispensation of patronage. Under the spoils system it was always regarded as effectual leverage with a certain class of political workers. Only the most persistent opposition has prevented increased business in this line lately, as a result of diminishing and vanishing opportunities in other quarters. With a stroke of his pen on Saturday the President eliminated these 20,000 berths from the further consideration of placeholders or henchmen.

Hereafter all promotions and appointments to positions requiring skilled labor, under the President's order, must be made on the merit system alone. All those at present holding positions in the navy yards and naval stations will be transferred to the classified service, and will be as free from outside interference as are the clerks in the departments at Washington. It has required years to bring about this very simple reform. Each recurring administration has been desirous of accomplishing it, as has each successive secretary of the navy, but they have found themselves tied down by engagements entered into on their behalf by the local chieftains and the local campaign managers. The regulations now approved were not placed in the President's hands until they had been carefully inspected by persons qualified to pass upon them. They are intended to meet every requirement of the service. They will give greater stability to the positions, greater security to the uninfluential but competent workman, and improve the quality of his work. This is far from being the least of the triumphs of the civil service reform cause in the last few years.

Regimented Education

JUST before he left Japan to return to America, President-emeritus Eliot of Harvard, in the presence of eminent native educators and publicists, discussed formally yet with customary candor some of the limitations of the Japanese national educational system as well as some of its obvious merits. Since that time, more or less controversial matter bearing upon his indictment has appeared in almost every issue of the vernacular and of the English press. As was to be expected of a man with the record of Dr. Eliot, he could not bring himself to favor the rigidity and uniformity of the type of education he found in the lower and middle schools. An extreme individualist in matters of education, as in most other things, including religion, he could prophesy nothing but limitation of national power and waste of precious individual talent and genius as the result of the hard and fast system set up in the government schools. Naturally such attack met with more disfavor than favor from a majority of the critical guardians of national honor, trained as most of them have been to acquiescence in a civilization in which the state is all, the family always is greater than the individual, and collectivism in a monarchical form has full sway. As in military matters so in educational affairs, regimentation seems the inevitable course to follow.

But the American critic is not without native defenders. Thus Kamada Eikichi, principal of the Keiogijuku University, cannot forbear expressing agreement with, and at the same time admiration for, an onlooker who, with so limited time for observation, could be so penetrating in insight. Mr. Kamada does not hesitate to urge upon the department of education greater freedom in choice of studies, more recognition of students' talents and likings, discontinuance of the cramming method of gaining knowledge which an overcrowded curriculum seems to make necessary, and arrangement of the plans of the common schools so that pupils may both study and labor in the household.

Educational trends do not synchronize throughout the world. This revolt in Japan is one which the United States has passed through and from which it is now reacting. The ideal which Mr. Eliot, no doubt reasonably, sets up for Japan, is one that, as some of his Japanese critics have not forborne to cite, is not now followed at Harvard to any such extent as it was during his administration.

But the burden of his appeal, as we understand it, had more to do with the secondary and middle schools of Japan than with the universities; and there, as in the United States, the rising demand is for greater variation. Of course the highly centralized form of educational control in Japan, more French than otherwise in type, makes a far more oppressive unification possible than possibly could be worked out in the United States, where states and towns rule, and where such uniformity as exists between Maine and California is based on satisfactory results of experimentation, not on a decree handed down from Washington.

Navy Growth in Americas

ATTENTION already has been called by the Monitor to significant alterations in perspective for statesmen and citizens of the United States, especially in future interpretations of the Monroe doctrine involved in the rising spirit of South American nations, their growing unity of purpose, and their increasing naval strength. The Monroe doctrine must be viewed at yet another angle if the scheme for a Canadian contribution to the British imperial navy goes through the Dominion Parliament in anything like the form proposed by Premier Borden and is accepted by the British government. With the significance of that event for the future of the empire, both because of its intrinsic meaning and its exemplary effect on other colonies, thoughtful citizens of the republic are much impressed. Carried out to its logical conclusion, the Borden plan will transform the military and naval outlook of the empire and give pause to chancelleries of unfriendly powers. Of these the United States is not one.

On the other hand, it is only fair to say that the republic must take some time to adjust itself to the notion of Canada entering on a career of battleship building and becoming involved directly with the fortunes of British diplomacy and war. While friction between the United States and Canada may not increase because of the radical change in national policy now proposed, it is true that the possibility of invasion of Canada by a force hostile to the British empire will increase. In which case, according to earlier readings of the Monroe doctrine, the United States must be reckoned with by the invader. That is to say Canada, if she becomes a militant and deliberate constituent part of the armed empire, may at any time count upon the protection not only of the imperial resources but also of those of her neighbor on the south, and this automatically, be the invader whom it may and the foreign policy of the republic what it may. Most citizens of the United States forget Great Britain's part in giving effect to the Monroe doctrine when it was first published, and the steadiness with which British influence has been cast in favor of its reassertion, save when defined by President Cleveland and Mr. Olney. This attitude has not been wholly disinterested. Neither London nor Washington has always had Latin America in mind when the matter has been discussed between them, though when the "doctrine" is referred to it usually has the implication of warning Europe away from South America. The day has come, however, when South America is intimating that she has something to say about the matter. And, besides Europe, there is aroused Asia that hereafter must be reckoned with. Evidently the Monroe doctrine is to be subjected to criticism and revision in the light of twentieth century conditions.

As to Freeing the Filipinos

A SUCCESSION of official warnings against too speedy surrender of home rule to the Filipinos by Governor-General Forbes, Secretary Stimson of the department of war and President Taft, have concentrated attention anew on an important detail of national duty and responsibility. Unless all signs fail at the present or next session of Congress the Democratic party leaders will compel Congress to face the issue squarely, in the Jones bill. Men's attitudes on this matter vary much, according to their confidence in the disinterestedness of the advice given now by a majority of American officials either resident in the islands or recently returned therefrom. If distrustful, then the well nigh uniform testimony adverse to withdrawal of the United States is credited to a desire for continuance in places of responsibility and salaried reward. If the person is more given to faith in human worth, then the official warning against withdrawal is taken at something nearer its face value. If a person has been fortunate enough to study some of the American insular officials at close range, to know their moral fiber as well as mental caliber and to hear from them as to some of the intricacies of the problem which cannot well be discussed from the housetops or even in executive sessions of Legislatures, he is the more inclined to favor a policy of opportunism rather than one of idealism.

Delay in cutting the islands adrift, not for the sake of delay but for the sake of the islanders, seems wiser than a policy of premature freedom. Were the natives homogenous and unified in race, religion and customs, home rule would seem a more reasonable course than it possibly can under actual present conditions. Education for democratic citizenship is the crying immediate need and will be for some time to come. A splendid, uniform, publicly supported, and efficient system of vocational and cultural education is now doing for the natives what no European colonizing power is doing for its Asiatic subjects; and, given time, this system will make the people ready for democracy and self rule. When that day dawns, the Asiatic skies may be less clouded than now with dreaded conflicts for territory. Certainly a derelict archipelago is not precisely the sort of republican craft that any of the north Pacific powers wish to see set free now or in the near future.

Of ultimate intention to grant home rule in some substantial and satisfactory form, the United States has made repeated record. It is in duty bound to do it when the end coveted, namely Filipino welfare, will be most surely conserved, and the peace of the world promoted. Filipino wishes and desires are valuable as evidence, but they are not conclusive.